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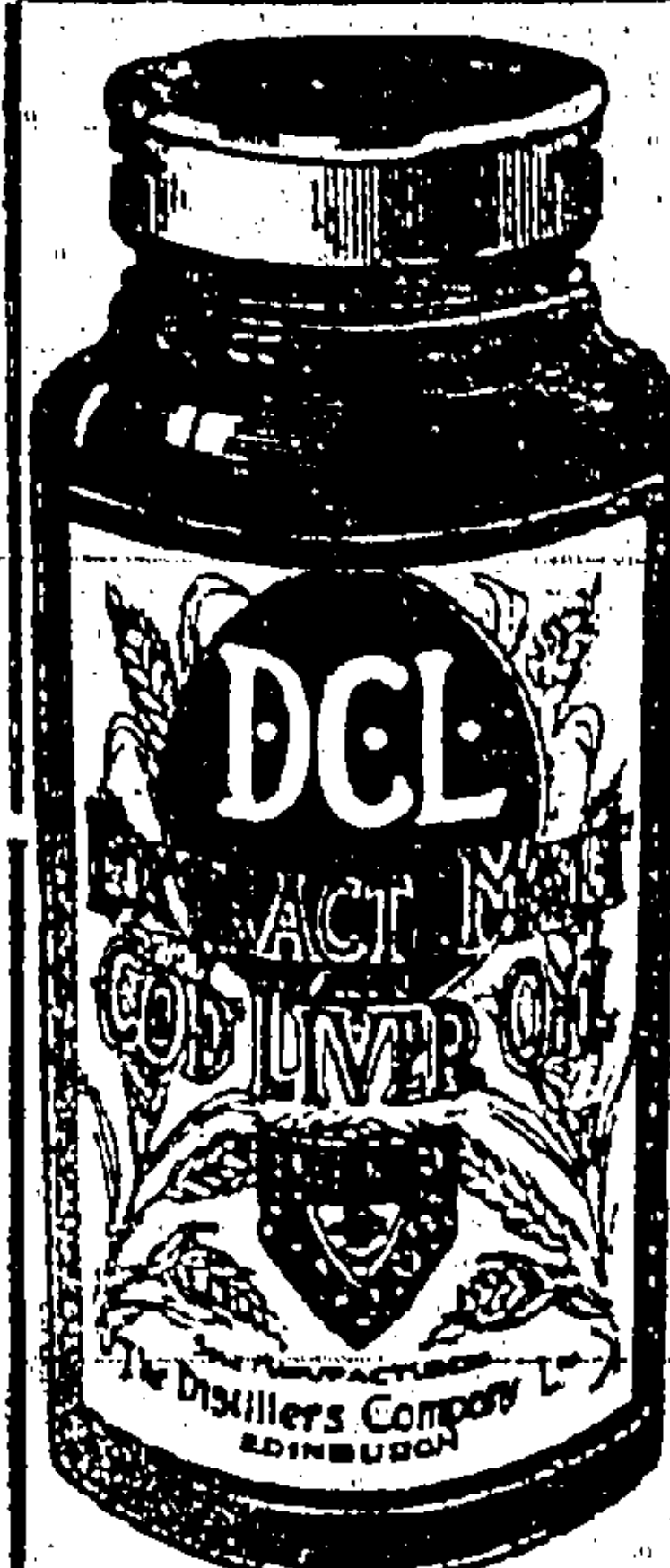
No. 22,031 號壹佰零仟貳萬式第 日陸拾月正己 HONG KONG, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 25th, 1929 壹拜禮 日伍廿月式年九廿百九千壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

UP TRAINS													
STATIONS	No. 1	No. 2	O		No. 3	No. 12	No. 14	M	O		E	No. 16	No. 18
	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon Dep.	8.40	8.05	8.30	9.05	9.15	10.00	12.10	1.15	2.25	2.35	2.45	4.20	5.40
Yau-mai Dep.	8.49	—	—	—	9.25	10.05	12.15	1.25	—	2.41	—	4.35	5.45
Shatin Dep.	7.01	—	—	—	9.33	10.20	12.30	1.35	—	2.53	—	4.50	6.00
Tai-po Dep.	7.15	—	—	—	9.59	10.55	12.45	1.45	—	3.05	—	5.04	6.15
Tai-po	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ma-rit Dep.	7.30	—	—	—	9.59	10.37	12.47	1.52	—	3.10	—	5.09	6.17
Fungling Dep.	7.30	—	—	—	10.10	10.47	12.57	2.02	—	3.20	—	5.15	6.27
Shau- shui Dep.	7.35	—	9.07	9.45	10.15	10.52	1.02	2.07	—	3.25	3.24	5.25	6.32
Shau- shui Arr.	7.41	8.45	9.13	9.51	10.21	10.58	1.08	2.13	3.05	3.31	3.30	5.29	6.38
Canton Arr.	—	12.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.20	—	—	—	—

DOWN TRAINS													
STATIONS	No. 1	No. 2	O		No. 7	No. 14	No. 16	No. 19	No. 21	O		E	No. 13
	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Canton Dep.	—	—	—	—	8.10	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.25	—
Shau-shui Dep.	7.18	8.05	10.01	10.25	11.27	11.45	3.03	4.28	5.47	6.18	—	6.40	6.50
Shau-shui Dep.	7.25	8.13	—	10.43	—	11.55	3.15	4.44	5.54	6.25	—	—	6.57
Fungling Dep.	7.30	8.16	—	10.47	—	12.00	3.20	4.50	5.58	—	—	—	—
Tai-po Dep.	7.40	8.28	—	10.57	—	12.11	3.21	5.00	6.06	—	—	—	—
Tai-po	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ma-rit Dep.	7.44	8.31	10.34	11.01	—	12.15	3.25	5.04	6.12	—	—	—	—
Shatin Dep.	7.57	8.44	—	11.14	—	12.25	3.49	5.17	6.26	—	—	—	—
Yau-mai Dep.	8.11	8.58	—	11.28	—	12.45	4.01	5.29	6.38	—	—	—	—
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	9.23	11.00	11.23	13.07	13.49	4.07	5.28	6.44	7.00	7.20	7.32	—



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WOMAN CURED AFTER 25 YEARS' SUFFERING BY POO ON CHINESE HERBS. FIVE IN ONE FAMILY RESTORED TO HEALTH.

Mrs. F. Meinhardt, who resided at 15, H. Street, Modesto, Cal., U.S.A., says:—"For 25 long years I suffered with severe pains in my left side that at times confined me to bed for days. I was unable to do my work or move about. Along with these came dropsy and stomach trouble. I was unable to eat very much without causing gas, pain and distress. Words cannot express my suffering during these years. My husband spent thousands of dollars seeking relief for me. I have been to scores of doctors, many of whom were rated as specialists of high standing, but none was able to tell me what was the trouble and relieve me. Almost every time I went to a doctor I was advised to have my side operated upon or a change of climate for my dropsy and stomach trouble. Fortunately I was not operated upon but my family and I have spent years seeking a climate or medicine that would help me. We left our home at Kansas and travelled to Alabama, Oregon and California and there consulted many specialists of these States, but without avail. I have never gotten any better during these years of travelling and doctoring, but became worse and more discouraged as everything failed. Thinking a dry climate would help, we decided to try San Joaquin Valley and came to Modesto to reside. It was here after a time that I heard of the great benefit of the Poo On Chinese Herbs and the great cures accredited to them. At first I was sceptical and doubtful and thought that they were another panacea. But I decided to go, thinking in my distress that there was a possible chance left. At the time I went I weighed 135 pounds and to-day I weigh 175 pounds. I must say that the result of taking Poo On Chinese Herbs must have been miraculous to me. After taking the Herbs I was first entirely cured of dropsy and stomach trouble and, after more treatment, the pain in my side left and has never returned. I have never felt better all my life than I do to-day and I own nothing but thanks and gratitude towards Poo On Chinese Herbs and Yee Poo Lun, the Herbalist.

After years of suffering and after the enormous expense of travelling and the endless doctors' bills, there is nothing that I can do but speak good for the Poo On Chinese Herbs and heartily recommend them to all. Four other members of my family have also been cured by the Poo On Chinese Herbs, which causes me to endorse them more strongly. My husband was suffering from a sore on his lip that was painful and troublesome, and as he was a heavy smoker we believed that it was turning to smoking cancer. He consulted the herbalist and was given some remedies and he was entirely cured and the sore has gone.

My boy Edward, aged 17, was troubled with a pain in his side which caused collapse when he did hard work. We had to see that he was exempted from High School exercises because the pain caused him to drop out. The doctor said that he had appendicitis and that it would be necessary to operate if he expected to be well again. We decided to try Poo On Chinese Herbs and after a few treatments the boy became well and is now able to do all kinds of hard work without any more pain.

Another of my boys, Fred, aged 21, had suffered many years with catarrh and became worse as time went on. He tried many treatments and remedies without result but we can say that after taking some Poo On Chinese Herbs he was completely cured and has never been troubled since.

My daughter, Blanch, a few years ago, fell and hurt her side very severely and since that time she was troubled with pain in her side and was unable to find anyone or anything that would help her. The poor girl suffered so much that she had to quit work. A few treatments with the Poo On Chinese Herbs and the girl has been feeling normal ever since.

My whole family cannot express in words its gratitude towards Poo On Chinese Herbs. They have brought health and happiness into our home and have stopped the seemingly endless doctors' bills. We all heartily recommend Poo On Chinese Herbs and have sent many friends to the Herbalist and in every case they have been benefited by Poo On Chinese Herbs.

(During this interview regarding this story taken by a special representative of the newspaper, Mr. F. Meinhardt, Sr., was present and said: "We are glad to tell anyone what Poo On Chinese Herbs have done for my family.")

Thousands suffering from catarrh, bronchial and throat trouble, asthma, hay fever, malaria, stomach trouble, indigestion, constipation, gastritis, piles, fistula, heart and skin disease, eczema, scrofula, nervousness, insomnia, obesity, kidney and bladder trouble, diabetes, rheumatism, neuralgia, dropsy, pyorrhea, epileptic fits, paralysis, tumours, ulcers, pimples, family trouble, dizziness, headaches, and many other chronic diseases, have been restored to health and happiness, without poisonous drugs, or the knife by the Poo On Chinese Herbs.

THE POO ON HERBS CO.
Yee Foo Luv, Chinese Herbalist, Managing Director, Main Office: Modesto, Calif., U.S.A. Hong Kong Office: 68, Queen's Road Central, Office Hours daily: 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m., 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Evening Hours: 6.30 p.m. to 8 p.m. by special appointment only. European Lady in Attendance.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

CHAIRMAN'S ANALYSIS OF EASTERN SITUATION AND PROSPECTS.

SYMPATHETIC VIEW OF NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT'S TASK.

AFFAIRS IN JAPAN AND F.M.S.

The shareholders' meeting of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation was held on Saturday at the City Hall when Mr. A. H. Compton, Chairman of the Directors, gave a lengthy review of the Bank's activities during the year 1928, the financial position in China, India and Japan, and the political situation in China.

Mr. Compton was, on the whole, optimistic. The Nationalist Government, he declared, were damaging their reputation for good faith by holding themselves free to alter contracts by their own arbitrary decision, especially with regard to the foreign loans. The failure to introduce a budgetary system and the irregular nature of taxation, especially that levied by local authorities, were as prejudicial to the authorities as to the merchants, while the whole country suffers incalculable loss from the hold up of trade.

On the other hand they must take a broad view of the situation. The Nationalist party had held the country together since their victory of last summer, the outlines of their programme would "form an admirable ground work for national reconstruction," and "there can be no doubt that the spirit of progress is abroad throughout the country."

The Chairman referred to the improved relations between Great Britain and China, adding a tribute to the work of the British official representatives both at Peking and Hong Kong. As regards the Bank itself, their net profit had been \$13,400,000 compared with \$14,500,000 for 1927. They were able to declare the same dividend and bonus, but "we have had to suspend our practice of making an annual addition to reserves," the result was by no means unsatisfactory considering events in China, Japan and Malaya.

The Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes, who seconded the adoption of the report, on behalf of the shareholders, warmly congratulated the Chairman, Directors and staff on the results of the year, and fully endorsed a proposed 10 per cent. bonus for members of the Bank's staff.

SATISFACTORY RESULTS OF A DIFFICULT YEAR.

THE CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

"Our Earnings."

Addressing the shareholders, the Chairman said:—"The results of the year's working are, you will have noticed, somewhat less favourable than in recent times, the net profit of \$13,400,000.61 compared with \$14,500,000.14 for 1927. Our earnings, I am glad to say, justify the Board in recommending the same dividend and bonus as before, but you will observe that we have had to suspend our practice of making an annual addition to reserves."

That the banking year in the Far East should have proved less prosperous can cause no surprise when we consider the unpropitious conditions in three of our fields of operations—the commercial depression in China, the legacy of civil wars and successive political upheavals, the unsettled economic situation in Japan, the causes of which I propose to analyse later, and in the case of the Straits and Malaya, a drastic curtailing of trade consequent on the fall in the price of rubber.

As I shall show presently, there is reasonable ground for looking for an improvement in each of these cases and I think that we may be fairly hopeful of seeing during the next twelve months that revival in the business of the Bank without which it will not be possible to assure to shareholders a continuation of a return on the high level which has been maintained for these several years past. Including \$3,411,430.90 brought forward and after deducting the interim dividend of \$3 paid in August last (viz. 248,000 at 2/6) \$3,411,430.90 and \$500,000 remuneration to Directors, the balance available for distribution is \$12,068,338.68. The allocation of this balance recommended by the Directors, which I hope will meet with your approval, is as follows:—A final dividend of \$3 per share with bonus of \$2 per share (subject to deduction of Income Tax), absorbing \$7,917,523.77; transfer to Bank Premises Account \$750,000; balance carried forward to the new account \$3,390,814.83.

The Balance Sheet.

The figures of the balance sheet do not require much comment. Money being easier in most of the principal centres of our activities, bills discounted, loans and credits have declined about \$16 million which is compensated by an increase in our cash and bullion in hand and in transit of about \$20,374 million.

The only other considerable difference is in our holding of securities which is lower by about \$2.5 million, this being to a great extent accounted for by an increased holding of bills receivable, which are some \$10 million higher and a reduction in current accounts of about \$11 million. I would mention that our investments stand in our books at well below current market prices.

Although the event falls actually within the current year and so is outside the period under review, I should like to refer to the opening on January 2nd of our Kowloon sub-agency. In establishing this new office on the mainland we are keeping in step with the rapid growth of the Colony in that direction and are, I feel sure, providing the increasing body of residents with a much appreciated convenience. The sub-agency serves also to relieve the pressure of work which falls on our Head Office.

The Silver Market.

Among the subjects dealt with by the Chairman at our annual meetings, the silver market holds an always important place inasmuch as, by its effect on the China exchange, the price of silver exercises a probably greater influence than any other single factor over the operations of foreign Banks and commercial houses in the Far East.

During the past year the trend of the market has been quiet and steady with few very sharp movements in the price, ready prices ranging between 29.1/16d and 28.7/8d per ounce with an average price for the whole year of 28.3d compared with 28.1/32d in 1927.

An estimate of the total amount of the world's production of mined silver in 1928 is 298 million standard ounces. This was supplied by some 58 million ounces sold by the Government of India from their Currency Reserve and by over 30 million from the melting down of British, French and Belgian silver coins. The total addition to world stocks thus amounts to about 323 million standard ounces, against 305 million in the previous year.

China's Demand for Silver.

On the consumption side, China handled no less than 141 million ounces as compared with 98 million in 1927 and this constitutes a record. India absorbed some 110 million ounces net. The aggregate up-take of the two great silver consuming countries can thus be placed at about 250 million, an increase of about 45 million over the preceding year.

If the output of the mines had not been amply augmented from the special sources of supply which I have already mentioned, China's unusually large requirements could hardly have been met without a substantial advance in price. Looking forward, the Chinese demand for silver, as likely to be the dominating factor in price, invites particular interest. The bulk of the silver taken by that country last year was minted into dollars and it remains to be seen whether the hoped-for recovery of trade resulting from more peaceful conditions will mean a sustained demand for these coins, the circulation of which among China's vast population has an enormous potential scope.

Money Market of the World.

The money markets of the world are dealt with so fully from time to time in the various financial papers that a reference to them here seems unnecessary, but it may be of interest to enumerate certain outstanding events of the year affecting the London Market, which holds its pride of place as the world's chief financial centre.

(1) The stabilization of the French Exchange at 124.21 in June last, a prelude to which was the large accumulation of foreign balances by the Bank of France and the importation of gold from America.

(2) Heavy borrowings of foreign capital by Germany and consequent importation of gold into that country.

(3) The high rates for call money in New York and advance in the New York Federal Reserve Bank rate from 3 1/2 per cent. in January to 5 per cent. in July.

(4) The final transfer of the currency note issue to the Bank of England. This operation completed our transitional steps from the war currency non-gold basis to the Gold Bullion Standard.

It is satisfactory to note that the endeavours towards the stabilization of world prices are being continued and that the central banks of Europe maintain their policy to this end. Gold has now been universally adopted in Europe as the monetary standard, while in Japan, though the Government remains non-committal, public opinion appears to be favourable to its early adoption.

Trade Conditions in China.

I will now briefly pass in review conditions of trade and finance throughout the Far East, beginning with China.

The cessation of civil war brought, I need not say, great relief to the trading community in the country. This was largely discounted, however, by a disappointing lack of improvement in such

essentials as taxation, transport and public security, not to mention the disturbing effects of a radical alteration of the Customs tariff. Taking the picture as a whole, nevertheless, the year marked a welcome return towards normal. The consumption of British cotton piece goods has compared well with previous years and hopes are fixed on the co-operative schemes of the Lancashire manufacturers.

The trade in woollens appears to have felt the beneficial effect of the growing use of foreign-style clothing. For engineering products, Manchuria alone has afforded a fair demand and even there British goods have cut but a small figure in the market; good promise of recovery in this important branch of trade attaches, however, to the many schemes of railway improvement, not to mention the present rapid extension of roads for motor traffic and the projects of air transport.

Hong Kong.

Turning to the trade of this Colony, I need only say that the year's experience justifies the restrained optimism of my predecessor's remarks. There has been improvement but on a very restricted scale, showing that the damage of many years of civil war and chaos had sunk too deep to be quickly repaired on the return of peace. Excessive taxation in China further impeded recovery, so much so that at Swatow that it has practically closed the port as a distributing centre.

Hong Kong itself is suffering from the diversion of the rice trade to direct channels. The Canton sales of silk have been fairly satisfactory with low prices but a good demand, while the export of wood-oil has reacted somewhat from the artificial stimulus which it derived in the previous year from the stoppage of Yangtze shipping.

The Yangtze.

On the Yangtze itself the export trade, which in 1927 was brought almost to a standstill by war, banditry and taxation, made a partial recovery in the absence of civil fighting but continues to struggle with heavy odds. While river navigation—thanks partly to naval guards—has been less interfered with by piracy, the movement of goods has been increasingly hampered by means of local taxation, fresh imposts being continually applied by the various regional authorities without method or warning, to the great dislocation of trade.

Trade on the Upper River has been still and somewhat precarious owing to cases of local interference and to the disturbed political condition of the province of Szechuen, which still virtually maintains its traditional independence of the rest of China.

In the North.

In the North, business has had further obstacles to contend with, firstly the dearth of railway transport, due to the wholesale removal of rolling stock by the Manchurian authorities, and, secondly, the crippling charges imposed on railway traffic by the military authorities controlling the lines. Since the middle of the year, through traffic has been suspended both on the Tientsin-Pukow and Tientsin-Mukden lines, on the former by reason of the blowing-up of the Yellow River bridge and subsequent misunderstandings between the Chinese and Japanese authorities; on the latter on account of the failure of Mukden and Nanjing to come to a working arrangement. The port of Tientsin has also been cruelly handicapped by the silting-up of its waterway, a state of affairs which, I trust, being seriously taken in hand.

Manchuria has given proof of slow but steady development, commercial and economic, and seems

to be coming nearer to rectifying the disordered state of her currency which has been for several years past the chief bar to prosperity.

The 1928 returns of the Chinese Maritime Customs show a total of Haikwan Taels 82,332,000—a rise of 13 1/2 million over the previous year. Though the increase is satisfactory, the figures have little real value as a criterion of progress since the excess is almost entirely referable to the last few months when goods were being hurried into the country in anticipation of the new Customs rates which came into force on the 1st of this month.

India.

In India the record of 1928 was not unlike that of the previous year, a good monsoon coinciding with rather disappointing trade results. Imports were dull, especially Manchester piece goods which continue to suffer from the popularity of Japanese manufactures. There was a large and good cotton crop, but the price of raw cotton fluctuated unduly owing to speculation, while a strike of mill operatives lasting for six months seriously affected the situation. The Jute crop was smaller but sold at a better price, and gunny shipments were well up to the 1927 figure. Exchange followed a normal course and a favourable trade balance at the end of the year encourages a hopeful outlook.

Japan's Adverse Trade Balance.

Japan, on the contrary, has had to face an accentuated adverse trade balance, exports having declined by 20 million yen against an increase of 15 million yen in imports. This result must be attributed mainly to two causes, fluctuations in the exchange value of the yen, and the boycott of Japanese goods in China and in other markets controlled by Chinese traders. Trade development is hampered also by an unduly high retail price level, the index figure being no less than 20 points above that ruling in the United Kingdom and the United States of America. Fortunately the country as a whole enjoyed an excellent rice crop and a sustained market for its output of raw silk.

The financial crisis of 1927 has been repaired to the point where only seven of the thirty banks involved now remain closed and we may fairly look for more prosperous developments if the country is freed from the retarding effects of the boycott by Chinese on the one hand and, on the other, of the uncertainty caused by the lack of a fixed policy in dealing with the foreign exchange problem.

Philippines and F.M.S.

The Philippine Islands suffered from a drop in the prices for their principal articles of export, especially sugar, though in view of the general overproduction of this latter commodity they were fortunate in being able to market a crop of half a million tons in the U.S.A. at a reasonable profit. Taking trade as a whole the year was somewhat less favourable than its predecessor.

As regards the Straits Settlements and Malaya, I need not refer to the economic situation in general. The drop in rubber prices and a fall in tin in the early part of the year curtailed purchasing power and the import and export figures show a sensational falling away from the returns of the previous years. There is comfort to be found in the expectation that the readjustments which are now taking place in both of the major industries will leave them in the end on a more stable footing, to the ultimate benefit of all the interests concerned.

The political situation in China shows a marked improvement and although experience warns us against a too facile optimism, the outlook as a whole may be considered more promising than for a long time past, since there is good reason to hope that the victory of the Nationalists means the end of the dismal cycle of inter-party warfare from which the country has suffered for more than a decade.

(Continued on page 4).

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IN SCHOOLS.

PLEA FOR TEACHING MOTHERCRAFT TO GIRLS.

"QUACK" WARNING.

Thirty thousand fewer children died in 1927 than in 1921, thanks to the efficiency of school medical services. This is one of many interesting facts recorded by Sir George Newman, chief medical officer of the Board of Education, in his report, issued, on "The Health of the School Child."

83,000 Deaths Under Fifteen. He is not, however, altogether satisfied. He declares that "a fair measure of success attended the efforts of the school medical service in the treatment of children," but adds: "Their inability to prevent much of this disease and the acceptance of 83,000 deaths of children under fifteen years of age must be counted as our failures; yet it is not complete failure, for that figure of 83,000, large though it is, means that we saved, in 1927 as many as 30,000 lives as compared with six years ago (1921), when the nation lost no fewer than 113,900 children's lives."

Sir George issues a warning against "quack medicines, patent pills, and magic wands."

Fads and Faddists.

"Clothing, dietary, regular body habits, and exercise are of primary importance in the maintenance of health," he adds, but we must beware of fads and faddists in all four. The vital needs of the body are few and simple."

Sir George sounds another warning note in the question of pleasure-seeking.

"There is," he says, "a tide of pleasure-seeking on the one hand not unreasonable in itself, and there is an astonishing fertility of commercial substitutes for genuine domesticity on the other hand, and

these are having their effect in leading the adolescent into easy-going ways. But the nation's needs remain the same."

"It cannot survive without strong and healthy young workmen, mentally alert, sober-minded, keen and diligent in business; and strong and healthy young women, domestically skilful and able to become wise mothers and home-builders. We cannot get on without them and somehow or other we must rear them. They ought to be the product of our school system—but are we producing them?"

Better Physique.

It is his opinion that the physique of the child leaving school to-day is better. He says, "His health is better, and he loses less time from his work owing to sickness."

The report also contains a plea for the training of girls in mothercraft.

"It would be difficult," the report says, "to exaggerate the importance and even necessity of the teaching of mothercraft to girls and young women. If every woman understood the ordinary care and management of herself and her baby, much discomfort, malnutrition, sickness, and even premature mortality would be avoided, and the burden of maternal suffering would be immensely relieved."

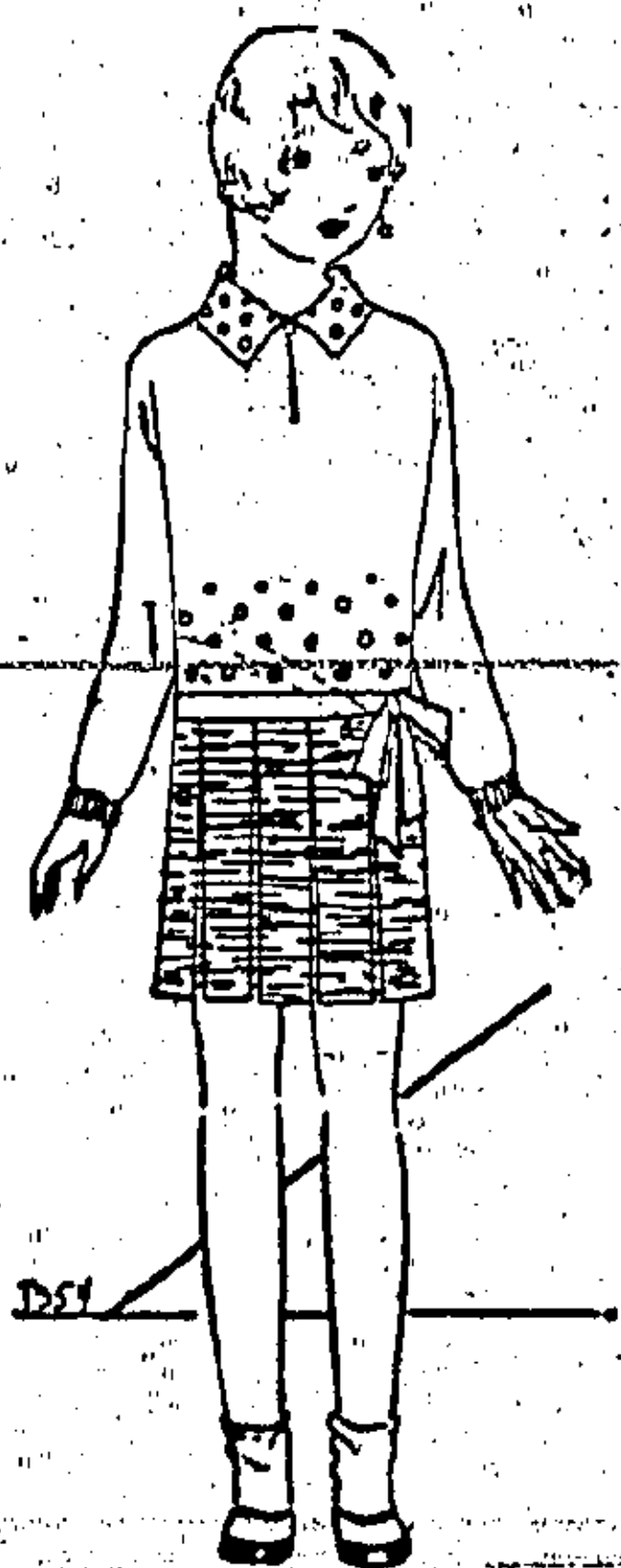
It states that the teaching of mothercraft might be divided conveniently into three periods:—(1) Instruction to elder girls at the elementary or new senior schools; (2) to girls from fourteen to eighteen years of age in secondary and continuation schools; and (3) to the expectant and nursing mother at maternity centres.

ERMINES CAPE.



A very graceful evening cape of ermine dips slightly toward side back and has a huge fur bow on the opposite shoulder. It is lined with pale pink velvet.

PRACTICAL AND SMART.



This frock is a one-piece model, the bodice blue, with paty embroidered dots, the skirt of box pleated jersey.

YOUR EYEBROWS.

THE CORRECT WAY TO WEAR THEM.

The fact that there are other things in life as well as Paris scandals and epidemics is contained in the evident consternation which has been aroused in the beauty parlours of the correct way to wear an eyebrow. It seems that eyebrows are not grown; they are worn. Various beauty specialists have tried to get together on the eyebrow but nothing constructive has been achieved. The eyebrow, such as Nature adorned man's or more specially, woman's brow with, is all wrong. The correct eyebrow should never be allowed to grow shaggy, nor must it develop curls. It must not be too straight, and it should never meet in unseemly familiarity over the nose. It should be thin and slightly curved. It must be plucked if necessary, but it should be allowed to flower a little toward the inner corner of the eye, giving the wearer that puzzled, yet intelligent look of conscious superiority. This is not an exact translation from the description in the French Beauty Notes, but it must convey the inner meaning that the eyebrow specialist is trying to get at. It is simple, the seasons eyebrows begin in a real eyebrow and end in a hair.

TOO MUCH ENTHUSIASM.

Extremes of partisanship are annoying.

Some people can never espouse a cause without making it a large part of their lives. They eat, drink, and sleep it and, apparently, never think or talk of anything else. This, unfortunately, does not make for interesting or varied conversation.

The first time you hear someone enthuse about their particular hobby it is apt to be rather absorbing. The very intensity of feeling awakens a response in you and you cannot but admire the vigor of their opinions.

But the second time—

And the twelfth—

It is wretchedly boring to listen to the same story over and over again and the enthusiasm of the other becomes to you merely a blind, fanaticism which rouses in you opposition to the cause.

If you really want to gain adherents to your cause, don't talk about it too much. Tell just enough about it to enlist sympathy, arouse enthusiasm or curiosity, and then drop it. Let the other fellow question you before he gets any more information. This is a much more sure (and far less obnoxious) way to make others think as you do.

COLD RETURNS TO EUROPE.

OX-CARTS ON THE DANUBE.

WARMER WEATHER IN BRITAIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

London, Feb. 22nd. The London and North-Eastern Railway announce that the Harwich-Antwerp service, which was interrupted owing to ice in the Scheldt, will be resumed as from Monday night next, but while there is ice in the Scheldt steamers will proceed between Fushing and Antwerp only during daylight hours.

Departures from Liverpool Street Station, London, will be at 8.30 each week-day evening, the steamers leaving Parkesia Quay at 10.10 in the evening, and arriving at Antwerp at ten o'clock the following morning.

While the thaw reigns in Great Britain, other parts of Europe are less fortunate. A severe snowstorm has been experienced throughout Greece and many country districts are threatened with a food shortage owing to the interruption of communications. Hitherto 3,500,000 drachmai have been subscribed for the relief of the sufferers in the floods in Southern Greece, including a contribution from the National Bank of Greece which gave a million and M. Venizelos who gave half a million drachmai.

Severe cold has returned to Budapest, there being 45 degrees of frost to-day. The Danube is frozen nine feet thick and ox-carts are crossing the river.

Most of the fruit and blossom and 50 per cent. of the honey bees have been destroyed.

Unprecedented Losses. The losses owing to the cold wave in Poland, which are unprecedented for 150 years, are almost incalculable, but it is known that the direct losses of railways and coal mines exceed 21,000,000.

A message from Sofia states that navigation between Varna and Burgas is again suspended owing to huge icebergs. The authorities have warned foreign shipping companies of the danger of navigation and have recommended that all sailings to Black Sea ports be temporarily suspended.

SHANGHAI PROPERTY SALE.

IMPORTANT SITE BOUGHT BY U.S. FIRM.

A property transaction of considerable importance to Shanghai has just been completed by the purchase by the Grand Theatre Corporation, Inc., an American incorporated company, of the property generally known as the Carlton Property situated at the corner of Bubbling Well and Park Roads facing the Race Course, comprising land registered as British Consular Lot No. 757, Cadastrol Lot No. 201, net area 11,100 mow together with buildings thereon, including the Grand Theatre, the Carlton Theatre, the late Palais de Danse, premises occupied by Arts & Crafts, shops and houses.

12 Storey Buildings!

Messrs. J. P. Bisset & Company negotiated the purchase of the property. Plans are already being prepared for the construction of a ten to 12 storeyed apartment building with attractive shops on the ground floor to replace the present Palais de Danse building. In due time the whole property will be developed with attractive and substantial buildings.—X.G.—Daily News.

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WILLIAM DEMAREST - JOSEPH SWICKARD
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AND LATEST M.G.M. NEWS

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At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

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THE CLEVER ILLUSIONIST
IN AN ENTIRE
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PROGRAMME

AT THE
WORLD

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
Orchestra Interpreter
5.15 & 9.20. 2.30 & 7.15

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MARY PICKFORD
IN
"MY BEST GIRL"

A Delightful Romance of Youth!

AT THE
STAR

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30 & 5.30.

9.15 THE BANYARD MUSICAL COMEDY CO. 9.15
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CHAIRMAN OF DIRECTORS' ANNUAL STATEMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2).

The Nationalist Victory.

At the annual meeting three years ago your Chairman, after alluding to the bitter and undeserved attacks which the British in China had suffered at Nationalist hands during the previous months, finished by expressing the belief that for all its obvious faults the Nationalist movement held the seeds of regeneration and would, patriotically and, prove the means of delivering China from her great curse of militarism. Though it is early to speak with confidence of the fulfilment of this hope, we gladly recognize the promising advance which the Nationalist Party have made in banishing civil war, setting up a national government and restoring, nominally at least, the reign of civil law.

Let me summarize in a few words the steps which have led up to the present situation. Five years ago—shortly before the death of their founder, Dr. Sun Yat Sen—the Nationalist Party launched their programme for the freeing of China from military rule and its political reconstruction on the lines now adopted. The first or "military" stage, which began with the advance from Canton in 1926, ended in June last when the Nationalist armies entered Peking. We are now seeing the development of the second stage, the so-called Political Tutelage of the country under the Kuomintang. A constitution based on this principle and placing the whole governing power in the hands of the Party, was promulgated on October 4th and a new Government was created, shaped on committee lines and including in it the leading military chiefs who had combined against Chang Tso Lin and the northern confederation. A national congress of the Kuomintang has been summoned to meet next month to determine future policy.

Manchuria under Marshal Chang Hsueh Liang, who succeeded his father Marshal Chang Tso Lin after the tragic death of his train on the retreat from Peking, has hoisted the Nationalist flag, although for all practical purposes, it still retains administrative and financial independence.

Thus, by the adherence to the Nationalist cause of all the regional military commanders, China is enabled to reappear before the world as a unified nation.

Reconstruction.

After political unification the pressing need was for economic and financial reconstruction. A promising start was made by the holding of conferences in July, at which the opinions of leading business men were freely and boldly voiced, existing abuses exposed and proposals made for essential measures of reform. These, as condensed in a programme put out by the Ministry of Finance, included the following:—Redemption of central and provincial revenues, with the adoption of a budget; revision of the Customs tariff with abolition of *likin*; disbandment of troops; rehabilitation of the railways, the regulation of taxes, and finally, the creation of a central bank, reform of the currency and consolidation of the unsecured debt.

"Hardly Encouraging."

Translated into action, this programme would form an admirable groundwork for national reconstruction and one looks anxiously for signs of its being carried into effect. I regret that the indications are hardly encouraging, even when allowance is made for all the initial difficulties.

Taking the various points, by agreement with the Treaty Powers the new Customs tariff came into force on the 1st of this month. The import duties are based on the proposals made during the interrupted Tariff Conference at Peking in 1925-26 and are to remain in force unaltered for one year. It is regarded as a whole, the new tariff appears to be conceived on moderate and reasonable lines and British merchants as a whole have acquiesced in the increase in no grudging spirit. The position will be totally changed, however, if, as there seems some reason to fear, the new scale is rendered nugatory by the addition of extra taxation on imports under some other name.

The Central Bank.

Another proposal put into effect is the founding of a Central Bank. The Bank, which is capitalised with \$20,000,000 supplied from Treasury funds, is charged by its charter with the duties of issuing currency notes, holding Government funds, minting and the floating of national loans, while it is also allowed to engage within specified limits in ordinary banking and exchange. There is every hope that the new Bank will be a valuable instrument to assist the trade, improve the finances and enhance the credit of China, and I have strong faith in its future if the management profit, as they may, by the experience which has recently been gained in Europe of the functions of Central Banking in the regulation of currency and exchange, the essential element of which is an administration which shall be independent of government control.

Financial Disorder.

Financial reorganisation generally has made, I am forced to say, little visible progress, and there are no signs as yet of the introduction of a proper budgetary system, which must be the first step towards effective reform. In fact, it is difficult to see how anything radical can be done in the way of improvement so long as the military drain on the country's resources remains as at present.

At the point which especially touches the foreign merchant, namely the irregular taxation of trade, there is no change for the better; indeed the exactions of local authorities are, generally speaking, worse than before. British merchants as a whole realize that a high level of taxation is in present circumstances inevitable, but what they have bitterly to complain of is the reckless and arbitrary imposition of local taxes, which are continually varied and changed. The effect is as prejudicial to the authorities who levy the taxes as to the merchant himself, while the country as a whole suffers incalculable loss from the holding-up of trade.

The Railways.

The rehabilitation of the railways is among the most pressing needs of the country. Unhappily it is blocked by continued military interference in the form of retention of rolling-stock and the "milking" of revenue, in regard to which conditions are particularly bad on the three northern railways, the Peking-Mukden, Peking-Suiyuan and Peking-Hankow lines. The new Ministry of Railways is energetically combating this incursion by means of publicity and all other means at its disposal. The root of the evil lies, however, in the existence of the regional armies for whose payment and support the individual military leaders are forced to indent on revenue procurable from the railways by sequestrating the earnings and by refusing to merchants the use of wagons except against heavy payments. Until military expenditure comes under the control of Nanking in accordance with the Government programme, we cannot hope to see the railways restored to normal conditions of efficiency and earning capacity. Once they are freed, however, from outside interference and their revenues made available for the purpose of their own improvement, recovery should be rapid. The outstanding railway debts could then easily be provided for and the Government would be free to appeal with confidence for the financial assistance required to reconstruction and extend the lines.

Already the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow Railways, which are under the more immediate control of the new Ministry at Nanking and on which an effective measure of foreign expert supervision is still maintained, have made a substantial improvement and have cleared off their arrears of loan service.

The Military Problem.

Consideration of the railway situation brings me to the question of the armed forces, the existence of which at their present strength of over 1½ million is the fundamental hindrance to progress and lies at the base of the reconstruction problem. Apart from the economic burden to China of having to support these unproductive levies, the militarist system which they represent must, while it lasts, block all important schemes for improving the state of the country. As I have hinted already, an independent military commander clinging to control of the sinews of war in his district is an insuperable obstacle to national reorganisation so that real reform depends on the centralization of military control coupled with reduction of the armies. We may welcome the attempt made to grapple with this problem by the Disbandment Conference held at Nanking last month.

Foreign Relations.

In Sino-foreign relations, the year has been eventful, new treaties having been signed with all but one or two of the Treaty Powers. Our own Government concluded the new tariff treaty on December 20th, followed on the next day by the presentation of letters of credence by H.M. Minister, General, as well as diplomatic relations between the two countries may happily be said to have returned to normal.

The anti-British agitation of two or three years ago has now practically vanished and a new spirit of friendliness is making itself felt, for which I believe we are in no small part indebted to the personal influence of H.M. Representatives in Peking and Hong Kong.

The recognition of tariff autonomy follows logically from the British declaration of policy in Chinese affairs made at the end of 1923 and is a first and major step in the treaty revision which H.M. Government then accepted as being due in justice to China. It is much to be hoped that the concession will be taken in this sense and not made a stepping-stone for demands for the prompt and unconditional surrender of essential

foreign safeguards, the removal of which is not yet warranted by existing conditions in China and can safely come about only by a mutual process of adjustment. Much as I hope to see the necessity for special foreign rights replaced at an early date by the security afforded by a responsible Chinese administration effective throughout the country, I do not hesitate to say that in the state of affairs which exists at the present moment the total disappearance of the existing safeguards would be disastrous to foreign business with China.

Customs and Salt Gabelle.

Of the so-called foreign-controlled services, I have to record, with regret, the resignation of Mr. Edwards, Officiating Inspector General of Customs, since the retirement of Sir Francis Aglen two years ago. He is succeeded by Mr. Mare, for the success of whose administration we tender our best wishes.

In the case of the Salt Gabelle, the National Government have repudiated many of the major provisions of the 1913 Reorganisation Loan Agreement and substituted new regulations, drawn up without reference to the signatory banks, rigorously curtailing the joint supervisory powers of the Chinese and foreign Chief Inspectors. It is gravely damaging to the new Government's reputation for good faith that they should hold themselves free to alter contracts by their own arbitrary decision even when, as in this case, the rights involved had been made almost a dead letter by the action of the authorities of a previous regime. The Minister of Finance has, meanwhile, publicly pledged himself to provide for the services of the loans secured on the Salt Revenue, and the foreign Governments concerned have noted his undertaking.

Foreign Debt Defaults.

The list of defaulted Chinese foreign loans in which British interests are involved was increased last year by the addition of the Anglo-French loan of 1908 and the Crisp Loan of 1912. Five of the railway loans are also in arrears and the total defaulted payments for 1923 on the British portions alone (not including unsecured loans) amounted to £1,160,000. It is to be hoped that the Government will not delay in taking in hand a scheme for liquidating the large body of arrears on these foreign debts.

It may not be out of place to mention in round figures the outstanding amount of long-term Chinese loans raised on the London market. The total is between 30 and 40 millions of pounds sterling, of which roughly one-half relates to loans used for railway construction.

If my review of the Chinese situation has been less tinged with optimism than some of my hearers might have hoped let me remind you that I have been dealing with the facts of to-day rather than the promise of to-morrow and, furthermore, that a transitional period is always a difficult, and often a disappointing, time.

Spirit of Progress.

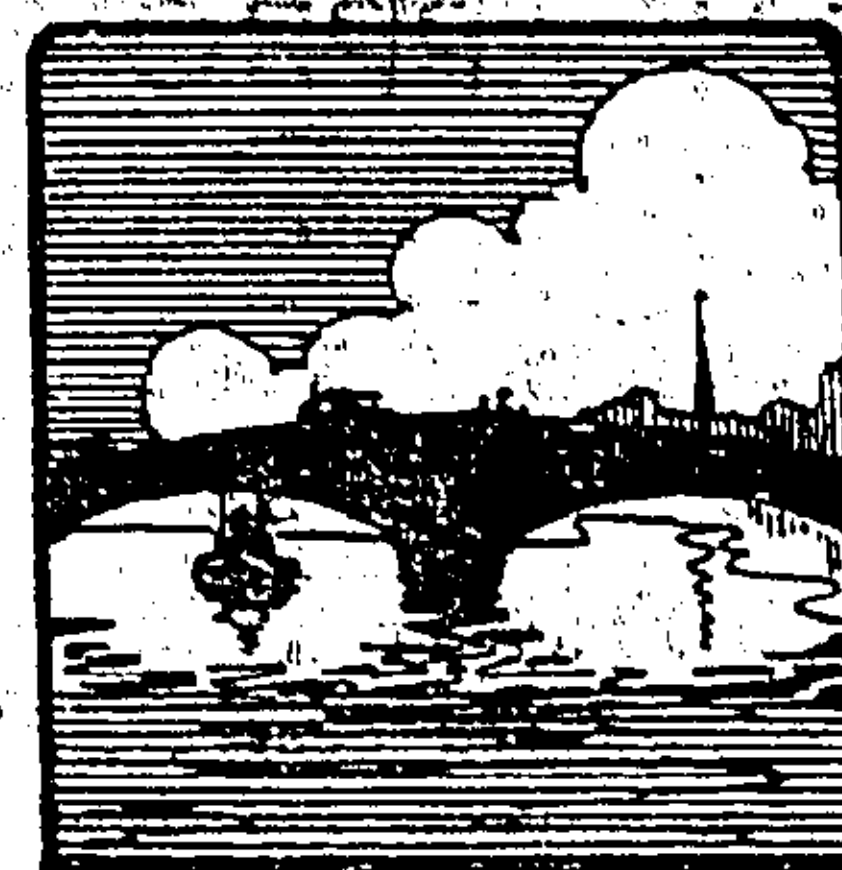
I count it a great achievement in itself that the Nationalist party and its military supporters have held the country together since their victory of last summer and one can see in many directions outside the range of politics the promise of rapid advance—to take material examples, in the opening up of the country by extensive motor roads and by the aeronautical development of which we have had a striking example in the successful flight by Chinese pilots across the entire length of the country from Canton to Mukden. There can be no doubt that the spirit of progress is abroad throughout the country. May I conclude by saying that those who bear the responsibility of directing this progress and of restoring law, order and prosperity to the country have our genuine sympathy, that we realize the peculiar difficulties of their task and, in following the situation, we strive to maintain an outlook essentially broad-minded and free from petty or biased views.

Finally I would ask for your confirmation of the action of the Directors in voting a bonus of 10 per cent. on their salaries to the staff. The year has been a very difficult one to all concerned and I feel confident you will approve of this recognition of their services. I now beg to propose the adoption of the Report and Statement of Accounts. After the proposal has been seconded and before placing the motion before the meeting, I shall be pleased to answer to the best of my ability any questions that shareholders may have to ask.

SECONDER'S SPEECH.

The Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes, seconding, said:—Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—Before formally seconding the adoption of the report and accounts, I feel sure it will be the wish of everyone present that I should express our sympathy with the Chief Manager upon his unfortunate accident, and to express our admiration for the manner in which he has, notwithstanding, carried out literally (single-handed) his onerous duties (applause) and to wish a speedy mending of his right arm. I am also equally certain that shareholders will join me in congratulating our Chairman on the

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lucid and exceedingly interesting exposition of the Bank's affairs during the past year, and particularly with the masterly review of the political and economic condition of affairs in the East generally, and more especially in China.

Not only do we here in Hong Kong look forward to this annual meeting of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation to have presented to us the considered views of the Court of Directors, the Chief Manager, and Branch Managers of the institution, so also do the banking and commercial world generally, and I think it will be conceded no better review of the situation has ever been presented than that which we have just now listened to.

The Bank's Strength.

I will not attempt to analyse the formidable figures that are disclosed in the statement of the affairs of the Bank, which clearly proves its strength and fully justifies its position in the front rank of the world's financial institutions to-day, of which fact, we, in Hong Kong, are naturally proud.

Whilst we note with regret the result of the year's working is somewhat less favourable than the preceding years this however, can cause no surprise to those acquainted with conditions that have ruled in the principal fields of the Bank's operations during the past year, and we can well congratulate ourselves on receiving the same dividend as allocated for the past few years, and I would here congratulate the Chief Manager, and all associated with him in the attainment of this very satisfactory state of affairs, bearing in mind the undoubtedly difficult and disappointing year just passed. We share with you the hope that during the present year there will be such a revival of trade as will justify the continuance of the same level of return to shareholders as is now recommended, and that the warning you now give—that without that revival, the high level of past years may not be possible—will be found to have been unnecessary.

Customs.

Reference is made to the Chinese Maritime Customs returns of last year at over 82 million *Haitwan* Tael, being a rise of 13½ millions over the previous year. Although constituting record and remarkable figures, these should not be exaggerated for the reasons you have given; furthermore, unless and until there is clear evidence that merchandise is moving into the interior markets of China, it cannot be confidently asserted that a period of prosperity is immediately at hand. It is a fair measure of political stability in China throughout the year, with continued industrial peace at home and in Europe generally, and the faithful carrying out of the new Customs tariff without the imposition of any further vexatious taxes on imports, the coming year should show a considerable improvement on past years, and bring a much needed relief to both Chinese and foreign merchant firms.

One of the most gratifying features of the speech is the pronounced statement, the anti-British agitation of two or three years ago has practically vanished, and that a new spirit of friendliness is now making itself felt. I am inclined to say rather that the old spirit of friendliness is becoming more apparent. Whichever it be, we are in entire agreement that we are much indebted to H.M. Representative in Peking, and, as regards Canton and South China, to H.E. the Governor of Hong Kong. We congratulate the Directors and Chief Manager on the opening of the new Kowloon Sub-Agency, which, I am sure will be of service to the ever-increasing population on the mainland. For my own part I am sufficiently optimistic of the future of Kowloon as to predict that before many years, it will be necessary to have our own premises.

I am sure this meeting will confirm the action of the Directors in voting the bonus of 10 per cent. on the salaries to the staff. If the Bank's staff in all its branches are so hard worked as they are at Head Office, they well deserve this recognition of good service.

I cannot do better than conclude my remarks by quoting from the

address of the Rt. Hon. Mr. Reginald McKenna at the recent general meeting of the Midland Bank in London. His remarks, I think you will agree, are peculiarly appropriate to conditions obtaining in China at the present time:—Ten years have passed since the conclusion of the most recent and we devoutly hope the last, great war in the world's history. They have constituted a decade of grave difficulties involving problems of exceptional magnitude and complexity. Disappointments have been frequent and many setbacks have been suffered. Peace between nations and within nations is a primary condition to our welfare, and whatever the temporary state of trade, however slow we are in solving the financial and industrial problems which confront us, we shall look forward with unshakable confidence to the time when the better relationships now established shall become the foundation of general and permanent well-being. Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen, I have very much pleasure in seconding the adoption of the report and statement of accounts.

OTHER BUSINESS.

Mr. H. R. B. Hancock proposed that the appointments of Messrs. J. A. Plummer, B. D. F. Beith and B. Lander Lewis be confirmed, and that Messrs. H. P. White, T. C. Weall and W. H. Bell be re-elected Directors. Mr. K. S. Morrison seconded, and the motion was carried.

Mr. J. H. Taggart proposed that Mr. C. Bernard Brown and Mr. John Fleming be re-elected Auditors. Mr. E. L. Sim seconded, and the motion was carried.

This was all the business, and the Chairman announced that dividend warrants would be ready on Monday.

THE EXTRAORDINARY MEETING.

Subsequently, an extraordinary general meeting was held, at which the resolution passed at the meeting of February 2nd was confirmed.

The Chairman proposed the confirmation of the resolution, which was seconded by Mr. T. E. Pearce and unanimously agreed to.

THOSE PRESENT.

Those present were Mr. A. H. Compton (Chairman), Messrs. N. S. Brown (Deputy Chairman), B. D. F. Beith, W. H. Bell, B. Lander Lewis, C. G. A. Plummer, W. E. L. Patten, J. A. Plummer, T. C. Weall, H. P. White (Court of Directors), Hon. Mr. A. C. Hynes (Chief Manager), and the following shareholders: Hon. Sir Henry Pollock, Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Sheaton, Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes, Dr. R. A. Castro Basto, Messrs. R. Kom Tong, J. F. Wright, J. E. Joseph, Chau Shu Ming, Fung Sang Un, J. Ormiston, A. Kennedy, G. G. N. Tinson, D. V. Stevenson, J. S. Moenchman, R. A. Dastur, P. K. Kwok, M. Manuk, A. E. Raworth, K. Stewart-Smith, Po Cheung Wan, B. L. Seta-Winton, J. S. Abraham, Chan Lim Pak, J. M. Alves, H. S. Hills, E. Thomas, J. Fleming, S. M. Churn, H. Dixon, Ho Leung, Chua Seng Chu, J. B. Montargis, P. S. Cassidy, C. I. Cooke, R. A. Green, W. E. Van Eps, J. M. Castro Basto, V. M. Grayburn, H. R. B. Hancock, K. S. Morrison, J. H. Taggart, E. L. Sim, T. E. Pearce, D. J. Lewis, G. E. Towns, Ho Wing, G. Mancini, Chan Wing Kiu, E. H. Summers, W. S. Bailey, E. H. Raymond, A. Stevenson, E. D. Kinnaird, A. S. Gubbay, H. R. Stuart, E. W. Stapleton, D. H. Cooper and O. I. Ellis.

With regard to the disposal and accommodation of the large number of disbanded officers and soldiers consequent to the carrying out of the disbandment programme, report has it that the disbanded men will be principally employed in land reclamation and road construction work as outlined by General Feng Yu Hsiang. The organization will be effected of a Reclamation Committee and a Road Construction Committee, which will be entrusted with the duty of providing work for soldiers who are desirous of steady employment.



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MARSHAL LI TSAI HSIN'S RETURN.

BACK AT WORK IN CANTON.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, Feb. 24th.

Marshal Li Tsai Hsin has returned to Canton from Kwangsi after completing the obsequies of his mother. He is now busy with the disbandment problem for the Leung Kwang Provinces. Accompanying the Marshal on his return trip were his family and brother, Mr. Li Tsai Man, and several officials. The party made the journey from Wu-chow to Samshui on four gunboats and at Samshui, the party disembarked and went on to Canton by special train. On arriving in Canton at about 11 p.m. the Marshal was met by General Chen Ming Shu, Mr. Ma Chiu Tsou, Admiral Chen Chak and a host of others. General Wong Shih Hung is staying with Marshal Li for a few days but the visit is a private one. The Marshal expects to sail for Nanking shortly and with him will go Dr. Chao Hsin Chu and Mr. Koo Yin Fan.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE FLYING CLUB.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS"]

Sir,—At the Hong Kong University on the evening of the 22nd I was able to announce that Chinese members would be welcomed in the Seaplane Club. This is a very important step in the history of the Club, and I feel that the Club's future is an assured success.

It will be remembered that in September last a small "Working Committee" was formed to carry out the preliminary organisation. The Committee now desire to complete that organisation, and bring the Club into active existence. To do this it is necessary to communicate with people who are interested, so I would request all those, who would like to join the Club or support the movement, although they may not wish to fly themselves, to write to me as soon as possible. In particular I wish to hear from the Chinese residents in the Colony, and it would greatly assist me, and the Committee, if one or two Chinese gentlemen would come forward with an offer to assist in the preliminary organisation. Letters expressing interest, or a desire to join the Club will not commit the writer; they will only cause his name to be placed on the Club register, so that the organisers can circulate the right people.

It is expected that a meeting will be held in March, when the final Rules and Regulations can be discussed, and a Committee selected. I would therefore request that replies be forwarded as soon as possible.

I take this opportunity of explaining that Members who join the Club to learn to fly, would be taught by a fully qualified instructor, and that "Associate Members", that is, those who do not actually wish to learn to fly, but wish to support the Club, will be able to obtain flights at a small cost.

Sir Robert Ho Tung has requested me to enter his name for the Club, as an "Associate Member," and I think that many well known residents will follow his excellent example in the course of the next few days.

If there is any lady or gentleman who would like to support the Club with the gift of an aeroplane, I shall be pleased to discuss this with them. In making this suggestion, it is perhaps necessary to explain that the type of Light Seaplane required is not expensive, and that many public spirited people have presented aeroplanes to Clubs in other parts of the Empire. Perhaps there are one or two who would join together and present one.—Yours, etc.,

R. VAVOIAN-FOWLER.
Peninsula Hotel, February 24th.

WANTED—A FRIEND!

SAD STORY OF GIRL STOWAWAY.

CAN NOBODY HELP HER?

"I am going to remand you until Monday in order to provide another opportunity for a friend to come forward to help you," said Major Willson at the Central Magistracy on Saturday morning when Louise, Gerald was charged on remand, with being a stowaway on the C.P.R. s.s. Empress of Russia from Shanghai.

Louise, who claims American nationality, was first, before the Court on Friday when it was stated that a lady passenger on the Empress of Russia had offered to pay her passage. This offer had not been carried out, however, and Louise had to remain in police custody.

In January, 1927, she made an appearance before Judge Wu at the Shanghai Provisional Court on a charge of attempting to commit suicide. On that occasion, a representative of the Dollar Line said she had attempted on eight occasions to stow herself aboard the Company's vessels. On the day of the charge she was found aboard one of the boats, and she fainted in the cabin when told she would be taken ashore.

She tried to commit suicide by jumping into the Huangpu. She was hauled out of the water and, after that, she tried several times to do the same thing. Fortunately, her plans were frustrated, and she was brought back to the Company's office and handed over to the police.

PENNILESS AND ALONE.

Police evidence was to the effect that Louise had made a statement at the station that she was born in New York of American parents, who took her to Russia when she was three years old. Her parents were killed by the Bolsheviks in 1918.

After escaping to Shanghai in 1925, she applied to the American Consulate for recognition, but this was refused. A similar application to the Russian Consulate was also turned down. As she could find no work and had no means of livelihood, she determined to commit suicide. Her attempts to stow away on board some vessel going to America always met with failure.

We understand that Judge Wu sent her to the Foreign Women's Home in Shanghai where she received training as a typist.

Apparently, Louise became unemployed. The life of a penniless white girl in Shanghai is better imagined than described.

Wants to "Get Away from Shanghai."

"I would do anything to get away from Shanghai," declared Louise in answer to Major Willson's query on Saturday whether she would go back to Shanghai. "The American lady on the ship told me she would go to pay some money to the American Consul, but did not do so. I do not like to go back to Shanghai but if you send me I shall go."

If the girl's story is true that her parents were killed in the Russian Revolution when she was quite young, it is easy to appreciate the difficulty she would have in establishing claim to any particular nationality. On the other hand, the American Consul is quite justified in refusing a passport and passage to a stranger who can produce no credentials.

Louise is in an unfortunate position and appears to be desirous of breaking away from her old associations in Shanghai. She presents a problem which is only too common in the North China days, and the only solution appears to lie in a helping hand being extended from some local source to provide her with a passage back to Shanghai, an outfit of clothes, and accommodation in a home or hostel in Shanghai until she is able to find employment.

It is difficult for the man who falls in the East to regain his self-respect. To a woman, the task, unaided, is well-nigh impossible.

CHINESE Y.M.C.A.

NEW BUILDING AT KOWLOON.

The foundation stone of the new Chinese Y.M.C.A. building was laid by Mrs. Wu Ting Fang on Saturday afternoon at the site in Waterloo Road, Kowloon.

Sir Robert Ho Tung gave a short address on the aims and ideals of Y.M.C.A. movement. The Y.M.C.A., he said, was always doing things that were really worth while. It aimed, above all, at encouraging youth and developing character.

Sir Robert then handed Mrs. Wu a silver trowel and after the ceremony Mrs. Wu was then presented with a floral bouquet.

Amongst the large numbers of members, friends, and well-wishers present were Miss Rose Wu (daughter of Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Wu), Mrs. Herbert To, the Hon. Dr. S. W. Tao, O.B.E., LL.D., Mr. Wong Kam Fuk, Mr. Jan Con Sang, Mr. K. L. Chiu, Mr. J. S. Wan, Mr. Andrew Cheung, Mr. Y. K. Cheuk, Rev. Li Kan Yau, Mr. Ngan Kwai Yau, Mr. Ngan Shing Kwai, Mr. H. T. Tao, Mr. J. H. Hunt, O.B.E., and Mrs. Hunt, Mr. J. L. McPherson, Mr. and Mrs. Lerrigo (Amoy), and Mr. C. H. Batio (de Messis, Litte, Adams, and Wood).

FINE DISPLAY OF NATIONAL DANCES AT KOWLOON.

EIGHTEEN NATIONS REPRESENTED.

MME. TAMAGNINI ON PORTUGAL'S SONGS AND DANCES.

"Great oaks from little acorns grow." It was at a gathering of ladies at an afternoon tea that the subject of the "Vira dances" of Portugal was discussed and the idea was thrown out that probably Mme. Tamagnini, the artistic wife of the popular Governor of Macao, H.E. Senhor Artur Tamagnini Barbosa, might be found willing to arrange and conduct the practices for a display of a few of the national dances of Portugal in Hong Kong. This was the genesis of the international dances festival which took place at the Club de Recreio on Saturday afternoon and which was pronounced such a conspicuous success by the hundreds of residents from Hong Kong and Macao gathered within the hall of the Recreio building, in King's Park.

Mrs. W. T. Southern, wife of the Colonial Secretary, developed the proposal to stage the Portuguese national dance into a great social reunion in which the various nationalities forming part of the great cosmopolitan community of Hong Kong could be made to feel actively interested.

Mrs. Southern's first step was to organise a small working committee on which she was fortunate to secure the services of Mrs. H. T. Cressy with Mrs. Wyatt as the honorary secretary and Col. Cardew as musical director. The Chinese were represented by Mesdames Kotewall, Ho Ki and Ho Leung, and the Portuguese by Mesdames J. M. da Rocha, F. L. Silva and Mrs. M. N. da Silva. At Macao, Mme. Tamagnini headed a band of about forty enthusiastic workers and helpers, who went to the end of trouble to reproduce the scenery and costumes of village life in certain districts of Portugal.

In a great measure the success of the function was secured through the ready and cheerful co-operation of the members of the Consular Body, the daughter of the Doyen of that Body taking the part of Portugal in the international tableau and Mme. de la Prade, daughter of the Consul-General for France, and Mme. de la Prade, representing France to perfection. Mrs. G. R. Sawyer, as Britannia, was the very embodiment of dignity. As illustrating the international character of the entertainment no less than 18 nationalities took part in the tableau.

The Festival was held under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor and in the presence of both Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G., and Senator Artur Tamagnini de Sousa Barbosa, the Governor of Macao, and Mme. and Mlle. Barbosa. Among the large audience present were: The Hon. Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Southern, the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Cressy, Sir Robert and Lady Ho Tung, Sir and Lady Shou Son Chow, the Hon. Dr. and Mrs. Kotewall, the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. M. N. da Silva, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Braga, Mr. and Mrs. Miss Albuquerque e Castro, Mr. M. J. Quist (Consul-General for the Netherlands), Mr. and Mrs. Miss M. G. Dufaur de la Prade (Consul for France), Mr. and Mrs. Almeida Pinheiro, Mr. and Mrs. G. Fernandes, Capt. and Mrs. M. Zanetti (A.D.C. to the Governor of Macao), General Losander and Mrs. Losander, Capt. A. J. L. Whyte (A.D.C. to the Governor of Hong Kong), W. R. Scott (Private Secretary), Mr. and Mrs. C. A. da Rosa, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. da Rocha, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Silva, Mr. Y. Murakami (Consul-General for Japan), Mr. M. Kitayama (Hon. Secretary, Japanese Residents' Association), Mr. C. M. Manners (Hon. Secretary, Kowloon Residents' Association), Mr. Ho Kom Tong, O.B.E., and Mrs. Ho Kom Tong, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Leung, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Ki, Miss Daisy O'Keefe, Miss Violet Capell, Col. and Mrs. Wyatt, Col. Cardew, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Sawyer, Messrs. A. E. Clarke, J. W. Deakin, and A. W. Tickle, Mrs. W. H. Kelly, H. Gipperich.

The entertainment opened with a contra-dance executed by some forty little children, for the most part sons and daughters of members of the Club de Recreio. The boys were dressed in black as little pages, and the girls represented diminutive ballad dancers in dresses of light and pleasing hues. The music was provided by the Portuguese juvenile orchestra with Master Horacio Graça Ozorio as conductor. The dance was staged by Mr. Duarte Baptista.

The Misses Skellie and Helen Ho and Rachel Wong next took the floor with the "Dance of the Sauternes," all the three young ladies being gorgeously dressed in Chinese costume.

French Gavotte.

In the typical dress of a French lassie and led by Mlle. Bonenfant and M. de la Prade earned well-deserved applause in a *danse d'entraine* which they performed to perfection to the accompaniment of Mme. de la Prade at the piano. The little couple are very young, and gave an exhibition of skill remarkable for their tender years.

"Harbinger of Spring."

Notable for their poetic conception and daintiness of colouring, the Japanese contributors to the programme staged what is so charmingly described as the "Harbinger of Spring." The stage setting, the lantern light effects, and the scenery were all the work of the Japanese sub-committee who carried it out under the personal direction of Mr. M. Kitayama, hon. secretary of the Japanese Residents' Association. The performers were Mrs. C. Makiyama, and the Misses Y. Takeda and E. Hachijima (dancers), Mesdames K. Kineya and Y. Hasuda (singers) with Mesdames S. Wada, Y. Kobayashi and Y. Takeda as accompanists. The stage was converted to convey the illusion of a river side in Japan with cherry trees on either bank loaded with pink cherry blossoms.

France contributed a second item—*Danse Des Lutins*—to the first part of the programme, the execution of which by Mlle. Bonenfant with delicacy of taste and finish was very greatly admired.

Russian Mazurka.

Miss O'Keefe's talented pupils delighted the audience with a Russian mazurka. The bright dresses, the high black top boots and the entire get-up were greatly admired. The young ladies were deservedly applauded; they were the Misses Bella and Betty Pestonjova, Norma and Thelma May, Marion, Bryson, Tamara Ellis, Nellie Field and Maud George.

Great Britain's Part.

The first part of the programme concluded with items of an Old English dance and an Irish Jig. For this again the audience had to thank Miss O'Keefe and her versatile little boy and girl pupils, no less than sixteen of whom appeared on the stage in gay dresses for the English dance and four for the jig. For the latter Margery Simpson, partnered Billy Mayes, and Joyce Crappell, Patsy Wood. The little entertainers received deserved appreciation from the large audience.

Al Fresco Tea.

During the interval selections of music were played by the Band of the Queen's Royal Regiment and were greatly enjoyed. Tea was served in the open on the beautiful lawn of the Recreio Club.

Mme. Tamagnini's Address.

After a short interval during which a photograph was taken of the large concourse of people, the second part of the programme opened with an address in English by Mme. Tamagnini who said:—

Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,—when there took place last autumn that interesting "Grand Tattoo," in beautiful Hong Kong—an event of which we have such fond recollections—Mrs. Southern suggested to me Macao's co-operation in the production of another charity show, which could offer, by way of attractions, dances characteristically national of the peoples represented by the communities of Hong Kong.

The suggestion was most kind and at once aroused my interest in which the invitation was extended to me, more so by its underlying significance.

It is with the greatest pleasure, therefore, that Macao takes its part in this interesting show. Every item, so far, has been deservedly applauded, and in congratulating the Organising Committee I cannot help associating with them the name of the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga who has been untiring in his efforts whether as a helper with our national decorations or stirring up enthusiasm and interest that he himself takes in our country-dances and songs.

Mme. Tamagnini then thanked His Excellency for his patronage and Mrs. Southern and Mrs. Cressy for the part they had played. After expressing regret at Lady Clementi's absence, Mme. Tamagnini said:—

I remember very well when Lady Clementi was at Macao how enthusiastic she was at seeing, for the first time, the merry Portuguese dances.

Sir Cecil, for this part of friendship, I ask Your Excellency to kindly let Lady Clementi know how much we all feel her absence, knowing that she is so far away.

Portuguese Songs and Dances.

Now let me say a few words about our dances and songs, which I hope all of you may some day see danced

amidst the picturesque beauty of their native environment with, for their background, our rugged, lofty hills, our rich vineyards and orchards, the bright blue of our sunny skies, and, in short, with all the exuberance of the lovely land which I am fortunate enough to be able to say gave me birth.

We have tried to find some proper scenery which might carry you there. Only a poor idea have we succeeded in conveying to this hall to-day. For these dances are only lovely in the country fields, in the open air and in the bright moonlight. But one's imagination can supply much. Imagine, for instance, that we have all of us, been carried for some moments to the land of Portugal. Picture in your mind's eye vast and verdant fields and, afar, the white cottages of the village, and above all the clear, opal light of the full harvest moon.

It is at night when they are going to "desfolhar"—hull the maize—the maize that has for many days been drying in the sunshine. Lads and lasses ambling and singing as they come along the country roads, to the ground made ready for the work in hand. Hullo! night in our country is a feast-night, and so there also come into our little group the musicians with their violas and guitars and concertinas, and other national instruments. They sing as they work: by singing the hours fly, and the corn-cobs are hulled and we know not how. Ah! But among the golden corn there appears a pinkish spot. It is the one amongst them all! "Mihho Rei." What excitement! The lucky lad who has the good fortune to find King Cob has the right to embrace and kiss the lass, he loves best; and the benediction of the girls inquire: "Who among us will it be?" Radiant with joy the boy seeks the favoured one, and then work is set aside—the alluring players strike up the first few bars of some lively air.

The first—the night's lucky pair—step forth, and after them and in the rising enthusiasm other lads and lasses rise to dance as we'll, and almost without stop ballad follows song, now lively, happy, bounding along, now gently sentimentally awaying the crowd. It is characteristic of our race—a race that knows how to laugh, to sing and to dance, but does not know how to hide the emotional melancholy of a full heart, the sentiment of which has blossomed forth in the measured cadences of our love songs.

Hark! I hear afar the first-distant notes of the guitars. They begin the "desfolhada." (Loud applause.)

Portuguese Songs and Dances.

When the curtain lifted for the second part of the entertainment, it was seen with what care and thought Mme. Tamagnini had designed the staging to represent a Portuguese village. The scene opens in a country-side. There is considerable gaiety and hilarity and the rest was described in Mme. Tamagnini's address. Dances from the provinces of Algarve, Minho and Coimbra were artistically executed by some 38 leading residents of Macao and the national songs of fair Lusitania were heard by some for the first time on a stage in Hong Kong. The dresses were greatly admired for their colourful beauty and design and are just those that are worn by the peasants in Portugal. Music was played on the national instruments—the mandolin, the guitar and concertinas. At intervals they were supplemented by a Columbia (Kloster) electric gramophone kindly lent by the Anderson Music Co.

Mrs. Southern's Thanks.

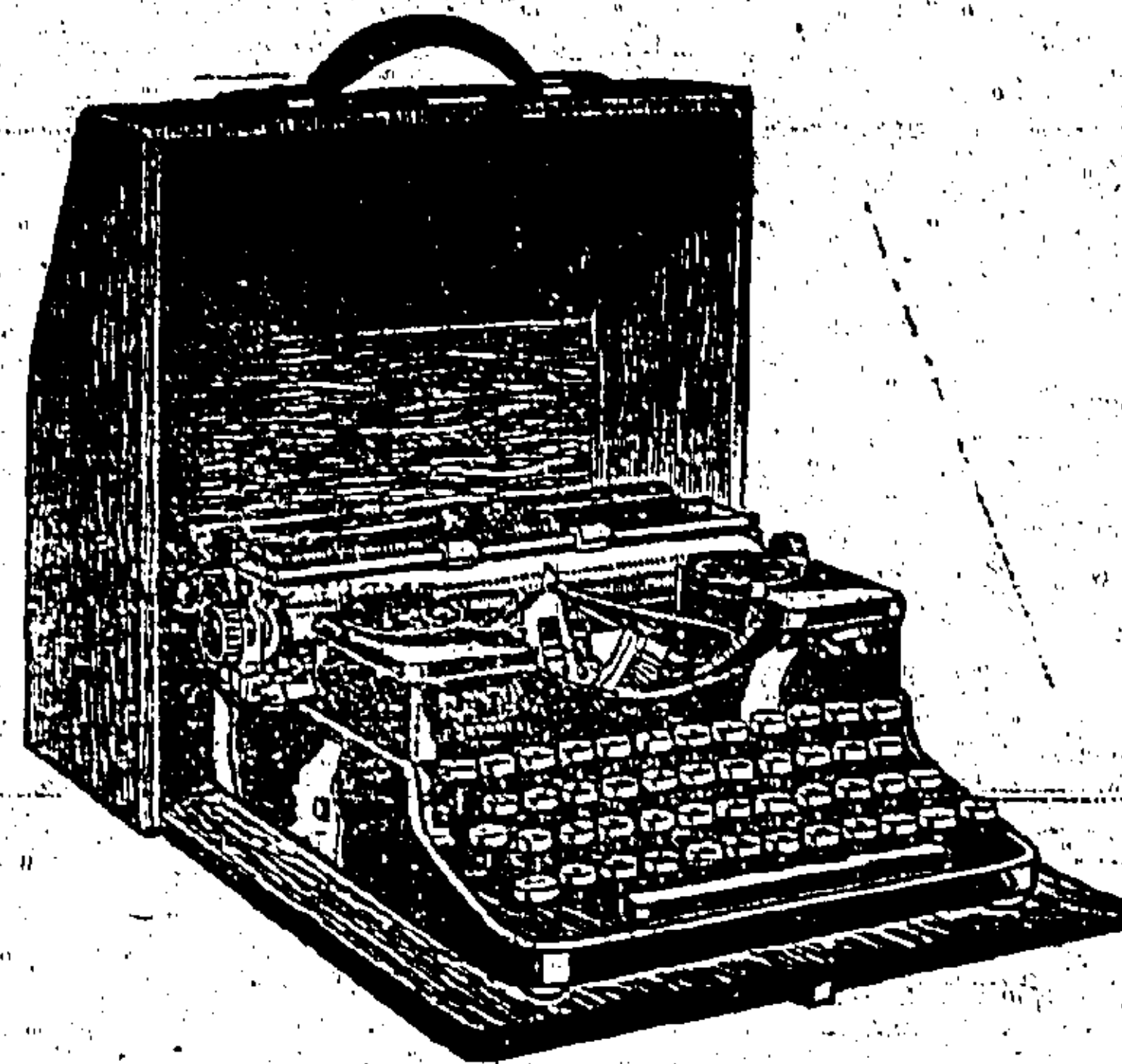
Speaking from the stage Mrs. Southern said:—After Madame Tamagnini's graceful and eloquent remarks anything I can say will fall flat. But I must express on behalf of the Committee our cordial thanks to all who have helped to construct this afternoon's Festival. If I were to apportion individual thanks I should keep you here till the next o'clock gun. So I will give a warm collective thank you to all who have helped in so many ways and a special one to Their Excellencies for giving us the pleasure of their company.

We may not speak each other's languages, but we can understand and appreciate each other's dances. May this Festival prove another link in the chain of international friendships. (Loud Applause.)

Grand Finale.

Then came the grand spectacular finale in an international tableau representing no less than eighteen nations. Thanks must be accorded Col. Cardew, the musical director, for staging this "federation of the world" so thoroughly representative of the cosmopolitan community of Hong Kong and to all the ladies taking part in it. The following were the countries represented in the tableau:—America (Miss Draper), Australia (Miss Rose), Belgium (Misses Capell and Walker), Bolivia (Miss M. Jorg), Canada (), Chile (Miss Lily Sanchez), China (Miss Helen Ho), France (Mlle. de la Prade), Germany (Misses and Master Schramm), Great Britain (Mrs. Sawyer), India (Misses Zaina el Arculli and Sabant Kor), and Master Latif Khan), Italy (Mario Bistrotch), Japan (Miss E. Hachijima), Netherlands (Mme. (Mme. Blaise), Portugal (Mlle. Albuquerque), Russia (Mlle. Reinshagen), South Africa (Miss Kelly), Spain (Miss Ella Pestonjee).

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5148 LUCKY GIRL FOREVERMORE
5150 SHE'S A GREAT GREAT GIRL JUST ANOTHER NIGHT
5151 WHEREVER YOU ARE BLUE GRASS
5152 I CAN'T GIVE YOU ANYTHING BUT LOVE BELOVED

The ANDERSON MUSIC Co., Ltd.

HARMSTON'S CIRCUS AND ROYAL MENAGERIE

TO-NIGHT at 9.15 p.m. TO-NIGHT

Our Second Grand Change of Programme

DONT FAIL TO GIVE US A VISIT

MATINEES:—Wednesdays, Saturdays and Sundays at 4.15 p.m.

Special Announcement

On Friday Night, 1st March, 1929 at 9.15 p.m.

A GRAND GALA PERFORMANCE will be given under the distinguished patronage and in the presence of His Excellency THE GOVERNOR, SIR CECIL CLEMENTI, K.C.M.G., when 50% of the Gross Takings will be donated to the R.S.P.O.A.

So Roll Up and Help Those Who Cannot Speak for Themselves

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
PARKING OF CARS AT THE RACE COURSE.

- 1.—The STAND at the PUBLIC ENTRANCE is Reserved for Officials of the Jockey Club, and P.D. Owners.
- 2.—YOUNG WO NURSING HOME, the Open Space in Front of Reserved for Owner Drivers.
- 3.—CIVIL SERVICE CRICKET CLUB. The Open Space in Front of Reserved for Members of the Jockey Club.
- 4.—VILLAGE ROAD Reserved for Private Cars.
- 5.—VENTURA ROAD for Public Cars only.

E. D. C. WOLFE,
Capt. Supt. of Police,
23rd February, 1929.
Hong Kong. [7439]

HONG KONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE FINAL DIVIDEND declared for the Year Ending 31st December 1928, at the Rate of Three Pounds Sterling together with a Bonus of Two Pounds Sterling, is payable on and after the 25th FEBRUARY, 1929, at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
A. C. HYNES,
Chief Manager,
Hong Kong, 23rd Feb., 1929. [7438]

RACE HOLIDAYS.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be OPEN for the TRANSACTION of PUBLIC BUSINESS at 9.30 A.M. on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 25th, 26th and 27th INSTANT, and CLOSE at 12 Noon. Hong Kong, Feb. 21st, 1929. [7429]

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE will be CLOSED at NOON on RACE DAYS on MONDAY, 25th, TUESDAY, 26th, WEDNESDAY, 27th, FEBRUARY, and SATURDAY, 28th MARCH.

By Order of the Committee,
A. NISSIM,
Secretary.
[7425]

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the HONG KONG SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION will be CLOSED at NOON on RACE DAYS on MONDAY, 25th, TUESDAY, 26th, WEDNESDAY, 27th, FEBRUARY, and SATURDAY, 28th MARCH.

By Order of the Committee,
W. J. CARRROLL,
Secretary.
[7433]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT Programmes and Entry Forms for the FIRST EXTRA RACE MEETING to be held on SATURDAY, 9th MARCH, 1929 (Weather Permitting), may be obtained at the Race Office, Hong Kong Jockey Club, and at the Race Office, Kowloon Jockey Club.

Entries will CLOSE at 12 O'clock Noon on MONDAY, 4th MARCH, 1929. [7432]

KAI TACK MOTOR BUS CO.

(1928), LTD.

THE following New TIME TABLE will be put into Force on and from MARCH 1st, 1929—

(Times from KOWLOON CITY).

Route 3.
5.35 A.M. to 9.20 A.M. 10 Minutes.
9.20 P.M. to 12.50 P.M. 15.
(Extra Buses will be provided during Rush Hours).

Route 4.
5.30 A.M. to 6.50 A.M. 10 Minutes.
6.50 A.M. to 11.50 P.M. 6.
11.50 P.M. to 12.50 A.M. 10.

Route 5.
Entirely Suspended.

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LTD.
L. O. F. BELLAMY,
General Manager.
[7435]

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE TREATY.

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PREMISES known as Nos. 7 and 9, CHATHAM ROAD and No. 1-35 (Odd Numbers) COOKE STREET, Kowloon, erected on HONGKONG LEASEHOLD No. 224 HONGKONG PORT.

For Further Particulars, Apply to—
Messrs. DEACONS,
Solicitors,
1, Des Voeux Road Central.
[7420]

INTIMATIONS.

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

RACE MEETING, 1929.
25th, 26th, 27th FEBRUARY & 2nd MARCH, 1929.

THE FIRST RACE on Each Day will be Run at 12 O'clock Noon. The First Ball will be Run at 11.30 A.M. Each Day.

MEMBERS' BADGES.

Members' Badges of Admission are now ready and may be obtained by those Members who have not already received them from Messrs. LINSTED & DAVIS, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Members have the privilege of introducing Two Non-members to the Members' Enclosure. A limited Number of Tickets are available and may be obtained from Messrs. LINSTED & DAVIS, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, on or before SATURDAY, 23rd FEBRUARY, 1929, at a Cost of \$10 Each Per Day or \$30 for the Meeting.

The Charge for Admission for Ladies to the Members' Enclosure will be \$4 Per Day. Each Member can obtain Free Application to the SECRETARY. Badges for the Admission of Two Ladies Free of Charge.

On no pretext will Children be permitted in either Enclosure during the First Three Days of Racing.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

Tickets of Admission to the Public Enclosure, Price \$3 Per Day for All Persons including Ladies, may be purchased from Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, Ltd., or at the Gate. Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform admitted to the Public Enclosure at \$1 Per Day.

Admission by Ticket Only. Bookmakers, etc., will not be permitted to operate within the Members' Enclosure during the Race Meeting.

SERVANTS' PASSES.

Passes for Servants will be issued on Application to Messrs. LINSTED & DAVIS, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. Employers are requested to distribute them with discrimination and endorse their Names on the Passes.

Servants are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties, but must remain in their Employers' Stands. Any Persons found loitering about with Servants' Passes in their possession will forfeit the Same and will be removed from the Enclosure.

By Order,
C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.
[7392]

NOTICE.

THE NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the KOWLOON RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION will be held at the ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH HALL, Kowloon, on THURSDAY, the 25th FEBRUARY, 1929, at 6 P.M.

BUSINESS—

Adoption of Report and Accounts for the Year ended 31st December, 1928.
Election of Officers and Committee.
Any other Business.

It is earnestly requested that Members and all Others interested in the Welfare of Kowloon will make an endeavour to be present at the Meeting.

O. M. MANNERS,
Hon. Secretary.
[7415]

HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of HONG KONG TRAMWAYS, LIMITED, will be held at the Offices of Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, the 1st MARCH, 1929, at 12 O'clock Noon, to transact the Ordinary Business of the Company.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that the REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, 15th FEBRUARY, to FRIDAY, 1st MARCH, 1929, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. F. SIMMONS,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 7th Feb., 1929. [7371]

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY THIRD ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Company's Town Office, 2, Lower ALBERT ROAD, on THURSDAY, 25th FEBRUARY, 1929, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors together with Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend and re-electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 21st to the 28th FEBRUARY, 1929, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
M. MANDE,
Secretary.
Hong Kong, 13th Feb., 1929. [7390]

"Tis royal wine! Makes glad Sight, scent and taste.
Four then!
There glows a spark of fire Within its depths:
A subtle fragrance from it Upwards steals,
And in the drinking,
Know rich promise Bounteously fulfilled."

Fine

CHAMPAGNE

de St. Marceaux.

Vin Brut and Very Dry.

Per Dozen Qts. \$100.00.
" " Pints \$52.50.

Krug's

Per Dozen Qts. \$90.00.
" " Pints \$48.00.

Golden Guinea

Sparkling Muscatel.

Per Dozen Qts. \$62.00.
" " Pints \$34.00.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

PHONE C. 616. [50]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 40th ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, St. George's Building, CHATER ROAD, Victoria, Hong Kong, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th DAY of MARCH, 1929, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and a Report of the Directors for the Year ended 31st December, 1928.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 4th DAY of MARCH, 1929, to WEDNESDAY, the 13th DAY of MARCH, 1929, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hong Kong, 21st Feb., 1929. [7427]

HOUSES AND FLATS.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Train Station at the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.

Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and One-horse Two Lifts.

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CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME-ORIENT,
4th Floor,
FRANCO BANK BUILDING.

TO LET.

A FLAT in CARNARVON BUILDINGS, Kowloon.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.,
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.
[7393]

TO LET OR FOR SALE—At FANLING (in On Lok Village), Furnished or Unfurnished, 4 Roomed HOUSE with Garden and Garage. Monthly Price. Apply—KWONG SANG HONG, LTD., 250, DES VOEUX ROAD CENTRAL. [7386]

TO LET—One 4 Room FLAT.

Furnished or Unfurnished, 1st APRIL. Situated at MID LAY, Apply: XAVIER BROS. LTD., TEL. 3214.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.45 p.m., stated:—

A strong anticyclone now covers S.E. Mongolia and China. Strong monsoon may be expected along the S.E. coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Local Forecast:—N.E. winds, fresh to strong, cloudy, misty, some rain.

Hong Kong Office: 11, Ice House Street.

London Office: 21, Bridle Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, FEBRUARY 25th, 1929.

THE OUTLOOK IN CHINA.

Closing the eyes to obvious but unpleasant facts is an easy but ineffective policy. The business-man who achieves success in his endeavours is the man who faces up to the facts as he sees them, not as he would wish them to appear. To take an optimistic view of any situation is not necessarily to ignore the unfavourable elements that exist. Similarly, he whose views are pessimistic does not of necessity close his eyes to facts which do not fit his theory. The difference between the two views is explained by disagreement of opinion as to the correct focussing of the facts. In the course of his speech at the annual meeting of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Mr. COMPTON, Chairman of the Board of Directors, made a very effective point in this connection. He said that if his review of the Chinese situation was less tinged with optimism than some of his hearers had hoped, it should be remembered that he was dealing with the facts of to-day rather than the promise of to-morrow.

There is no institution more closely in touch with current affairs in China than the bank with which Mr. COMPTON is associated. It has very important and far-reaching interests of its own in the country, and it also serves the interests of the Republic. The profession of a banker naturally brings him into direct touch with concrete facts rather than abstract theories. Every reaction upon commerce and industry—be it slight or serious—is quickly made known and felt to a banker. His clients must reveal to him—before anyone else—their actual knowledge of current conditions and their hopes of and fears for the future. It is solely upon their full and candid explanation of cold and hard facts that the decision of the banker depends—whether he will or will not lend the monetary facilities at his disposal to the client who requires financial assistance to meet an unexpected crisis or to carry out promising plans for the future. These being the normal relations existing between bankers and their clients, it is obvious that such a great concern as the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation has very special facilities for judging the general situation in China.

Mr. COMPTON spoke in the cautious and restrained tone which is to be expected of a man in his responsible position. He paid generous tribute to the Chinese authorities for having effected the progress that has been actually made in restoring order in the country. But these deserved compliments were accompanied by some very frank—though quite friendly—references to conditions which are much less satisfactory. These aspects of the situation are familiar to our readers—taxation, tariffs and transportation troubles, militarism and/or banditry, famine, poverty, and the absence of any sign of financial or administrative stabilisation. Mr. COMPTON freely acknowledged the difficulties with which the Chinese authorities are faced in grappling with these problems. He emphatically declared that those who have the responsibility of restoring law, order, and prosperity to China have our genuine sympathy, and that British observers, in following the bewildering developments of the Chinese situation, strive to maintain an outlook—essentially broad-minded and free from petty or biased views. Mr. COMPTON is here reflecting—consciously or otherwise—the views which have been repeatedly expressed both in and outside the House of Commons by members of His Majesty's Government. Britain's attitude towards China is one of friendly sympathy. It is

fully realised in Great Britain that the Chinese Government is faced with domestic and international problems of tremendous, almost terrifying, magnitude and difficulty. It is believed in Great Britain that the Nationalist Government is really and sincerely desirous of carrying out reforms for the development of the country and the prosperity of its citizens. There is one point, however, on which British and Chinese views do not quite agree, and that is whether an early and complete disappearance of various safeguards of foreign interests established by treaty is warranted by the conditions actually existing in the country.

Even the most enthusiastic upholder of China's sovereign rights must admit that the real authority of Nanking does not carry very far beyond the narrow confines of the new capital. Until there is a Central Government whose writ runs through the length and breadth of the Republic, there can be no real confidence regarding the security of legitimate foreign interests in China. How soon it is before the authority of the Central Government is freely and fully recognised throughout the Republic is a matter for the Chinese themselves to decide. The British representatives in Peking and in Hong Kong—as Mr. COMPTON pointed out—have succeeded by their personal influence in establishing the most friendly contact with Chinese officials. So far, so good; the violent outburst of anti-British sentiment has died down, and Britain has demonstrated her willingness to meet China halfway, or even more than half-way, in any reasonable demand for the revision of existing treaty relations. The one prerequisite for further progress in this direction is a guarantee that the Government with which such negotiations are carried on is in fact an Administration with real authority over the territory it professes to control—that a pledge given at Nanking can be enforced by the central authorities in any part of the Republic. Until internal conditions in China have settled to an extent as to make it possible for the Nationalist Government to establish and maintain its authority throughout the Republic, negotiations for treaty revision can only move very slowly and unsatisfactorily.

Concerning trade prospects in general, Mr. COMPTON was very cautious in expressing his opinion, and this reserve is fully justified. Nobody knows what political developments there may be in China during the year. If there is further civil war, there must be further disturbance of normal trade, and industry and commerce must suffer in consequence. If there is peace—or comparative quietude within the country—there will be every likelihood of good business being done. Improved roads and communications means increased commerce within the Republic, and this in turn means more foreign trade. There is much lost ground to be recovered; there are depleted stocks to be brought up to normal requirements, but these "things" depend upon internal peace, and internal peace depends upon those who call themselves the leaders of the new democratic movement in China. That the country is more united to-day than it ever has been is beyond question, but this degree of unity is still far from complete. That trade generally is reviving is also beyond question, but the process is extremely slow, and subject to setback at any moment. At last there are signs in China of the development of that intangible but powerful influence known as public opinion; moreover, there are signs that the men at the head of affairs are affected by expressions of public opinion. All these are factors which warrant a restrained optimism concerning the general outlook. There will be many more quarrels between rival political leaders or rival War Lords. There will be bloodshed and destruction of property. There will be more diplomatic crises, deadlocks, and ruptures, but China is moving on in spite of all these things. With sympathetic understanding, and with the sincere hope that the courage and energy which have been shown by the few at the head of affairs will be imitated by the many.

Turkey's New Civilisation.

The liberation of Turkish women from the Harem, the regulation of marriage and divorce, the abolition of polygamy and the adoption of modern dress have placed Turkey on a new road of civilisation and progress, according to Lord Melchett, a prominent financier who is visiting Paris. In a press interview he attributed all these reforms to the "enlightened régime of Mustafa Kemal." Referring to the time not long passed when black swarthy eunuchs guarded the harem of the Sultan's palace and veiled women darted nervously through the crooked streets of Stamboul, he said, "Those were the days of a pretty masquerade which delighted and fascinated visitors; but we could not be expected to keep up a masquerade just for the amusement of tourists. To-day, the foundation of a new Turkey has been laid by the genius of Ghazi, Mustafa Kemal. He has separated church and state, done away with the Arabic script in favour of Latin characters and abolished the Sultanate. His far-reaching reforms have given freedom to women, suppressed polygamy, modernized clothes and have resulted in vast improvements with regard to marriage and divorce. These changes are immense and have given Turkey a new impetus. The work of Mustafa Kemal has reached into almost every branch of life and government. One of the most important tasks he accomplished was in the realm of finance. The Turkish government has balanced its budget without inflation of currency or the floating of loans. It has expended surplus revenue on the construction of railroads. Turkey is a huge country and can support double its population of 12,000,000. It is full of potentialities." In conclusion, Lord Melchett declared, "I want to emphasize that since Ghazi Mustafa Kemal has been in power, the Turkish government has faithfully and punctually met all its commitments."

News and Views.

To-night's lecture at the Y.M.C.A. on "China" has been postponed.

The Banvard Musical Comedy Company will give a farewell performance at the Star Theatre to-night at 8.15. The programme, "Review of Reviews," is composed of the most popular numbers in the repertoire.

A lecture entitled "The Wandering Scholars of the Middle Ages" will be delivered by Miss M. B. Watts, M.A., to-morrow (Tuesday) at 5 p.m. in the University Union Assembly Room. The lecture is open to the public.

There will be a gala performance at the Harrogate Circus on Friday, March 1st, at 8.15 p.m., at which H.E. the Governor, Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G. will be present. Fifty per cent. of the gross takings will be given to the R.S.P.C.A.

The Ruislip and Northwood District Council have decided to construct a public golf course.

The selected site has been used as a recreation ground and lies between the Northwood golf course and Ruislip Reservoir. Sandy Herd, the well-known professional at Moor Park, has been entrusted with the designing of the course, which will be one of nine holes. He says: "I am going to start work immediately, and before the summer arrives it will be possible to have the public playing over the new course. It is a beautiful situation and I have fine natural golfing country to work upon. The course will not require much bunkering, and the turf is of excellent quality. I can get nine good holes out of it with a total length of over 3,000 yards."

The inhabitants of the village of Antroccoli, Italy, claimed the right to appoint their own parish priest when the post became vacant on the death of the rector. The man of their choice was the curate but the "curia" of the diocese, ignoring the villagers' requests sent another priest to take up the mission. When he arrived, he found the church and priest's house locked and the villagers drawn up en masse in the village square. He was greeted with groans and hisses by the crowd. The church bell was rung furiously, and din was made with sticks and tin cans and every kind of noise-producing instrument. The Reverend gentleman deemed it prudent to take the next train of to take the next train of to the village. He is at present without any parish priest pending an inquiry by the superior ecclesiastical authorities.

Lions Provide More Thrills.

A lion and a lioness provided a genuine thrill at Harroton's Circus at Wanchai on Saturday evening. Two lions and two lionesses were going through their turn, when the largest pair became spiteful. They had been giving trouble during the day and the trainer was inclined to be dubious as to the advisability of allowing them to perform. The lion was standing on a huge chair while its mate was crouched in a corner. Hassan, the Javanese lion-tamer, tapped the lioness gently with a cane to induce her to mount her stand. The lion, thinking the trainer was hurting his mate, sprang from his chair and attempted to strike Hassan with his paw. The trainer kept the angry brutes at bay with his whip and the animals finally went through their performance. Later, the biggest lion refused to vacate his chair and a battle of wills occurred which ended in the trainer's favour but not before the animal had caused the trainer some concern. It bit and tore at the chair and then struck at the trainer who closed in upon the lion to prevent its taking a spring at him. After some difficulty, the lion was driven into a corner with its companions and was then induced to enter its cage. When he left the ring, perspiration was streaming down his face. The audience sat quite calm and composed throughout the performance, thinking that it was all part of the "turn."

Turkey's New Civilisation.

The French Ministry of Colonies is seriously studying a project for skyscrapers in the colonial forests. The scheme which the young Peruvian architect, Pedro E. Paulet, advances as the only rational means of colonising the tropical areas according to a United Press message from Paris. Instead of mud huts scattered along paths in the virgin forests, M. Paulet sees a 31-storey skyscraper, housing 5,000 persons and providing hospitals, moving pictures, drama, tea-dance restaurants, schools, library, laboratory facilities and apartments for the entire European colony of the place. His reinforced concrete skyscraper would be equipped with all the modern comforts including refrigerated ventilation, to provide cool air just as central heating plants provide warm air in the colder climates. In this single skyscraper, the architect would gather a great sized city. He has them so designed that if the town expands the building can be expanded to house 10,000. He sees them especially valuable in colonising the Amazon valley. It is the theory of M. Paulet that "garden cities" are impractical in the tropics, especially in damp countries, where Europeans should try to live as high above the ground as possible. In the skyscrapers, families living twenty-five to thirty-five stories above ground can escape tropical diseases and need never leave the skyscraper from one end of the year to another. "Having seen millions of tons of precious fruit rotting every day in the marvellous forests of the Amazon valley because of the lack of labourers to pick and pack it, I have been working for thirty years to remedy this scandal," Mr. Paulet declared. "In Europe skyscrapers are the most costly solution to the urban problem, while in America they are the most economical. But in the tropics they are both the most economical and most practical. They alone provide means to conquer levers and by their materials are rat-proof. I have presented to the French Ministry of Colonies a project for a model city-skyscraper of four stories under ground and twenty-seven stories above ground which can house a community of 5,000 Europeans and provide them with every comfort. In the skyscraper will be four hotels with a total of 1,260 beds, 480 family apartments and 176 shops, but only one third of the space in the building will be taken by housing. Every phase of city life from hospitals to amusements will be contained under one roof."

London Honours Motor Pioneers.

Four pioneers of motoring last month became Freeman of the City of London and Livermen of the Worshipful Company of Coachmakers. They were Mr. Stanley Page, the air pioneer; Mr. Massac Bull, editor of *The Autocar*; Mr. Stanley Spooner, who was in the forefront of every motoring enterprise thirty years ago; and Mr. F. S. Bennett, vice-president of the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders. The ceremony of admission to the freedom of the City and the livery was performed by Mr. W. J. McCormack, who is Master of the Guild. He was assisted by the Wardens, Sir Edward Manville, Mr. W. Lawton Godman, and Mr. Sydney Norvich, with the members of the Court of Assistants, amongst whom are Sir Herbert Austin and Mr. J. D. Siddeley. The ceremony took place in the hall of the Worshipful Company, and following the luncheon the newly elected Freeman were conducted to the Guildhall for registration. Others upon whom the same honours were conferred were Mr. Joseph Ernest Turner and Mr. Thomas Henry Ratfield, also connected with the motor industry.

New Stock Exchange for Shanghai.

According to the *Shanghai Times*, Shanghai is to have a real stock exchange. The tentative plans of the Shanghai Share Brokers Association have matured, and in a few months' time, a building, costing Tls. 200,000, will be erected and exchange on the same lines as those in London and New York will function there. The Committee in charge has already signed the lease for the new building, which will be two-storied and fitted on the lines of the New York Stock Exchange. The membership of the Shanghai Share Brokers Association is limited to 50, which is to be the number of seats on the new exchange. In spite of this limitation, the public will be permitted to enter and watch financial operations. Minute by minute the fluctuations of the shares will be recorded both inside and outside of the building for the benefit of all concerned. The amount of business done will also be announced, giving the buyers and sellers an idea of the trend of the market. It is understood that approximately a hundred million dollars worth of shares and securities are floating in Shanghai. Settling days, which are now quarterly, will be weekly. The new exchange will open at 9.40 a.m. when quotations will be made, and close at 4 p.m. when closing quotations will be given. There will also be a clearing house for quarterly settlements. This will facilitate the work of the brokers and will also be a convenience to the banks. Auction will take place during the exchange hours. The point is stressed that the public is free to enter the building and scrutinize all business so that the prices will be competitive.

Tropical Skyscrapers.

The French Ministry of Colonies is seriously studying a project for skyscrapers in the colonial forests. The scheme which the young Peruvian architect, Pedro E. Paulet, advances as the only rational means of colonising the tropical areas according to a United Press message from Paris. Instead of mud huts scattered along paths in the virgin forests, M. Paulet sees a 31-storey skyscraper, housing 5,000 persons and providing hospitals, moving pictures, drama, tea-dance restaurants, schools, library, laboratory facilities and apartments for the entire European colony of the place. His reinforced concrete skyscraper would be equipped with all the modern comforts including refrigerated ventilation, to provide cool air just as central heating plants provide warm air in the colder climates. In this single skyscraper, the architect would gather a great sized city. He has them so designed that if the town expands the building can be expanded to house 10,000. He sees them especially valuable in colonising the Amazon valley. It is the theory of M. Paulet that "garden cities" are impractical in the tropics, especially in damp countries, where Europeans should try to live as high above the ground as possible. In the skyscrapers, families living twenty-five to thirty-five stories above ground can escape tropical diseases and need never leave the skyscraper from one end of the year to another. "Having seen millions of tons of precious fruit rotting every day in the marvellous forests of the Amazon valley because of the lack of labourers to pick and pack it, I have been working for thirty years to remedy this scandal," Mr. Paulet declared. "In Europe skyscrapers are the most costly solution to the urban problem, while in America they are the most economical. But in the tropics they are both the most economical and most practical. They alone provide means to conquer levers and by their materials are rat-proof. I have presented to the French Ministry of Colonies a project for a model city-skyscraper of four stories under ground and twenty-seven stories above ground which can house a community of 5,000 Europeans and provide them with every comfort. In the skyscraper will be four hotels with a total of 1,260 beds, 480 family apartments and 176 shops, but only one third of the space in the building will be taken by housing. Every phase of city life from hospitals to amusements will be contained under one roof."

THE SITUATION AT CHEFOO.

LIU CONSOLIDATING HIS POSITION.

GUNBOATS BLOCKADE LUNGKOW.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Chefoo, Feb. 24th. It is ascertained that Ku Shien Chi surrendered yesterday. 500 of his men were taken prisoner and disarmed, but the rest escaped to Penglai.

Liu Chen Nien is consolidating his positions and moving up supplies to the front preparatory to a fresh advance. The situation here remains quiet.

BLOCKADE BY GUNBOATS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, Feb. 24th. The military authorities have requested Yin Ying Chi, who is stationed at Haichow, to despatch fresh troops to Chefoo to strengthen Liu Chen Nien's offensive. Gunboats belonging to the North-Eastern Squadron have been ordered to blockade Lungkow in order to cut off the retreat of Chang Tsung Chang.

NAVAL ASSISTANCE AT LUNGKOW.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. According to a message from Tsingtao, Marshal Chiang Kai Shek has ordered General Yin Ying Chi to send a detachment to assist General Liu Chen Nien against Chang Tsung Chang, while a request has been made to General Chang Hsueh Liang for naval assistance at Lungkow.

DECISIVE VICTORY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Chefoo, Feb. 23rd. The fighting at Kangyu on February 23rd ended in a decisive victory for the Nationalist garrison of eastern Shantung, which is commanded by General Liu Chen Nien. The garrison, having ventured out after retreating, surrounded a portion of the enemy 25 miles west of Chefoo.

Hwang Feng Chi, a bandit leader of the opposing side, after being defeated on February 21st, fell back towards Penglai and hostilities were suspended for the time being.

Present expectations are that the surrounded rebels will surrender.

General Liu Chen Nien has returned to Chefoo with a detachment of his troops. His Chief of Staff, interviewed by Reuter, confirms the foregoing, adding that their forces captured 700 prisoners and a quantity of munitions, with a loss of 200 men.

Red Armlets.

The enemy was flying the Nationalist flag, the Chief of Staff stated, but were wearing red armlets.

Chefoo is calm, and the motor-bus service to Fushan has been resumed. The Nationalist gunboat Chu Yu has arrived.

The fact that Chang Tsung Chang is directing the revolt has been established but his actual presence is still not located.

Further Complications.

It is learned from a reliable source that a brigade of troops belonging to the 1st Army Group while being transferred from Nan-kow Pao to the south of Shantung province, revolted when they had reached a position just north of the Yellow River.

The revolting men declared for Chang Tsung Chang and are marching on Wutung, thereby adding further complications to the developments in Shantung.

THE PROBLEM OF CHANG TSUNG CHANG.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. General Chang Tsung Chang's military campaign in Eastern Shantung has aroused considerable speculation both in the Legation Quarter and in Nanking official circles. It is noted that he was able to leave Dairen for Shantung and is in possession of a large sum of money and a quantity of ammunition. The Nationalist Government is faced with great difficulty in sending an expedition against him owing to the fact that a large number of Japanese troops are blocking the way in Eastern Shantung.

HUNAN AND Kiangsi TO FIGHT?

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HANKOW, Feb. 24th. The latest news from Changsha indicates that all is quiet. It is stated that Lu Ti Ping is at present lying low in north Hunan and he is expected later to go to Kiangsi and join up with Chu Pei Teh at Nanchang. Rumours are prevalent here to the effect that hostilities are expected very soon between Hunan and Kiangsi, though this is denied by the local authorities.

DEMONSTRATION AT PEPING.

LEGATION QUARTER IN DIFFICULTIES.

MOB SCARED BY BLANK CARTRIDGES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEPING, Feb. 24th. This morning large bodies of troops belonging to General Shang Chen and numbers of armed Municipal police were called out to prevent a huge mass meeting which had been organized by labour bodies for the purpose of demonstrating at the Legation Quarter entrances in connection with the strike of the Legation Quarter police.

The streets bordering on the Quarter were heavily lined with police and troops while the Quarter authorities put on extra guards at all gates.

The would-be demonstrators gathered at the headquarters of the Municipal Kuomintang and decided to have a demonstration despite troops and police, and shortly afterwards a mob numbering several thousand attempted to force an entrance at the Chungwah Gate, which is adjacent to the Quarter.

It appeared as if the police and troops would be overpowered when the latter were ordered to fire one round of blank. This caused confusion in the crowd and enabled the police and troops to gain the upper hand. However, the situation is still full of possibilities as the huge mob refuses to disperse.

GENERAL CRISIS.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. According to opinion at Nanking, the recent coup d'etat at Hankow and the ousting of General Lu Ti Ping is highly illegal. The Hankow leaders are overstepping their power in discharging General Lu and attempting to reform the Provincial Government of Hupoh. It is probable that this incident will lead to a general crisis although the actual affair has only local significance. The Kuomintang Central Executive Committee are going to call a joint meeting with the Court of Inspection to consider the matter.

CHARGE AGAINST HUNAN CHAIRMAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, Feb. 23rd. The Wu-Han branch of the Central Political Council has laid charges of appropriation of finances, neglect of suppression of Communists and bandits, and imposition of exorbitant taxes and general mismanagement of affairs against General Wu Ti Ping, who was chairman of the Hunan Provincial Government until he was ousted a few days ago by three other Generals operating with the alleged approval of the leaders at Wu-Han.

These charges will be discussed here at the next meeting of the Central Political Council. Meanwhile officialdom is reticent about the coup in Hunan.

ARMY HEADQUARTERS ABOLISHED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, Feb. 23rd. The State Council has announced a decision that the Headquarters of the Commander-in-Chief of the Nationalist Armies and also the Headquarters of the four Army Groups shall be abolished before March 15th, and that the various military Reorganization and Disbandment offices be formally established on March 15th.

AWAITING ASSURANCES FROM JAPAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. The Foreign Minister, Dr. C. T. Wang, interviewed this morning, stated that the Sino-Japanese negotiations were held up pending satisfactory assurances from Tokyo that any agreement henceforth reached by Dr. Wang and Mr. Yoshizawa would be unreservedly accepted by Japan.

YOSHIZAWA TO BE RECALLED?

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao).

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. In spite of previous reports stating that Dr. Wang Ching Ting and Mr. Yoshizawa have agreed to hold another meeting at Shanghai in an attempt to reach a final settlement of the Tainan Incident, a report to hand today states that Dr. Wang has not yet met Mr. Yoshizawa. It seems likely that the Japanese Government will order Mr. Yoshizawa to return to Tokyo and entrust Mr. Shigemitsu Aoi, the newly appointed Japanese Consul-General at Shanghai, with the responsibility of continuing the negotiations.

SPAIN'S DICTATOR TO RETIRE.

DR. RIVERA'S FINAL GESTURE.

LACK OF "POLITICAL SUPPLEMENTS."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MADRID, Feb. 23rd. A remarkable article, foreshadowing the "early demise" of the Dictatorship, is published by *La Nacion*.

The paper says that the final gesture from General De Rivera will be to submit to a plebiscite the draft of the Constitution and cognate Bills governing the elections.

When Parliament re-assembles the King will have 400 men, from whom he can choose a Cabinet without relying on General De Rivera, who will probably be a Deputy, but who is voluntarily retiring from the Dictatorship, as he considers that he is without the political supplements to govern under ordinary constitutional conditions.

EVACUATION FROM KABUL.

MISSIONS' USELESS POSITION.

PLANES HELD UP BY SNOW.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 24th. Reuter learns that the decision to evacuate the British Mission in Afghanistan was taken after Sir Francis Humphrys had consulted with the representatives of the other European Missions and had evidently concluded that the most convenient moment for the move had arrived.

It is pointed out that in the present absence of stable government there is no object in maintaining representatives in a position of possibly personal danger.

One of the aeroplanes sent to effect the evacuation has returned to Peshawar owing to inability to land at Kabul on account of excessive snow.

U.S. INFLUENCE IN SAMOA.

SIX COMMISSIONERS TO BE APPOINTED.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23rd. President Coolidge has signed the Bill confirming the cession of the islands of Tutuila, Manua and certain others of the Samoan Group to the United States and also providing that the President appoint six commissioners, two of whom must be chiefs of eastern Samoa; and to recommend suitable legislation for the Government of the United States territory of that island.

GOVERNMENT CRISIS IN JAPAN.

REACTIONS FEARED AT NANKING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Feb. 23rd. A telegram from Osaka says the passage of the resolution of censure on the Premier by the Upper House is regarded in financial circles here with the gravest concern and business firms are closely watching the next move of Baron Tanaka.

The Asahi and Mainichi are urging the immediate resignation of the Cabinet.

The Osaka Stock Exchange shows general weakness.

With the exception of the *Jiji*, which regrets that the Peers made a political issue of such a question, the vernacular newspapers unanimously applaud their action in passing yesterday's resolution.

Effect at Nanking.

Whilst admitting that the proposals emanated from the resolution would be regarded as a warning and not an impeachment, the vernacular papers assert that the Cabinet should recognize its underlying significance and either dissolve the Diet and appeal to the country or resign.

Official quarters seem mainly concerned lest the passage of the resolution will result in stiffening Nanking's attitude in the belief that the Government's days are numbered.

TRAGIC FIRE IN SHANGHAI.

AMERICAN EADY KILLED.

ATTEMPTED RESCUE BY HUSBAND.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. Mrs. John Clausen was burned to death in a fire early this morning at a boarding house in the French Concession. Her husband, First Lieutenant Clausen of the United States Marines, was severely burned in attempting to save his wife and has been taken to hospital.

LI TSUNG JEN IN HOSPITAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Feb. 24th. Li Tsung Jen has entered the country hospital owing to a serious development of trouble affecting his eyes.

BRITAIN'S POLICY ABROAD.

SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN'S STATEMENT.

STEADY AND SOLID PROGRESS.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Feb. 23rd. Sir Austen Chamberlain, speaking at Torquay last night, said: "Great Britain and the United States have many roots in common in their past history and we live largely under the same laws and speak the same language. We have recently had some discussion with them in which we have not been able to reach an agreement. We have such discussions not infrequently with other Powers, and not infrequently with same result, yet nobody becomes alarmed and thinks it an unusual thing if a common solution of a difficult problem cannot be reached."

"The measure of attention which has been given to whatever differences have existed between the United States and ourselves is not really owing to the intrinsic value of the questions at stake but it is the measure of desire which we have for friendship with the nation which is most akin to our own. I am confident that it will be within our power to make proposals to the United States which will place our friendship on that firm footing which is not only to our interest but, I believe, to the interest of the world at large."

Great Achievements.

Dealing with the achievements of the Government, Sir Austen Chamberlain said that nobody would deny not only that world peace was more secure and that they were discussing their international difficulties in a newer and better spirit, but that they had turned over a new leaf and had closed the chapter of the Great War and the years that followed it and had opened a brighter chapter.

The early years which followed the signing of peace brought no peace to the nations, but the position became worse and it seemed a certain prediction that sooner or later, perhaps not in his time but in that of his children or grandchildren, the old conditions would again arise and the world would be flung once more into a terrible struggle from which Western civilization would never again emerge. It was upon some such an Europe, where behind all and at the root of all lay the feeling of fear and signs of insecurity, that he first looked out of the Foreign Office window.

Friendship with France.

"We sought to win back the confidence of France and from a close friendship with our war ally to build up a common reconciliation. I am reproached with being in M. Briand's pocket. I told him so and he seemed to think 'his pocket was not quite big enough to contain the Foreign Minister of Britain. He also told me that if I was reproached with subservience to him, he was also in his own country reproached with subservience to me."

"I would not have you lull yourselves to sleep with the idea that the constitution of the League of Nations has made war impossible. That is a result which may never be obtained, and one which at any rate must take long years of honest endeavour to achieve."

ENTIRELY DIFFERENT MAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HAVANA, Feb. 24th. George Haldeman, who accompanied Ruth Elder in her unsuccessful transatlantic flight last year, completed a non-stop flight from Windsor, Ontario, to Havana. He left Windsor at 3.49 in the morning and arrived in Havana at 4.45 in the afternoon.

KING'S GOOD PROGRESS AT BOGNOR.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Feb. 23rd. It was stated officially at Craigwell House, Bognor, on Saturday morning that the King had passed a good night. Officials of the Royal Household comment on the great improvement in the King since he went to Bognor. "He is an entirely different man from what he was a fortnight ago," said one of them this morning.

His Majesty now gets up and dresses soon after breakfast, and spends most of the day sitting at an open window. He eats well and has gained in strength, but he is not yet to be regarded as fully convalescent.

MINERS' MARCH TO LONDON.

PETITION TO PREMIER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 23rd. Their ranks depleted by nearly a quarter owing to the severe weather, 800 unemployed miners, consisting of four main groups from all over the country, arrived on the outskirts of London last night and were accommodated in workhouses and halls.

The men complete their march today.

A mass demonstration will be held in Trafalgar Square tomorrow (Sunday), and they will present a petition to the Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, on Tuesday.

ANOTHER ATLANTIC FLIGHT.

"BREMEN" HEROES NEW VENTURE.

RE-FUELLING IN THE AIR.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Feb. 22nd. Colonel Fitzmaurice and Captain Koehl, the first and only airmen to fly the Atlantic from east to west, in company with the late Baron Von Huenefeld, are to introduce a novel feature when they re-attempt the feat in June.

When they flew across in the "Bremen" they made a forced descent on remote Greally Island, as the result of shortage of petrol. On this occasion they intend to re-fuel in the air.

The machine chosen for their latest attempt is a Junkers three-engined aeroplane fitted with floats instead of wheels for rising from and alighting on water.

The start will be made from a large lake near Berlin.

Very little petrol will be taken on board, the aviators thereby overcoming the difficulties usually experienced in rising, but the airmen will re-fuel while aloft over Berlin, as was done in the case of the "Question Mark" in the United States recently.

Fuel at the Azores.

Re-fuelling of the machine will be again carried out in the air when the machine reaches Lisbon from which point it is intended to strike out across the Atlantic.

It is expected that the petrol supplied at Lisbon will suffice to carry the airmen all the way to New York, but in the event of difficulties being encountered, as for instance the impeding winds which are the chief factor in rendering the flight from East to West so much more difficult than from the opposite direction, they will fly to the Azores where they will re-fill again in the air.

The Junkers plane will carry wireless equipment, and they will summon by wireless a third machine to supply them with fuel at the Azores should this be necessary.

The airmen expect to make the journey to New York in fifty hours. They will be accompanied by two other pilots.

Return Flight.

It is understood that the aviators have further decided that in the event of a successful flight on the lines set out, they will venture the return journey to Berlin almost immediately in the same plane, following much the same route.

Should both flights prove successful, they will become the first airmen who have flown the Atlantic in both directions.

Plans for the flight are now proceeding apace, and it is expected that the necessary arrangements will be completed by early June.

Great interest is being taken in the flight as it indicates the most ready appropriation of the "Question Mark" at Los Angeles recently.

With a powerful multi-engined plane, it is thought possible that the re-fuelling in the air system will revolutionize ideas regarding the practicability of transoceanic flights by heavier-than-air craft.

ATLANTIC ASPIRANT'S FLIGHT.

COMPANION OF RUTH ELDER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HAVANA, Feb. 24th. George Haldeman, who accompanied Ruth Elder in her unsuccessful transatlantic flight last year, completed a non-stop flight from Windsor, Ontario, to Havana. He left Windsor at 3.49 in the morning and arrived in Havana at 4.45 in the afternoon.

LEBRIX PLANS.

ARRIVAL IN SAIGON.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Feb. 24th. A telegram from Saigon says that Lebriz and Paillard wired from Allahabad, where they landed on Saturday, saying that they will arrive in Saigon at four o'clock in the afternoon on Sunday after a stop at Bangkok.

AFFAIRS OF BANCA ITALO-BRITANNICA.

ARRANGEMENTS TO FULFIL ALL BUSINESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Feb. 23rd. In view of the rumours regarding the affairs of the Banca Italo-Britannica, an auxiliary of the British-Italian Banking Corporation, which was founded in 1916 with British Government co-operation, Reuter is informed that London banks have made arrangements to ensure the due fulfilment of all the former's engagements and an uninterrupted continuation of its business.

The Corporation's stock is mostly held by British and Empire banks including the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, the National Bank of India, and the Standard Bank of South Africa.

AIRWAYS VIA THE POLE.

EXPEDITION TO COLLECT DATA.

GERMAN AIRSHIP'S EXPLORATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

OTTAWA, Feb. 24th. An international scientific organization, known as the "Aero-Arctic," is seeking through its intermediary, Capt. Walter Bruns, Canadian support for a proposed flight of the German Government airship LZ.127 this year from Leningrad to Alaska and thence over the Canadian Polar Basin. The Government is considering sending a Canadian scientist with the expedition, which is to map the Arctic regions, observe weather conditions and secure scientific data with regard to the possibility of establishing commercial international air routes via the short northern circle.

OWNERSHIP OF POLAR REGIONS.

COMMISSION TO BE ESTABLISHED.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22nd. The opinion is expressed that Commander Byrd's Antarctic discoveries may eventually lead to the creation of an International Arbitration Commission to settle the question of how far national ownership can be established by hoisting a flag on uninhabitable territory.

U.S. WITHDRAWALS FROM NICARAGUA.

ADMINISTRATION CAUGHT NAPPING.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24th. The Senate has reversed its snap decision of yesterday whereby the motion calling for an early withdrawal of all United States Marines from Nicaragua was adopted. This was done at the instance of the administration which, admitting that it was caught napping yesterday, had intimated that it would attempt to obtain another vote.

The situation arising from the snap vote was dull but the amendment was only retrieved after both President Coolidge and Mr. Kellogg had very strongly opposed the amendment on the ground that it would handicap the plans of the Government for the restoration of peace in Nicaragua. A number of Senators who previously voted for the amendment consequently now voted against it, but Senator Borah again voted for the amendment.

AMERICAN EXPERT ON DISARMAMENT.

VISIT TO WHITE HOUSE.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24th. Mr. Hugh Gibson, the Ambassador to Belgium, accompanied by Admiral Hilary Jones, who was associated with Gibson at the Geneva Disarmament Conference in 1927, visited President Coolidge at the White House. To a Reuter representative, Mr. Gibson said that he had been summoned home by the State Department in order to give the incoming administration all necessary information on European disarmament. It is assumed that Mr. Gibson will act as official observer at the meeting of the Preparatory Commission on Disarmament at Geneva.

GEORGE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

AMERICA'S INTERNATIONAL AMITY.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23rd. In his address in celebration of George Washington's birthday, President Coolidge declared that America's foreign relations had rarely been happier. "We have no important undusted problem with the Government of any European nation except Russia."

He emphasized that the United States cherished her position of unprejudiced detachment, because thereby she could best meet her world obligations.

Fire in Women's College.

One student was killed and eight injured, whilst the main hall was seriously injured, as the result of a fire that broke out in the gymnasium of the Illinois Women's College on the occasion of the celebrations of the bicentenary of George Washington.

The student who was killed leaped from a window.

The wife of the President of the College jumped and broke her leg, besides being otherwise injured. Hundreds of girls and townsfolk in the gymnasium created a panic and the doors became jammed with frantic strugglers.

Little damage was caused by the fire, which is attributed to a flashlight photograph.

Telegrams in Brief.

Replying to condolences from one of his partners at the annual ball of the Melton Mowbray Branch of the British Legion last night, with regard to the sale of his hunters, the Prince of Wales said that he intended to buy some more and that he was not severing his connection with Melton Mowbray. Twelve of his fifteen hunters, however, were put up for auction at Leicester on Saturday and fetched £4,198.

The Police have captured the notorious "preaching" burglar, who has harassed the citizens of Tokyo during the past two years. The prisoner, who is named Tamaki, aged 39 years, has confessed to committing over 100 burglaries.

The Irish Free State Parliament has authorized the ratification of the Kellogg Pact for the renunciation of war, by 33 votes to 30. A number of Republicans fiercely attacked the Treaty, describing it as an "open manifest lie" and an act of un-british hypocrisy.

The question of the resumption of trade with the Soviet was raised by Mr. Woodsworth (Lab.) at question-time in the Canadian House of Commons. The questioner asked whether the Canadian Government had considered the possibility of officially resuming trade relations with Russia. Mr. Mackenzie King, the Premier, said that the matter was being considered.

It is authoritatively stated that Bramwell Booth, the deposed leader of the Salvation Army, has shown signs of a relapse. The General is not nearly so well and some anxiety is now felt. Commander Eva Booth made a request to see her brother, but this was refused.

It is announced that H.R.H. the Duke of York will represent the King at the wedding of the Crown Prince of Norway and Princess Martha of Sweden at Oslo next month. He will be accompanied by the Duchess of York.

NEW LIFEBOATS PRESENTED.

PRINCE'S APPEAL BEARS FRUIT.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Feb. 23rd. Three lifeboats are being presented to the Royal National Lifeboat Institution by four of the principal shipping companies in response to an appeal made by the Prince of Wales last year.

NAVAL CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMME.

AMERICA'S ALLOTMENT FOR BUILDING.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23rd. The Senate has passed the Bill providing for \$12,370,000 as a start for the construction of new cruisers.

The final vote on the Navy Department Supply Bill, including appropriation in connection with the construction of cruisers, has been postponed.

However, in view of the unexpected vote on the Bill amending forbidding the use of Government credits for the transport of Marines from Nicaragua, except for the protection of American lives and property, this amendment is interpreted as involving the early withdrawal of Marines from Nicaragua.

Of \$12,370,000, \$200,000 will be available immediately to begin the five cruisers. The remainder will be available on July 1st to carry on the work and begin another five cruisers and an aeroplane carrier.

The Final Vote.

LATE.

After the rejection of the amendment to the Bill the Senate finally voted \$12,370,000 to begin the new cruiser construction programme and then passed an Appropriation Bill providing for the expenditure of \$380,000,000.

As the Senate, by inserting the item for new cruisers, has changed the form of the Bill, it must again be referred to the House of Representatives.

GRANT TO KEW GARDENS.

EMPIRE'S PLANTS TO BE CLASSIFIED.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Feb. 23rd. The Empire Marketing Board has made a grant to the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew to assist in the complete classification of all plants in the Empire. The grant, which is for a period of four years, amounts to £1,200 in the first year, rising to £1,300 in the fourth year.

LOCAL FOOTBALL.

ROYAL NAVY BEAT KOWLOON AT CAROLINE HILL.

QUEEN'S REGT. AND CHINA ATHLETIC DRAW AT SOOKUNPOO.

WINS FOR SOUTH CHINA AND THE POLICE.

Saturday's games in the Hong Kong League resulted as under:—

Division I.	
Royal Navy	4 Kowloon F.C. 0
South China	7 Small Units 1
H.K. Police	1 Club de Rec. 0
H.K.F.C.	2 K.O.S.B. 0
Queen's Regt.	1 China Ath. 1
Division II.	
K.O.S.B. Res.	6 K.F.C. Res. 1
R.N. Res.	5 C. de R. Res. 1
Queen's Regt.	China Ath.
Reserves	
Eastern F.C.	3 Small Units 0
Reserves	
R.A.F.	6 S. China "A" 0
R.A. Res.	1 South China "B" not played.

LEAGUE TABLES TO DATE.

Division I.	
P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	Goals.
South China	14 10 2 2 29 14 22
Queen's Regt.	15 9 3 3 40 13 21
H.K. Police	15 9 3 3 23 15 21
China Ath.	13 7 5 1 30 18 19
K.O.S.B.	13 5 3 3 23 19 13
Royal Navy	14 8 1 7 23 21 13
R.A.	12 6 0 6 20 24 12
Club de Rec.	4 4 3 7 33 11 21
Kowloon F.C.	14 3 3 0 11 21 11
H.K.F.C.	13 2 3 0 18 35 9
Small Units	15 0 15 9 62 0

Division II.	
P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	Goals.
R.N. Res.	15 13 1 1 66 14 27
K.O.S.B. Res.	15 12 1 1 21 17 25
Queen's Res.	14 11 9 1 53 14 24
China Ath.	12 8 1 3 27 13 17
R.A.F.	17 6 3 8 35 38 15
St. Joseph's	18 6 2 8 24 29 14
S. China "B"	15 6 2 7 24 35 14
Kowloon Res.	15 5 7 17 45 11
Eastern F.C.	14 3 6 8 22 31 11
R.A. Res.	14 4 2 8 23 40 10
C. de R. Res.	16 4 2 10 20 40 10
S. China "A"	17 1 8 8 18 39 10
S. Units Res.	18 3 4 11 23 57 10

HONG KONG F.C. v. K.O.S.B.

The Club was unfortunate in conceding a point when they were leading by two goals to nil and with only a few minutes for time. In the early stages of the game, the K.O.S.B. pressed strongly but the Club defence was very sound. Reeves and Stock were always dangerous, while Humphreys and Alexander on the respective wings put in some fine work.

Half-time, no score. The K.O.S.B. opened the second half strongly but the Club took the lead, Trambitzky beating Macdonald. The Borderers added another. The Borderers attacked strongly and Alexander into the net. The K.O.S.B. were not long in levelling up, Alexander scoring from a pass by McGlinchey.

SMALL UNITS v. SOUTH CHINA.

On the Railway ground, South China inflicted a heavy defeat on the Small Units the final score being seven goals to one in their favour. The Small Units impressed from the start but Pau Ka Ping cleared. After this Chui Kwong Lun, Lau Man, Fung King Cheung, and Tsang Shui Heung all scored for the Chinese.

A rally by the Small Units gave Smith the chance to beat Pau Ka Ping, but for South China Chui Kwong Lun and Lau Man (2) added further goals.

QUEEN'S REGT. v. CHINESE ATHLETIC.

It was unfortunate that the meeting of these teams should have been the occasion for disputes at the conclusion of the match, for up to the last minute the game had been contested in a perfectly sporting spirit. The Queen's were leading by the only goal scored right up to the last kick of the match, when Athletic were awarded a penalty, and the referee ordered sufficient extra time in order for the kick to be taken. With the result that Athletic equalised. The incident caused a lot of resentment amongst a Queen's supporters, who claimed that full time had been played prior to the infringement, but the referee ruled otherwise. The referee quickly had the measure

YACHTING.

ISIS WINS COMMODORE'S CUP.

Yesterday's cruiser race for the Commodore's Cup was won on corrected time by Isis and once again Isis finished first but was placed last.

The course was:—1, Tathong Rocks; 2, Mark on Line; 3, Kow-

loong Rocks; 4, Lyemun Beacon, a distance of 21 miles.

Results.

Yacht	Finish	Corrected Time
Isis (1st)	4.41.17	3.25.50
Curlew (2nd)	4.48.47	3.35.53
Feathers (3rd)	4.13.09	3.38.14
Queen Bee (4th)	4.24.38	3.41.35
Norwegian (5th)	4.27.10	3.43.57
U. and I. (6th)	4.17.57	3.63.05
Conquette (7th)	4.36.19	3.57.05
La Cigale (8th)	4.05.08	4.09.05
Wanderer		D.N.F.

HONG KONG POLICE v. CLUB DE RECREIO.

This game was played at King's Park, the Police winning in the closing minutes of the game. Most of the first half was in mid-field, a tussle between the respective attacks and half-back lines.

Half-time, no score. The game resumed but the forwards were well held. A Gosano on the wing was a source of danger but Clarke kept a watchful eye on him and cleared well. Just at the end the Police attacked strongly and McGreavy beat Beltrao with a cross shot.

K.O.S.B. v. KOWLOON.

At Sookunpoo the Borderers soundly trounced Kowloon to the tune of six goals to one. The result in no way exaggerates the superiority of the winners, but they left their effort rather late in the day, Kowloon holding on to the lead.

QUEEN'S REGIMENT v. CHINA ATHLETIC.

This game was played on St. Joseph's ground, the Queen's winning by three clear goals. Gill and Evans (2) scored for the Queen's.

R.A.F. v. SOUTH CHINA "A."

A goalless draw resulted from the meeting of these teams at King's Park on Saturday, there being little in the play to arouse enthusiasm. Both teams had plenty of chances to score, but the forwards were weak. Bracher made one or two very clever saves, and it was largely owing to his work that the Airmen saved a point in a somewhat insipid game.

EASTERN v. SMALL UNITS.

Goals were plentiful in this 2nd Division match at Caroline Hill on Saturday, and a well contested game ended in a draw, each side finding the net on three occasions. For Eastern, Harnden gave a good performance at inside left and Bam kept a fine goal. Harnden and Sabhan scored for Eastern, Dolling and Twelves (2) for the soldiers.

ROYAL NAVY v. CLUB DE RECREIO.

Played on the Navy ground at Happy Valley, the Navy winning by five goals to one. Evans scored for the Navy in the first half. Goals by Gray (3), Evans and Sorbie in the second half for the Navy, and Gonsalves for the Recreio made the above result for the Navy.

HOME FOOTBALL RESULTS.

IRELAND DEFEATED AT HOME BY SCOTLAND.

BRITISH ARMY CONQUER THE FRENCH.

A DAY OF SURPRISES IN THE LEAGUES.

The meeting of Scotland and Ireland at Belfast in the International Soccer Championship and the first match in the triangular tournament between the British, French and Belgian Armies were the chief events in the football programme at Home on Saturday. Scotland gained a comfortable victory over Ireland, while the British Army beat the French Army by a one-goal margin.

All Divisions of the English League had a full programme and there were many surprises. Aston Villa shared the points on their visit to Bury. Blackburn Rovers were badly defeated by Everton. Sheffield Wednesday, the leaders, shared a similar fate at Birmingham. Burnley had a five-goal victory over Leeds United. Portsmouth and Bolton shared the points with eight goals.

High scores were registered by home teams in Division II, Preston defeating Port Vale 7-1 and West Bromwich Albion having a tally of 6-2 against Barnsley. Chelsea lost away to Clapton Orient. A surprise here was Oldham's home victory against Notts County. Away teams were beaten in nine matches and shared the points in two games.

In Division III (Southern Section) Northampton, the leaders, conceded one point to Brentford. Fulham lost at home to Newport. Charlton won comfortably at home against Bournemouth and drew level with the leaders on points with the advantage of two matches in hand. In the Northern Section, the three teams at the top of the League table won, Stockport by a 5-0 margin away, Bradford City and Wrexham each by two goals at home. Among good returns by home teams was Barrow's 7-2 against Nelson and New Brighton's 6-1 against Rochdale.

The match between the Scottish Rangers and Third Lanark was not played. An unexpected result was the defeat of St. Mirren away to Clyde by four goals. The Hibernians created a surprise by defeating Celtic.

Cabled reports and results of matches and revised League tables are appended.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ENGLISH LEAGUE.

Division I.

Birmingham	4	Wednesday	1
Burnley	2	Leeds	0
Bury	2	Aston Villa	0
Cardiff	2	Manchester U.	2
Everton	2	Blackburn	2
Huddersfield	1	Sunderland	2
Manchester C.	3	Derby	2
Newcastle	3	Liverpool	2
Portsmouth	4	Bolton	4
Sheffield U.	1	Leicester	4
West Ham	3	Arsenal	4

Home wins 3, away wins 4, drawn 4. Goals scored: Home 31, away 25.

Division II.

Clapton	1	Chelsea	0
Grimby	4	Swansea	1
Middlesbrough	3	Millwall	0
Notts For.	1	Bristol C.	1
Oldham	3	Notts C.	2
Preston	7	Port Vale	1
Reading	3	Hull	0
Southampton	2	Wolves	1
Stoke	1	Blackpool	1
Tottenham	2	Bradford	2
West Brom	6	Barnsley	2

Home wins 9, away wins 0, drawn 2. Goals scored: Home 34, away 11.

Division III (Southern).

Brighton	2	Southend	1
Bristol R.	1	Watford	1
Charlton	6	Bournemouth	1
Coventry	1	Luton	1
Fulham	2	Newport	3
Gillingham	0	Brentford	0
Northampton	1	Swindon	1
Norwich	1	Merthyr	1
Plymouth	1	Crystal Palace	1
Queen's P.R.	2	Walsall	2
Torquay	1	Exeter	3

Home wins 3, away wins 2, drawn 6. Goals scored: Home 20, away 16.

Division III (Northern).

Accrington	0	Lincoln	1
Barrow	7	Nelson	2
Bradford C.	2	Ashington	0
Cardiff	0	Stockport	5
Chesterfield	2	Darlington	1
Doncaster	2	South Shields	1
Hartlepool	3	Hullfax	1
New Brighton	6	Rochdale	1
Rotherham	0	Tramerra	1
Wigan	4	Crewe	2
Wrexham	3	Southport	2

Home wins 8, away wins 3, drawn 0. Goals scored: Home 20, away 13.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Division I.

Aberdeen	1	Motherwell	1
Clyde	4	St. Mirren	0
Cowdenbeath	3	Ayr	1
Dundee	0	Raith Rovers	3
Falkirk	3	Heart of Midlothian	3
Hamilton	2	Partick	2
Hibernians	2	Celtic	1
Kilmarnock	1	St. Johnstone	1
Queen's Park	2	Airdrie	0
Rangers	0	Third Lanark	0

*Not played.

Home wins 4, away wins 1, drawn 4. Goals scored: Home 13, away 12.

ARMY TRIANGULAR TOURNAMENT.

BRITISH BEAT FRENCH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

The first match in the triangular soccer tournament between the British, French and Belgian Armies was played at Solihull Park on Saturday. The British Army defeated the French Army by five goals to four.

SCOTLAND DEFEAT IRELAND.

THRILLING INTERNATIONAL MATCH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

A gate of 35,000 saw Scotland defeat Ireland at Belfast on Saturday in the International Soccer Championship match. The weather was fine and the ground in a rather soft condition.

In the first three minutes of the game, Scotland, attacking strongly, forced three corners. Two of the flag kicks proved fruitless, but the third brought a goal through Gallagher, who speedily added another by drawing the custodian out and rolling the ball into the undefended net.

After this reverse the Irishmen warmed up. A fine movement by three of their players on the wing resulted in Rowley scoring their first goal with a shot from long range.

Scotland began to attack strongly again. In one of their raids Gallagher did the "hat trick" by netting from a perfect pass to centre. A further melee ensued in front of Ireland's goal when Jackson scored the fourth goal for Scotland.

For some time the ball was passed from end to end by long kicking. At the Scottish citadel the ball struck the post and rebounded to play. Rowley received it and made no mistake for Ireland's second goal. There was no further scoring before the interval, Scotland then leading by four goals to two.

After the change of ends Gallagher put Scotland further ahead by netting his fourth goal. This was followed by a strong appeal for off-side, which was disallowed by the umpire.

Returning to the fray with increased vigour, Ireland forced a corner which proved fruitful in Bambrick finding the net.

From now on both sides fought very desperately and corners resulted at frequent intervals. In an attack in Irish territory, James received a centre from Jackson and cleverly combined movement by the Scottish players was turned to good advantage by Jackson who added the seventh goal.

Result:—

Scotland 7 (Gallagher 4, Jackson 3, Rowley 2, Bambrick).

Ireland 2 (Rowley 2, Bambrick).

International Table.

By their defeat, Ireland, who came second in the International table last year, are now at the bottom bracketed with Wales, whose success in the championship that season was extraordinary in view of the fact that the previous season they had been unable to win a match and were bracketed bottom of the table with Ireland, Scotland and England sharing the Championship. Scotland have been champions in the two previous seasons.

As will be seen from the table below, England and Scotland are equal in points. They have both beaten Ireland and Wales, who played to a draw. The Championship will be decided on April 12th.

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.

England 3 2 0 0 5 3 4

Scotland 3 2 0 0 11 5 4

Wales 3 0 1 3 6 8 1

Ireland 3 0 1 2 6 11 1

LEAGUE TABLES.

The English League Tables and Scottish League Table (Division I.), up to and including matches completed on Saturday are appended:—

ENGLISH LEAGUE.

DIVISION I.

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	
Wednesday	30 18 8 6 63 43 40
Sunderland	31 16 0 9 74 49 38
Aston Villa	29 13 4 9 69 57 38
Leicester	29 14 7 8 69 50 35
Blackburn	29 15 8 9 57 41 35
Derby	31 15 5 11 53 55 35
Leeds	29 13 6 10 56 63 33
Everton	29 14 3 12 50 46 31
Huddersfield	29 15 6 11 58 41 30
Bolton	30 11 7 12 57 54 29
Arsenal	29 10 9 10 49 61 29
Newcastle	31 12 5 14 51 61 29
Liverpool	29 10 8 11 62 48 28
Barnsley	31 12 4 15 62 50 28
Birmingham	31 13 5 13 54 57 27
Manch. City	30 10 7 13 64 70 27
Sheffield U.	30 10 14 64 68 26
West Ham	29 10 6 13 61 69 26
Cardiff	31 7 9 15 34 43 23
Bury	29 9 5 14 49 67 23
Manch. U.	30 8 10 14 42 63 22
Portsmouth	28 10 1 17 39 67 21

DIVISION II.

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	
Middlesbrough	31 17 8 6 76 48 43
Chelsea	29 14 9 6 49 35 37
St. James	30 11 14 5 53 37 36
Grimby	23 15 8 6 60 45 35
Notts C.	30 13 8 9 54 43 34
Millwall	29 14 6 9 59 52 34
Stoke	30 12 9 9 50 35 33
Bradford	29 14 3 11 63 50 31
Preston	30 13 5 12 63 55 31
Notts For.	30 11 9 10 52 53 31
Blackpool	30 12 6 12 60 55 30
West Brom	31 11 6 14 52 56 29
Wolves	29 10 7 12 58 57 27
Hull	29 10 7 12 43 54 27
Tottenham	29 12 13 4 53 63 27
Reading	29 8 11 14 46 60 26
Swansea	30 9 7 14 46 60 25
Bristol C.	30 9 6 15 45 58 24
Oldham	30 10 4 16 35 58 24
Barnsley	30 8 17 42 36 22
Port Vale	29 10 1 13 48 64 21
Clapton	29 7 7 15 32 54 21

DIVISION III (SOUTH).

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	
Northants	29 15 7 7 73 40 37
Charlton	27 16 6 6 63 41 37
Fulham	29 15 6 8 74 47 36
Luton	29 15 8 7 58 47 36
Queen's P.R.	29 12 10 7 60 48 34
Plymouth	27 13 7 7 55 39 33
Coventry	30 12 8 10 47 36 32
Newcastle	29 10 6 11 52 56 30
Crystal P.	28 13 7 8 51 44 32
Bournemouth	27 12 7 8 53 63 31
Watford	27 14 3 10 50 50 31
Southend	29 10 9 10 57 50 29
Swindon	27 11 7 9 52 50 29
Walsall	30 10 13 7 47 61 29
Brentford	29 10 12 7 41 44 27
Brighton	28 10 4 14 40 53 24
Bristol R.	28 9 5 14 49 64 23
Torquay	28 10 9 16 50 60 29
Norwich	27 9 12 16 43 49 20
Newport	27 7 14 12 41 50 20
Gillingham	29 7 6 16 32 56 20
Merthyr	29 6 17 37 73 18
Exeter	27 5 16 39 64 16

DIVISION III (NORTH).

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.	
Stockport	30 19 5 6 88 43 43
Bradford C.	29 16 7 6 81 39 39
Wrexham	30 15 9 6 70 48 39
Doncaster	29 15 7 7 57 43 37
Carlisle	32 14 8 10 66 81 36
Wigan	28 14 6 9 53 33 34
Lincoln	30 13 6 11 54 55 32
N.Brighton	30 13 6



Georges Michel of France again praises "Ovaltine's" sustaining goodness

Three times, now, it has served him well—in his record English Channel swim, during last year's Wrigley Marathon, and throughout the terrific test of the 3rd Wrigley Marathon, just past.

At 11 o'clock, on the crack of the pistol, Wednesday morning, September 5th, two hundred swimmers dived off the special float provided by the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, to start the 3rd Wrigley Marathon.

Two hundred entrants, every one in the pink of physical condition—some of them the world's best swimmers.

One by one the icy water of Lake Ontario overcame them, humbling their strength and endurance. At 6.43 p.m., of all the two hundred who plunged so vigorously into the lake, only one man, Georges Michel, was left.

At 10.11 p.m.—nearly four hours later—he was still there. Finally, the terrible water conquered him also, but only after he had given an almost superhuman display of stamina and endurance.

What enabled Georges Michel to carry on in the gruelling contest for hours after all other men—men of magnificent physique—had been forced to quit?

Georges Michel trained on "Ovaltine." Georges Michel has always trained on "Ovaltine." He knows well the wonderful sustaining, strengthening and health-giving powers of this British tonic food beverage, which is a remarkable concentration of ripe barley malt, fresh eggs and creamy milk from England's richest pastures.

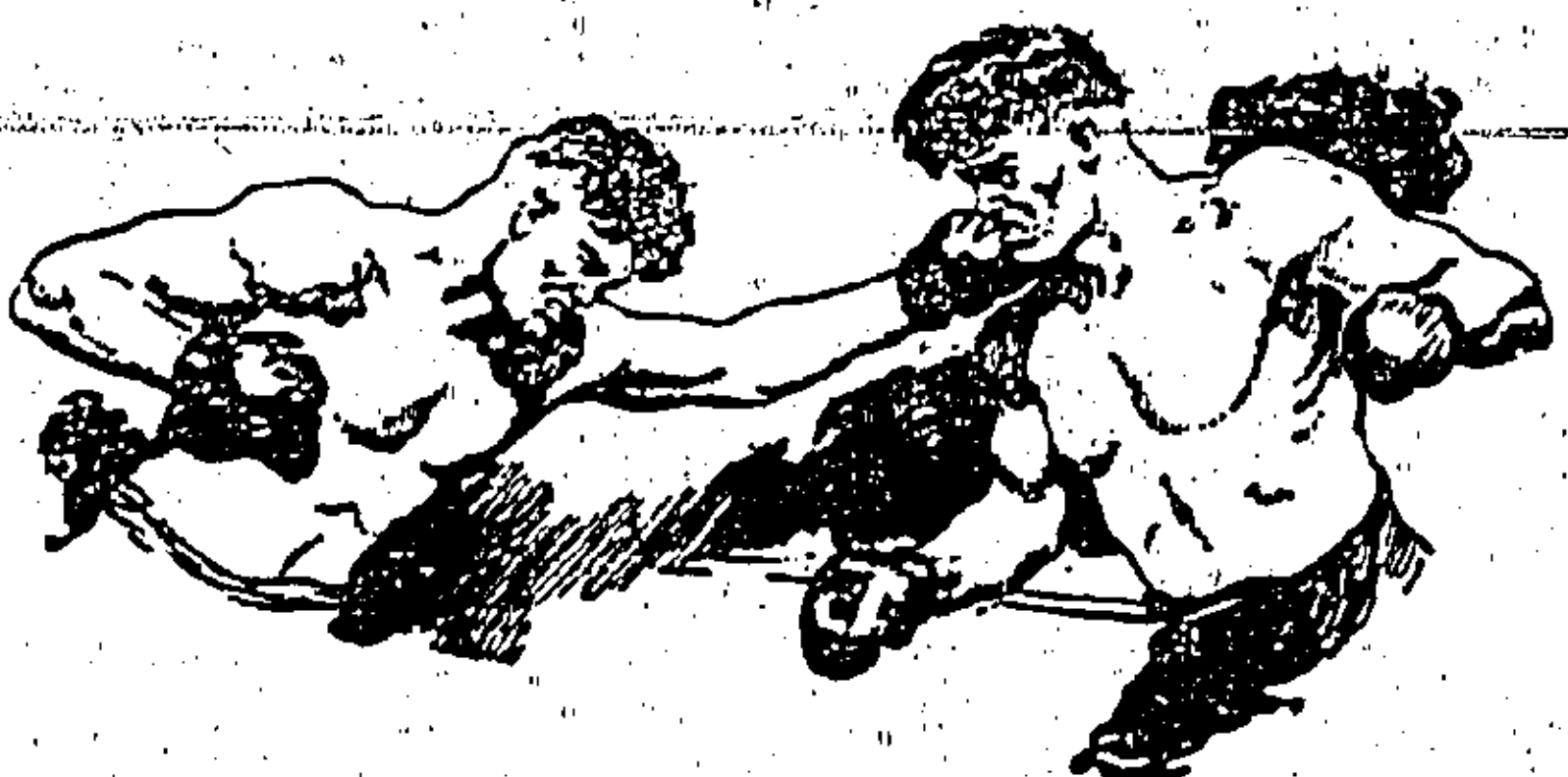
Read what Georges Michel says of "Ovaltine"

Gentlemen, Toronto, September 7th, 1928.
I write to inform you that during the 3rd Wrigley Marathon, just as during the Wrigley contest of last year, I did not take any other food but "Ovaltine," which I took in milk or black coffee. Furthermore, I particularly appreciate your product because "Ovaltine" was my only sustenance when I crossed the English Channel in the Spring of 1927. I appreciate this strength-giving food for its light consistency and rapid assimilation.

Yours very truly,
Signed, G. Michel.

Make delicious "Ovaltine" your daily beverage. "Ovaltine" is just what every man, woman and child needs to build up reserve vitality and to maintain health.

[A.P.S. 11]



BOXING

(Under the Auspices of Hong Kong Boxing Association)

THEATRE ROYAL

SATURDAY, 2nd March at 9.15 p.m.

Programme.

15 ROUNDS WELTERWEIGHT CONTEST:
A. B. Creighton (H.M.S. Cornwall) v. L. S. Bowden (H.M.S. Herald)

10 ROUNDS LIGHTWEIGHT CONTEST:
A. B. White (H.M.S. Cornwall) v. L. S. Shons (H.M.S. Seraphis)

SIX ROUNDS MIDDLEWEIGHT CONTEST:
A. B. Ewin (H.M.S. Kent) v. A. B. Trimming (H.M.S. Hermes)

SIX ROUNDS FEATHERWEIGHT CONTEST:
Stoker Harley (H.M.S. Kent) v. Pte. Hume (K.O.S.B.)

SIX ROUNDS MIDDLEWEIGHT CONTEST:
Pte. Woolley (K.O.S.B.) v. L/Cpl. Finlayson (K.O.S.B.)

SIX ROUNDS FEATHERWEIGHT CONTEST:
A. B. Friend (H.M.S. Titania) v. A. B. Seaman (Royal Navy)

BOOKING AT MOUTRIE'S

For Members of the Association: Wednesday, 27th and Thursday, 28th Feb.
General Public: Friday, 1st and Saturday, 2nd March.

"BEDS. AND HERTS." WIN.

ARMY BOXING AT WHITFIELD BARRACKS.

G.O.C. DISTRIBUTES PRIZES.

[BY BANTAM.]

The last round of the South China Command Boxing Tournament was fought at Whitfield Barracks, Kowloon, on Saturday night. Three regiments had entered a team—Beds. and Herts., Somersetshire L.I., and the K.O.S.B., and up to the interval, the K.O.S.B. was leading. The Beds. and Herts. Regiment made a great effort and won by 29 points against the K.O.S.B.'s 23. The Somersetshire L.I. had only 14 points.

Several good fights were put up but particular mention must be made of that between Lee-Corpl. Frost (Queen's) and Pte. Gillies (K.O.S.B.). Frost made his way into the final and beat Pte. Woods of the Beds. and Herts. regiment.

At the conclusion of the fight, H.E. Major-General C. C. Luard (G.O.C.) distributed the prizes to the winners. Before making the presentation he said that this was the second boxing championship which the Army out here was able to have. "Until last year there was only one British regiment in Hong Kong, but with the advent of the Shanghai Defence Force, they were able to arrange a boxing tournament. This year they had four British regiments in Hong Kong and the tournament had been a great success. Boxing in the Army, should be encouraged in every way possible. It forced men to keep fit, and fitness was one thing which the Army always aimed at. It also developed courage and determination, qualities needed in every soldier."

Boxing also taught straight forward and clean ways, and he was glad to say that this tournament had been fought in a most sporting manner. It was a pity, however, that only three teams had entered. There were many gunners in the Colony and it was to be regretted that they were not able to send in a team.

In conclusion the congratulated the Beds. and Herts. Regiment in winning. They had had a hard fight against the K.O.S.B., who had put up a gallant effort to beat them. The Somerset L.I. was in camp and they were, therefore, handicapped, but he must also congratulate them for the splendid effort made.

His Excellency then distributed the prizes.
An excellent musical programme was rendered by the K.O.S.B. band. The results of the bouts follow:—
BANTAMWEIGHT.
Semi-final.
Pte. Pearce (Somerset L.I.) lost to Bdm. McConnell (K.O.S.B.) on points.
Final.
Bdm. Tomlin (Somerset L.I.) beat Bdm. McConnell (K.O.S.B.) on points.

FEATHERWEIGHT.
Final.
Pte. Hume (K.O.S.B.), a little tenacious fighter, beat Pte. Forster (Beds. and Herts.) after a hard fought three rounds.

WELTERWEIGHT.
Semi-final.
Pte. Woods (Beds. and Herts.) knocked Boyer out in the second, but the going saved him. Boyer, after a short exchange, was sent out for the full count in the third round.

Pte. Gillies (K.O.S.B.) and Lee-Corpl. Frost (Queen's) fought to a standstill. Gillies was the more pugnacious earlier but in the third Frost got even and was given the decision.
Final.
Lee-Corpl. Frost (Queen's) in spite of a long rest was unable to show the form he had produced against Gallia.
Woods won on points.

LIGHTWEIGHT.
Final.
Lee-Corpl. Gordon (K.O.S.B.) beat Pte. Wood (Beds. and Herts.) on points.

LIGHT-HEAVY.
Final.
Lee-Corpl. Allen (Beds. and Herts.) conceded a walk over to Corpl. Gainly (Som. L.I.) on medical grounds.

MIDDLEWEIGHT.
Semi-final.
Pte. Newberry (Beds. and Herts.) beat Pte. Woolley (K.O.S.B.).

Lee-Corpl. Woodhouse (Som. L.I.) lost to Corpl. Pithers (Beds. and Herts.) on points.
Final.
Corpl. Pithers knocked out Pte. Newberry in the second round.

THISTLE BEATS THE SHAMROCK.

LARGE CROWD ENJOY GOOD RUGGER MATCH.

SCOTS BACKS TOO STRONG FOR IRISH FORWARDS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

If Ireland failed to win, they certainly put up a strenuous game against Scotland at Dublin on Saturday afternoon. Over 40,000 spectators were present and the game was played in glorious winter sunshine which was just strong enough to soften the sharp tang of the frosty air.

Enthusiasm on both sides ran very high as the teams lined up. A fast pace was maintained right through the first half. Scotland succeeded in carrying the first scrum and continued to attack, keeping the Irish backs harassed and giving rise to increasing excitement on the part of the spectators.

The Irishmen rose to the occasion but were unable to adopt other than defensive tactics. Dyke intercepted a pass in the fifteenth minute of the game. He ran up-field for a short distance but was tackled and brought down. He managed to swing the leather to Macpherson who scored a try under the posts which Dyke converted.

Ireland attacking.
Encouraged by this success, the Scots continued to press and worry their opponents. They carried another scrum and things looked rather black for the Irish side who attempted to rally and attack desperately.

E. O. Davy, the Lansdown half-back, secured the leather after the Scotch line had experienced several thrilling escapes, and dropped a lovely goal for Ireland. Immediately after, the Irishmen again led the play and some fine passing movements and concerted team work culminated in J. E. Arigo, the Lansdown 3-back, scoring a try for Ireland which S. J. Ganly (London Irish) converted.

The score at half-time was 7-5 in Ireland's favour.

When play was resumed, it was evident that the Irish team intended to set a fast pace and rush their opponents as much as possible. This move was a mistake, for although their rushing tactics enabled them to overtake the Scottish forwards again and again, their opponents' backs put up a stern resistance. Very soon, the Irishmen were badly winded and, finding their "rush" tactics of no avail, lost heart and slackened up considerably.

On the other hand, the Scots reserved their breath and strength for the last fifteen minutes of the game when they underwent a complete change. The Irishmen were rapidly going to pieces when a magnificent burst by the Scottish forwards ended in Berkeley (a new player for Scotland) scoring a clever try after a splendid run downfield. J. W. Allen, of Melrose fame, succeeded in converting the try from the touchline.

Later, from an opening provided by Summers, Smith (another new man) scored an unconverted try. Ireland carried the last scrum but W. M. Simmers (Glasgow Academicals), intercepted a pass and scored an unconverted try two seconds before the final whistle. Score: Scotland 16; Ireland 7.

SOUTH CHINA COMMAND GOLF.

INTER-UNIT FINALISTS.

The semi-finals of the South China Command Inter-Unit Championship were played on Friday at Fanling and resulted as follows:—
H.K.S.A. "A"

Capt. F. G. Lo Gros 0
A. H. Musson 7
Capt. H. H. M. Oliver 1
Capt. J. M. Murphy 0
8

1st Beds and Herts.
Capt. D. M. Crowe 0
Major A. D. Gaye 0
W. Rickman 0
Capt. Preston 0
0

R.A.M.C. "A"

Major T. C. Bowie 0
Colonel J. S. Bostock 0
Major D. W. Beamish 4
Major R. H. Lucas 6
10

R.E. and E. Signals "A"

D. G. G. Macdonald 2
Colonel R. B. Skinner 3
Lieut.-Col. C. E. F. Wynn 0
C. J. M. Martin 0
5

The final will be played on Thursday, March 7th.

"SHARP SHOOTERS."

THE WAY THEY HAVE IN THE NAVY (U.S.)

A COMEDY ROMANCE AT THE QUEEN'S.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

"Sharp Shooters" which you can see at the Queen's to-day is, according to its advertisements, a story of love and adventure in ports of call. The story tells how "George," an American sailor, wins in his light-hearted way "Lorette" whom he finds dancing in a café in Morocco. The girl imagines that he intends to marry her and follows him to New York to his extreme annoyance. There Joe and Jerry, George's friends feeling sorry for Lorette prevail upon him to marry her, and before the curtain falls she manages to persuade him that it was all his own idea.

"Sharp Shooters" is in places "very vulgar" in the old-fashioned music hall way, but it is quite amusing, well acted and cleverly produced. The laughter at the 5.10 performance last evening was continuous and there is no doubt that the Service men enjoyed the fun. George O'Brien plays "George" and Lois Moran "Lorette."

Considerable care has been given to the staging and there are some beautiful pictures of the Mediterranean port, and of the River Hudson with the skyscrapers shrouded in mist. The cast all acts well especially perhaps Lois Moran who makes a most seductive dancer and appealing heroine.

LESSON SERMON.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST HONG KONG.

"Mind" was the subject of the Lesson-Sermon in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, on Sunday, February 24th.

The Golden Text was: "I beseech you, brethren, by the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, that ye all speak the same things; and that there be no divisions among you; but that ye be perfectly joined together in the same mind and in the same judgment" (1 Cor. 1: 10).

Among the citations which comprised the Lesson-Sermon was the following from the Bible: "Hast thou not known? hast thou not heard, that the everlasting God, the Lord, the Creator of the ends of the earth, fainteth not, neither is weary? there is no searching of his understanding. He giveth power to the faint; and to them that have no might he increaseth strength. Even the youths shall faint and be weary, and the young men shall utterly fall: But they that wait upon the Lord shall renew their strength; they shall mount up with wings as eagles; they shall run, and not be weary; and they shall walk and not faint" (Isa. 40: 28-31).

The Lesson-Sermon also included the following passages from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy: "God rests in action. Imparting has not impoverished, can never impoverish, the divine Mind. No exhaustion follows the action of this Mind, according to the apprehension of divine Science. The highest and sweetest rest, even from a human standpoint, is in holy work" (p. 320).

PROVED BY SCIENTIFIC TEST.

WONDERFUL HEALING AND ANTISEPTIC POWERS OF ZAM-BUK REVEALED.

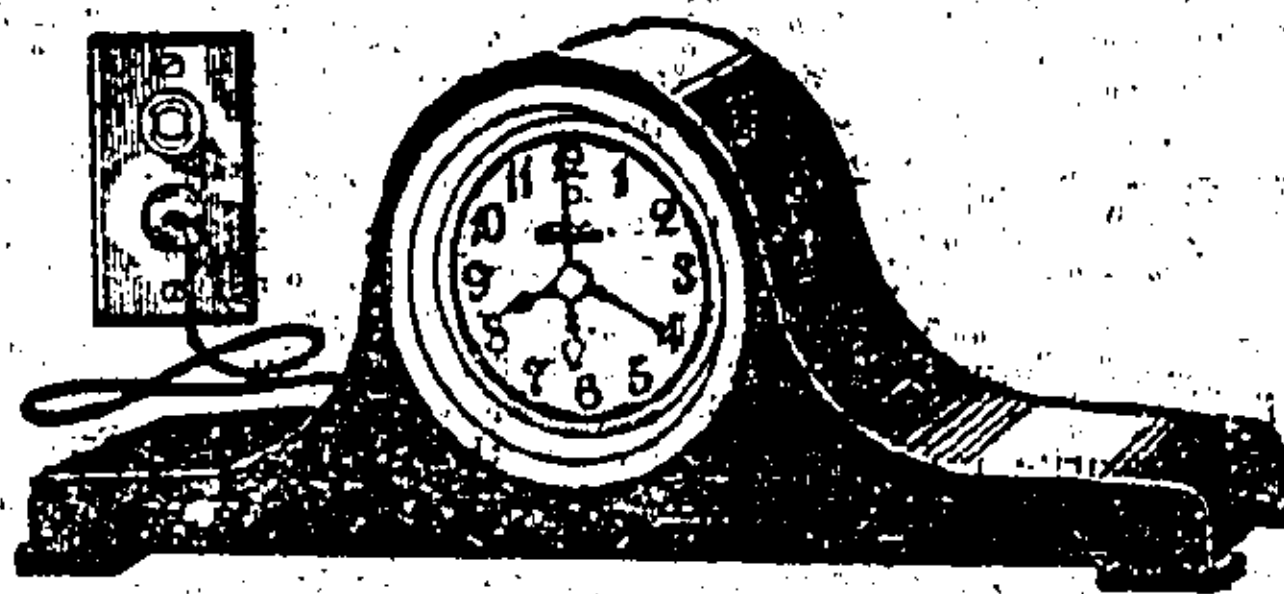
Doctors, physicians, chemists, missionaries, explorers and others prominent in public life, endorse that wonderful soothing and healing balm, Zam-Buk. The following statement reprinted from that famous London Journal "Science & Hygiene," briefly summarizes the results of an independent examination of Zam-Buk undertaken by their own research chemists.

"So numerous are the diseases and accidents to which the human skin is liable that it may be said we are never free from danger. The least irritation, cut, insect bite or scratch should be carefully dressed and watched; any specific disease, particularly eczema, should receive proper remedial treatment. A safe and reliable skin healer has become such a necessity in every home, that for the benefit of our readers we recently undertook an investigation into the nature of this widely-used preparation, 'Zam-Buk'."

"Examination of this unguent showed it to consist of .03 per cent. mineral matter, and 99.97 per cent. organic matter. The latter is powerfully volatile and partly non-volatile. It proved to be a powerful antiseptic, capable of preventing the growth of and destroying bacteria. This characteristic indicates its service in a wide field of common skin diseases and injuries. We have tested it on inflamed wounds and sores which rapidly became clean and healed up after Zam-Buk had been applied. With the right amount of friction, it is a good rubefacient for cold-chest, muscular pains, stiffness and rheumatism."

Zam-Buk is obtainable in handy size boxes at all dispensaries and medicine dealers. Agents: Messrs. A. B. Moulder & Co., Ltd., P.O. Box 388, Hong Kong.

GUN
TIME



FROM THE ELECTRIC
LIGHT SOCKET

At Last!

An Electric Clock for Everyone

Light, Heat and Power come to you through your Electric wires.

Now comes Time, also.

The Telechron Electric Clock only needs connecting up with the nearest light socket, and you have—always—accurate time, with no winding, regulating or cleaning to worry about.

Many handsome Telechron Electric clocks are on view at Messrs. Andersen, Meyer & Co., the Hong Kong Electric Co., and the General Electric Co. of China, showrooms, and you are cordially invited to inspect them to-day.

They are well worth a visit

Telechron
THE ELECTRIC TIMEKEEPER

[A.P.S. 1]

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THE COLOURWASH

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SHANGHAI-HONGKONG

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received Instructions To Sell By
PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND THURSDAY,
THE 27th, 28th AND 29th MARCH, 1929,
AT
H.M. NAVAL YARD, HONG KONG
AND AT
KOWLOON NAVAL DEPOT.
COMMENCING EACH DAY AT 9.30 P.M.
WITH INTERVAL FROM 12 NOON TO 1.30 P.M.

OLD AND SURPLUS
NAVAL STORES.

Comprising:—
Steel Girders, Iron Reel, Davits, Harmonium, Air Purifying Plant, Cutlery, Spongers, Oars, Gigs, Tube Exchangers, Wrenches, Water Motors, Magnets, Old Lead Battery Plates, Electrical and Wireless Telegraph Fittings, Clocks, Old Electric Cable, Bakery Oven, Iron Mattresses and Bolsters, Water Closet Pan, Hydraulic Jacks, Carpets, Rugs, Tables, Chairs, Desks, Filters, Ornamental Stoves, Mosquito or Fly Netting, Megaphones, Cooking Pots, New Carpet Cuttings, Old Steel Files, Matting, Fold-up Lavatories, Thermometers, Old Tin Foil, Old Twill, Old Lignum Vitae, Leather and Metal Hooves, Flexible Metallic Voice Piping, Old Canvas Tubing, Old Corluge, Old Coal Mats, Canvas Bags, Old India Rubber, Old Leather and Deskins, Tanned Rags, Woolen Rags, Old Hosen, Old Cork, Cocos Nut Matting, Asbestos Packing, Old Padlocks, Old Iron Drums, New Canvas Cuttings, Old Felt, Old Iron and Steel, Old Scrap Brass, Copper Lead, Zinc, Metals of Sorts, Brims and Gun Metal Boring, Old Bottoms and Zinc Ashes, Brass Tubes, Iron Blocks, Lamp Lanterns, Candles, Old Steel Plates, Old Steel Shovels, Old Glass, Old Steel Wire Rope and Cuttings, Dirty Mineral Oil and Fuel, Chain Cable Gear, Anchor Forges, Compasses, Watches, Navy-phones, Biscuits, Clocks, Air Pipes and Brass Pipes, Firewood, Old Steel Tools, Greasing Pumps, Motors of Sorts, Phonos Old Electric Fans, Lamp Ends, Gymnastic Gear, Saw Circulars, Indicators, Boilers, Wood Working Machines, Planing Machines, Milling Machines, Shaping Machines, Douglas Engine, Binnacle, Steel Wire Brushes, Tent, Waterproof Sheets, Drilling Machines, Etc., Etc.

Also lying in FLEET AIR ARM RESERVE STORE, H.M. NAVAL DEPOT, KOWLOON, Old Aircraft Propellers, Old Sparking Plugs, Old Rubber, Aluminium, Old Brass, Old Copper, Old Fabric, Light Steel, Old Dope and Oil Drums, Old Wood, Outer Aircraft Covers, Inner Aircraft Tubes, Old Vices, Etc., Etc.

LOTS MAY BE INSPECTED ON
MONDAY, 4th MARCH, 1929.

SALE OF
OLD AND SURPLUS
VICTUALLING STORES

AT KOWLOON ON
FRIDAY, 8th MARCH,
Comprising:—Serge, Flannel Clothing, Remnants, Sundry Articles of Mess and Table Gear, Including Cutlery, Hardware and Table Linen, Clothing, and Condemned Provisions for Poultry Feeding, Etc.

TERMS OF SALE—As detailed in Catalogue.
LAMBERT BROTHERS,
By Appointment Auctioneers
to the Admiralty.
Hong Kong, 15th Feb., 1929. [7410]

BALLANTINE'S

in use for almost 100 years.

ESTABLISHED 1827.

By Appointment to

H.M. The Late King Edward VII.
and
His Majesty King George V.

PURE SCOTCH LIQUEUR
WHISKY

10 years old.

GEORGE BALLANTINE
& SON, LTD.

GLASGOW AND LONDON.
DISTILLED IN SCOTLAND

If you want a really first class Scotch Whisky at a reasonable price, you can have no better than Ballantine's Liqueur Whisky. It is excellent.

The French Store
Beaconsfield Arcade.

INTIMATIONS.

THE Underigned have received Instructions

To Sell By

PUBLIC AUCTION.

IN FOUR LOTS

OR

TUESDAY.

THE 12th DAY OF MARCH, 1929,

At 5 O'CLOCK P.M.

AT THREE AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 4, DUNDRELL STREET,
VICTORIA, HONG KONG.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD
PROPERTIES

Lot No. 1.—The Property known as Nos. 99D, 99E and 99F, WELLINGTON STREET comprises three newly erected four storied Chinese shops and dwellings with basements situate in the centre of the city on piece or parcel of ground registered in the Land Office as Section C and the Remaining Portion of INLAND Lot No. 184 having an Area of 2692 Square Feet or thereabouts. The Property is situate on the North side of WELLINGTON STREET and is bounded to the East by PAUL STREET and to the West by a Private Lane.

Lot No. 2.—The Property known as No. 180, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL is an excellent class three storied Chinese shop and dwelling house with iron balconies in front situate in the centre of the city on the piece or parcel of ground registered in the Land Office as Section 12 of INLAND Lot No. 8 having an Area of 723 Square Feet or thereabouts. The Annual Crown rent payable on this Property is \$12.00.

Lot No. 3.—The Property known as No. 360, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL is an excellent class three storied Chinese shops and dwellings. No. 360 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL has an attic story on the roof and No. 47 LOWRA LASCAR Row is a basement. The Property is situate on the piece or parcel of ground registered in the Land Office as Subsection 1 of Section AE of INLAND Lot No. 211 having an Area of 1273 Square Feet or thereabouts. The Annual Crown rent payable on this Property is \$1.51.

Further Information and Copies of the Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from:—

Messrs. HASTINGS, DENNIS & BOWLEY,
Vendors' Solicitors,
8, DE VORUX ROAD CENTRAL,
OR
Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS,
The Auctioneers. [7434]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—BUICK TOURING CAR 5 Seater in Good Condition. \$1,400 or Near offer. Apply Box 7294, at Hong Kong Daily Press. [7294]

FLATS WANTED.

WANTED.—Furnished FLAT (Modern), Mid Level or P222. Apply Box No. 7415, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [7415]

STAR
THEATRE

TO-NIGHT
At 9.15

FAREWELL
PERFORMANCE

OF THE

BANVARD MUSICAL
COMEDY COMPANY.

REVIEW
OF
REVUES

Booking at Montre's
and Theatre.

Prices: \$4, \$3, \$2 & \$1.

PROSPECTS AND SELECTIONS FOR
THE FIRST DAY.

SOME GOOD PONIES AND THEIR CHANCES.

LARGE FIELDS EXPECTED.

[By EARLY BIRD.]

The Annual Meeting of the Hong Kong Jockey Club opens at Happy Valley to-day, the first race commencing at noon.

Some 185 ponies have been entered for the meeting and I have every reason to believe that fields will be considerably larger than they have been in the past. Some of the griffins have a breed look about them and the subscription griffins on the whole, are a fairly representative lot with a few outstanding members. Amongst the old ponies we have some of our best performers at previous Annual Meetings.

The Track.

The track is in excellent condition. It appears to be on the fast side as recent clockings indicate and I would not be surprised to see some of our existing records lowered particularly in the long distance events.

As usual we have a number of crack riders from the North. Mr. "Billy" Hill will be riding first string for the Dunbar stables and probably second for the Eve stable. Mr. Pote Hunt will be riding first for the Eve stable. Mr. Haimovitch has been secured for the Dynast stable. Mr. Heard will be up on the John Peel and Messrs. Dyer and Beith ponies. Mr. Encarnacao will have Mr. Ho Koon Tong's string. Mr. Quincey will be riding first string for Mr. Chan and Rafeek and Mr. Hu will be looking after the interests of Messrs. Lee and Lan.

Amongst the more experienced local riders we will see Messrs. Wong, Charles, Roza, Clark, Harrison, Reidy, Stanton, Proulx, Loo, and Bac'house. The novice class will include Messrs. McCartney, Gordon, Shillington, Morgan, Ho Sai Man, Lee, Lau, Rocha, S. To Wong, Liang, Ip, Clarke, Botelho, Fontes, Rafeek, Newbiggin, Wolfe-Murray, Sugden, Sherman and in all probability some officers of the Services. I am not sure whether the veteran Harold Seth and Mr. Sewell intend to sport their ponies rather a pity that two such good riders are seen so seldom in the saddle.

Improvements.

Since the last meeting at the Valley the efforts of our hard working clerk at the course, Mr. Gordon Mackie, have borne fruit. The paddock which was a great source of worry to racegoers in 1928 has been covered and the course now presents a very pretty sight. The members' stands help in the scheme and beautifully bedecked with the flags and the colours of the owners they are certainly good to look upon.

The owners and jockey stand has been enlarged and now affords sufficient room for the increased number of members. A notice has been placed at the entrance of this stand informing those not entitled to the privilege of entry to "Keep off the Grass."

In the saddling paddock backers have been well provided with a new lean over. Madons will for the future carry on their arm a corresponding number to the saddle cloth number. This is a very welcome innovation in case the ponies have to be rugged on account of adverse weather. Another improvement will be the blackboard which will be placed near the judges box to show the pari-mutuel results.

CANDIDATES' CHANCES
CONSIDERED.

The Derby.

Principal interest centres in the Derby candidates, the outstanding ponies of which are Adam, Hiawatha, President Hall and Peterkin and if form is any criterion the winner should be found amongst this lot.

Adam (Heard) finished in the phenomenal time of 27.3.5 after covering a distance of three quarters of a mile (the full time for the distance registered being 1.31.2.5).

This is considered a very good performance and he finished without any apparent effort. In the light of his previous track form he appeared a better distance performer than a sprinter so it is all the more remarkable that he should show such pace at the finish of a practice sprint.

Hiawatha (Hill). Mrs. Dunbar's selected candidate is a very nice mover and will have the assistance of Mr. Billy Hill. No startling times have been returned but I would advise backers not to give this contender a bye. Backers will remember that the stable form of Mrs. and Mr. Dunbar was not very pronounced before last year's Annual Meeting but subsequent events bore proof that they certainly know their "cases."

President Hall (Encarnacao) who looked like a certainty a fortnight back appears in my opinion to have been overworked. Only a few weeks back he was galloping with beautiful precision but these last few days he has been faulty in his stride. I do not think he shall be the big grey at the head of affairs in to-morrow's big event.

Peterkin (Clark) is a classy looking big boned animal who should run very well to-morrow if he can far away start. He does not seem to worry so long as he is allowed

to go easy somewhere in the straight. If he starts here he will take some beating. Monterey Bay looks much better after his long rest and will try to break his "duck."

Grand Tattoo Eve may also be held over for this event. Royal Flush should be amongst the placings if started and in case Bluehill Bay is not started earlier he may run very well here.

Jockey Club Stakes.

Sitting Bull is a cinch for this event if he is kept over although the stable may reverse the order and send Elliot Bay instead. New Year's Eve is a hundred per cent improved pony and will make them run. Young Pretender may be held over for this event in which case the result will be rather interesting. Candidates who may spring a surprise are Town Hall, Misty Eye, Pickle or Peck.

Kalgan Plate.

This race is very open owing to the fact that most of the outstanding ponies having been sent out in earlier events. Half Pint may have a chance as his form is on the right side at the moment. Pink Pearl will also be amongst the likely ones and should any of the Hynes and Mackie, Dyer and Beith, or Dynasty stable start the race should be a very interesting affair.

MY SELECTIONS.

1st Race.
1. Jungle Book.
2. Madcap.
3. The Jamaica.

2nd Race.
1. Hiawatha.
2. Grand Tattoo Eve.
3. Imperial Hall.

3rd Race.
1. Chesapeake Bay.
2. New Year's Eve.
3. Christmas Chimes.

4th Race.
1. The Pheasant.
2. The Ape.
3. Zephyr.

5th Race.
1. Adam.
2. President Hall.
3. Glorious Stag.

6th Race.
1. Dunbar's Elect.
2. Young Pretender.
3. Tarmacadam.

7th Race.
1. Mongolian Stag.
2. Gala Eve.
3. O'Moon.

8th Race.
1. Boxing Eve.
2. Winsome Stag.
3. One Third.

9th Race.
1. Peterkin.
2. Monterey Bay.
3. Royal Flush.

10th Race.
1. Dunbar's Elect.
2. Young Pretender.
3. Pickle.

11th Race.
1. Half Pint.
2. Pink Pearl.
3. Bronze Idol.

Valley Stakes.

The Pheasant has shown wonderful form and the Ape will be his biggest danger. Zephyr is sure to carry a lot of the right kind of support owing to his convincing track displays. King's Tallock may also be a possible danger here.

Trial Plate.

We may see Adam and President Hall opposed in this long distance event in order to get an angle on their form for the Derby. Frenchman's Bay may also start, likewise Danube, Glorious Star or Peterkin.

The Governor's Cup.

This is a cinch for Elliot Bay if started. If the stable send out Sitting Bull instead he would easily account for the event in the absence of his stable mate.

Young Pretender if started should do very well although I do not think he would beat either of the two first mentioned.

Garrison Cup.

Mongolian Stag who was far away the best sub of last season should have no difficulty in winning this event if he strikes anything like his old form.

Gala Eve can be depended on to give the gray a good run. O'Moon may not be strong enough to do the distance and I fancy he would be more satisfied with a short distance event.

Quater Cup.

Boxing Eve should make short work of this event even if Winsome Stag is out. The Eve pony has beaten the dun every time, they have been up against each other. One Third may and himself a bit shaky on his legs or perhaps he might figure in the finish.

Coco Bay will be out here but he is not in the same class as the others mentioned.

Racing Stakes.

Peterkin should be reserved for this race on account of his wayward disposition. It would be much better to give him a short walk to the start with people all round him than to send him to a far away start. He does not seem to worry so long as he is allowed

to go easy somewhere in the straight. If he starts here he will take some beating. Monterey Bay looks much better after his long rest and will try to break his "duck."

Grand Tattoo Eve may also be held over for this event. Royal Flush should be amongst the placings if started and in case Bluehill Bay is not started earlier he may run very well here.

Jockey Club Stakes.

Sitting Bull is a cinch for this event if he is kept over although the stable may reverse the order and send Elliot Bay instead. New Year's Eve is a hundred per cent improved pony and will make them run. Young Pretender may be held over for this event in which case the result will be rather interesting. Candidates who may spring a surprise are Town Hall, Misty Eye, Pickle or Peck.

Kalgan Plate.

This race is very open owing to the fact that most of the outstanding ponies having been sent out in earlier events. Half Pint may have a chance as his form is on the right side at the moment. Pink Pearl will also be amongst the likely ones and should any of the Hynes and Mackie, Dyer and Beith, or Dynasty stable start the race should be a very interesting affair.

MY SELECTIONS.

1st Race.
1. Jungle Book.
2. Madcap.
3. The Jamaica.

2nd Race.
1. Hiawatha.
2. Grand Tattoo Eve.
3. Imperial Hall.

3rd Race.
1. Chesapeake Bay.
2. New Year's Eve.
3. Christmas Chimes.

4th Race.
1. The Pheasant.
2. The Ape.
3. Zephyr.

5th Race.
1. Adam.
2. President Hall.
3. Glorious Stag.

6th Race.
1. Dunbar's Elect.
2. Young Pretender.
3. Tarmacadam.

7th Race.
1. Mongolian Stag.
2. Gala Eve.
3. O'Moon.

8th Race.
1. Boxing Eve.
2. Winsome Stag.
3. One Third.

9th Race.
1. Peterkin.
2. Monterey Bay.
3. Royal Flush.

10th Race.
1. Dunbar's Elect.
2. Young Pretender.
3. Pickle.

11th Race.
1. Half Pint.
2. Pink Pearl.
3. Bronze Idol.

Valley Stakes.

The Pheasant has shown wonderful form and the Ape will be his biggest danger. Zephyr is sure to carry a lot of the right kind of support owing to his convincing track displays. King's Tallock may also be a possible danger here.

Trial Plate.

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No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hong Kong, 21st Feb., 1929. [743]

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Hong Kong, 21st Feb., 1929. [743]

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Pres. Lincoln, Tues., Apr. 9th

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Pres. Grant, Tues., Apr. 2nd
Pres. Cleveland, Tues., Apr. 16th

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Pres. Johnson, Sun., Mar. 24, 8 a.m.
Pres. Monroe, Sun., Apr. 7, 8 a.m.

Pres. Wilson, Sun., Apr. 21, 8 a.m.
Pres. Van Buren, Sun., May 5, 8 a.m.
Pres. Hayes, Sun., May 19, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pres. Jackson, Feb. 26th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Taft, Mar. 2nd, 6 p.m.
Pres. McKinley, Mar. 12th, 6 p.m.

Pres. Jefferson, Mar. 18th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Grant, Mar. 26th, 6 p.m.
Pres. Lincoln, Mar. 30th, 6 p.m.

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COPENHAGEN

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Mar. 24.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Apr. 7.

AMOI.

Tijmanok, J.C.J.L., Feb. 25.
Hsiangyang, Douglas, Feb. 26.
Haiching, Douglas, Mar. 1.
Taming, B. & S., Mar. 2.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Mar. 2.
Anhui, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Mar. 9.
Tjiaoroa, J.C.J.L., Mar. 11.
Santhia, B.I., Mar. 15.
Tjiaondari, J.C.J.L., Mar. 22.
Tjiaoroem, J.C.J.L., Mar. 23.
Tjilawa, B.I., Mar. 28.
Takiwa, B.I., Apr. 1.

ANTWERP.

Java, Manners, Mar. 18.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Tanda, E. & A., Mar. 1.
Calulu, Dodwell's, Mar. 15.
Taiping, B. & S., Mar. 15.
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.
St. Albans, E. & A., Mar. 30.

BALTO PORTS.

Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28.
Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 7.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.

BALTIMORE.

Elmbank, Bank, Mar. 1.
City of Dunkirk, Bank, Mar. 20.

BANGKOK.

Kalgan, B. & S., Mar. 3.

BELOW DELI.

Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Feb. 28.

BOSTON.

Elmbank, Bank, Mar. 1.
Kako Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10.
Chinese Prince, Furness, Mar. 19.
City of Dunkirk, Bank, Mar. 20.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Apr. 7.

BOMBAY.

Seiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Mirapore, P. & O., Mar. 23.

BREMEN.

Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.

BRINDISI.

Timavo, Dodwell's, Feb. 28.
Remo, Dodwell's, Mar. 5.
Piave, Dodwell's, Mar. 23.

CALCUTTA.

Takada, B.I., Feb. 27.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Umvolsi, Dodwell's, Mar. 5.
Namsang, Jardine's, Mar. 6.
Murotan Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Talamba, B.I., Mar. 12.
Hoang, Jardine's, Mar. 18.
Talaba, B.I., Mar. 18.

CEBU.

Michigan, States S.S., Mar. 3rd.
Golden Peak, States S.S., Mar. 7.
G'den M'tain, States S.S., Mar. 19.

CHEFOO.

Kueichow, B. & S., Feb. 27.
Huichow, B. & S., Mar. 6.

COLOMBO.

Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 28.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 23rd.
Ruth Alexander, Dollar, Feb. 24.
Compiegne, M.M., Feb. 28.
Seiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28.
Timavo, Dodwell's, Feb. 28.
Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 2nd.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Remo, Dodwell's, Mar. 5.
Cardiganshire, Jardine's, Mar. 6th.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9th.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10th.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Mar. 12.
Havenstein, Jebson, Mar. 13.
Khiva, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Patroclus, B.F., Mar. 20th.
Piave, Dodwell's, Mar. 23.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 23rd.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 25.
G. Metzinger, M.M., Mar. 28.

COPENHAGEN.

Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 18.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.

DALNY.

Yingchow, B. & S., Feb. 25.
Ermland, Jebson, Feb. 27.
Leverkusan, Jebson, Mar. 3.
Luchow, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Goettingen, Melchers, Mar. 3.
Chile, Manners, Mar. 5.

DUTCH PORTS.

Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 28.
Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28th.
Achilles, Blue Funnel, Mar. 5th.
Cardiganshire, Jardine's, Mar. 6th.
City of Peking, Bank, Mar. 9th.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9th.
City of Peking, Bank, Mar. 9th.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Havenstein, Jebson, Mar. 13.
Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 18.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Patroclus, Blue Funnel, Mar. 20th.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 25.

FOOCHOW.

Taiyang, Douglas, Feb. 24.
Haiching, Douglas, Mar. 1.

GENOA.

Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 28.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9th.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10th.
Havenstein, Jebson, Mar. 13.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 17.
Keemun, Blue Funnel, Mar. 20th.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 23.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Apr. 6.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Apr. 7.

GLASGOW.

Keemun, Blue Funnel, Mar. 20th.
Patroclus, B.F., Mar. 20th.

GOTHENBURG.

Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 18.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Teau, B. & S., Mar. 1.

HAMBURG.

Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 28.
Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28th.
Achilles, Blue Funnel, Mar. 5th.
Cardiganshire, Jardine's, Mar. 6th.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9th.
City of Peking, Bank, Mar. 9th.
Havenstein, Jebson, Mar. 13.
Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 18.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Patroclus, B.F., Mar. 20th.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 23rd.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 25.

HAVRE.

Keemun, B.F., Mar. 20th.

HONOLULU.

Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Feb. 28th.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Mar. 6.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 6th.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Mar. 12th.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.

HULL.

Khiva, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 23rd.

ILOILO.

Michigan, States S.S., Mar. 3rd.
Calulu, Dodwell's, Mar. 4.
Golden Peak, States S.S., Mar. 7.
G'den M'tain, States S.S., Mar. 19.
Chronos, Dodwell's, Apr. 4.

JAPAN PORTS.

Mirapore, P. & O., Feb. 25.
City of Kharatoum, Bank, Feb. 25th.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Feb. 28.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Feb. 28th.
Ermland, Jebson, Feb. 27.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Feb. 27.
Viminale, Dodwell's, Feb. 28th.
Leverkusan, Jebson, Feb. 28th.
Lima Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Malwa, P. & O., Mar. 1st.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 2.
Hoang, Jardine's, Mar. 3rd.
Rosier, Bank, Mar. 3rd.
Goettingen, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Nagapora, P. & O., Mar. 4th.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 4.
Chile, Manners, Mar. 5.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5th.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Mar. 6th.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 8th.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 8th.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Gambada, B.I., Mar. 9th.
Tyndarus, B.F., Mar. 9th.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Mar. 12th.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Mar. 14.
Meriones, B.F., Mar. 14th.
Africa, Manners, Mar. 15.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Mar. 15.
Nalders, P. & O., Mar. 15th.
Santhia, B.I., Mar. 15th.
Fookang, Jardine's, Mar. 16th.
Burgeland, Jebson, Mar. 18th.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Mar. 17.
Duchessa D'Aosta, D'well, Mar. 19.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Mar. 19.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 20.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.
Karmala, P. & O., Mar. 22nd.
Lahn, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Mar. 28th.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Mar. 28.
Esquilino, Dodwell's, Mar. 28.
Tilawa, B.I., Mar. 28th.
Trave, Melchers, Mar. 28.
Mantua, P. & O., Mar. 29th.
Takiwa, B.I., Apr. 1.

KANTO.

Michigan, States S.S., Mar. 3rd.

KANTO.

Michigan, States S.S., Mar. 3rd.

KANTO.

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KANTO.

Michigan, States S.S., Mar. 3rd.

MANTLA.

Calulu, Dodwell's, Feb. 25th.
Tijlboet, J.C.J.L., Feb. 25.
Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 28.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Feb. 28.
Tanda, E. & A., Mar. 1st.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Mar. 2.
Michigan, States S.S., Mar. 3.
Golden Peak, States S.S., Mar. 7.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 8th.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9th.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10.
Tjikini, J.C.J.L., Mar. 10.
Havenstein, Jebson, Mar. 13.
Taiping, B. & S., Mar. 18th.
G'den M'tain, States S.S., Mar. 19.
City of Guildford, Bank, Mar. 22.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 23.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Apr. 7.

MARSEILLES.

Compiegne, M.M., Feb. 28.
Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 27.
Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28th.
Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 2nd.
Achilles, B.F., Mar. 5th.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10th.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Mar. 12.
Havenstein, Jebson, Mar. 13.
Khiva, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Lyons Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 17.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Patroclus, B.F., Mar. 20th.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 23rd.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 25.
G. Metzinger, M.M., Mar. 28.
Malwa, P. & O., Mar. 30th.
Calchas, B.F., Apr. 2.

NAPLES.

Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10th.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Mar. 24.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Elmbank, Bank, Mar. 1.
Kako Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10.
Chinese Prince, Furness, Mar. 19.
City of Dunkirk, Bank, Mar. 20.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Mar. 24.
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Apr. 7.

NORTH CHINA.

Tijmanok, J.C.J.L., Feb. 25.
Goettingen, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Mar. 9.
Tjiaoroem, J.C.J.L., Mar. 23.

ORAN.

Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28th.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.

OSLO.

Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 18.

PAKHOI.

Teau, B. & S., Mar. 1.

PANAMA.

Kako Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Talamba, B.I., Mar. 12.
Hoang, Jardine's, Mar. 18.

PENANG.

Seiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Takada, B.I., Feb. 27.
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Feb. 28.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Namsang, Jardine's, Mar. 6.
Murotan Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10th.
Talamba, B.I., Mar. 12.
Hoang, Jardine's, Mar. 18.
Khiva, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Talamba, B.I., Mar. 18th.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Mar. 24.

PLYMOUTH.

Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 2nd.
Malwa, P. & O., Mar. 30.

PORTLAND.

Kentucky, States S.S., Mar. 2nd.
Washington, States S.S., Mar. 24.

RABAU.

Calulu, Dodwell's, Mar. 4.
Chronos, Dodwell's, Apr. 1.
Bremerhaven, Melchers, Apr. 10.

RANGOON.

Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Murotan Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.

SAIGON.

Compiegne, M.M., Feb. 28.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Mar. 12.
G. Metzinger, M.M., Mar. 28.

SANDAKAN.

Tanda, E. & A., Mar. 1st.
Calulu, Dodwell's, Mar. 4.
Mausang, Jardine's, Mar. 9.
Hingang, Jardine's, Mar. 10.
St. Albans, E. & A., Mar. 30.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Feb. 28th.
Kentucky, States S.S., Mar. 2nd.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 6th.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Mar. 12th.
Golden Tide, States S.S., Mar. 18.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.
Washington, States S.S., Mar. 20.
Pres. Jefferson, A.M.L., Mar. 28.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Nippon, Gilman's, Mar. 7th.
Java, Manners, Mar. 18.

SEATTLE.

Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Mar. 8th.
Tyndarus, B.F., Mar. 9th.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Mar. 19.

SHANGHAI.

City of Kharatoum, Bank, Feb. 25th.
Mirapore, P. & O., Feb. 25.
Yingchow, B. & S., Feb. 25.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Feb. 28th.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Feb. 28th.
Taming, B. & S., Feb. 28.
Kutsang, Jardine's, Feb. 27.
Yunnan, B. & S., Feb. 27.
Ermland, Jebson, Feb. 27.
Hingang, Jardine's, Feb. 27th.
Leverkusan, Jebson, Feb. 28th.
Lima Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Xing Po, B. & S., Feb. 28.
Viminale, Dodwell's, Feb. 28th.
Malwa, P. & O., Mar. 1st.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Mar. 2.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Mar. 2.
Szechuen, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Kwonggang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Leverkusan, Jebson, Mar. 3.
Luchow, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Goettingen, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 4.
Nagapora, P. & O., Mar. 4.
Chile, Manners, Mar. 5.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Mar. 6.
Kwai Sang, Jardine's, Mar. 6.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 6.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 8.
Tjiaoroa, J.C.J.L., Mar. 11.
Portbos, M.M., Mar. 12.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Mar. 14.
Africa, Manners, Mar. 15.
Nalders, P. & O., Mar. 15.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Mar. 15.
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Mar. 17.
Duchessa D'Aosta, D'well, Mar. 19.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 20.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 20.
Karmala, P. & O., Mar. 22.
Tjiaondari, J.C.J.L., Mar. 22.
Formosa, Gilman's, Mar. 23.
Lahore, P. & O., Mar. 25.
Chenonceaux, M.M., Mar. 28.
Esquilino, Dodwell's, Mar. 28.
Tilawa, B.I., Mar. 28.
Trave, Melchers, Mar. 28.
Mantua, P. & O., Mar. 29.

SINGAPORE.

Havelland, Jebson, Feb. 28.
Seiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Feb. 28.
Compiegne, M.M., Feb. 28.
Takada, B.I., Feb. 27.
Lahn, Melchers, Feb. 28th.
Timavo, Dodwell's, Feb. 28.
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Feb. 28.
Macedonia, P. & O., Mar. 2nd.
Penang Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 2.
Anhui, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 4th.
Achilles, B.F., Mar. 5th.
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 5.
Remo, Dodwell's, Mar. 5.
Cardiganshire, Jardine's, Mar. 6th.
Namsang, Jardine's, Mar. 6.
Murotan Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8.
Derflinger, Melchers, Mar. 9th.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 9th.
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Mar. 10th.
Andre Lebon, M.M., Mar. 12.
Talamba, B.I., Mar. 12.
Hoang, Jardine's, Mar. 18.
Khiva, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Padua, P. & O., Mar. 18th.
Talamba, B.I., Mar. 18th.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 23.
Khyber, P. & O., Mar. 23.
Schlesien, Melchers, Mar. 23.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Mar. 24.
Ermland, Jebson, Mar. 25.
G. Metzinger, M.M., Mar. 28.
Portbos, M.M., Apr. 9.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Panama Maru, O.S.K., Feb. 28th.
Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 4th.
Umvolsi, Dodwell's, Mar. 5.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Kawachi Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 4th.
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Mar. 8th.

SWATOW.

Hsiangyang, Douglas, Feb. 28.
Hingang, Jardine's, Feb. 27.
Ning Po, B. & S., Feb. 28.
Haiching, Douglas, Mar. 1.
Anhui, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Kalgan, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Kwonggang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Szechuen, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Kwai Sang, Jardine's, Mar. 6.

TAKAO.

Ermland, Jebson, Feb. 27.
Leverkusan, Jebson, Mar. 3.
Burgeland, Jebson, Mar. 18.

TIENTSIN.

Kueichow, B. & S., Feb. 27.
Goettingen, Melchers, Mar. 4.
Huichow, B. & S., Mar. 6.

TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Timavo, Dodwell's, Feb. 28th.
Remo, Dodwell's, Mar. 5th.
Piave, Dodwell's, Mar. 23.

TINGTAO.

Taming, B. & S., Feb. 28.
Ermland, Jebson, Feb. 27.
Hingang, Jardine's, Feb. 27th.
Kwonggang, Jardine's, Mar. 3.
Leverkusan, Jebson, Mar. 3.
Szechuen, B. & S., Mar. 3.
Kwai Sang, Jardine's, Mar. 4.
Saarbruecken, Melchers, Mar. 15.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Mar. 8th.
Tyndarus, B.F., Mar. 9th.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Mar. 20th.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHANGHAI & DALNY	"YINGHONG"	On 25th Feb.	3 p.m.
BANGKOK	"KIANGSU"	On 25th Feb.	4 p.m.
HONGKONG, SHANGHAI & BANGKOK	"KWANGTUNG"	On 26th Feb.	Noon
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"YUNNAN"	On 26th Feb.	5 p.m.
WHAIRAI, CHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KUBICHOW"	On 27th Feb.	4 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"NINGPO"	On 28th Feb.	8 a.m.
HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"TEAN"	On 1st Mar.	10 a.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAMING"	On 2nd Mar.	3 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	On 3rd Mar.	6 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TUNGTAO	"SZECHUEN"	On 3rd Mar.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KALGAN"	On 3rd Mar.	11 a.m.
SHANGHAI & DALNY	"LUCHOW"	On 3rd Mar.	3 p.m.
WHAIRAI, CHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 8th Mar.	4 p.m.

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Excluding & More Up-to-date First & Second Class Passenger Accommodation.

HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMERS	Days from Hong Kong	Days to Sydney
TAIPING	8th March	15th March
CHANGTE	15th April	15th April
TAIPING	15th May	14th May
CHANGTE	11th June	18th June

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(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hong Kong.

S.S. "CITY OF DUNKIRK" ... 20th March
S.S. "LAOMEDON" ... 10th April
Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
Subject to Change without Notice.For Freight and Particulars, apply to—
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HONG KONG & CANTON, JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., CANTON. [21]

PRINCE LINE

IMPROVED SERVICE

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FAST MOTOR VESSELS

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BOSTON

AND

NEW YORK

M.V. "CHINESE PRINCE" ... 19th March

M.V. "MALAYAN PRINCE" ... 14th April

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Telegrams: Furprince

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[19]



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hong Kong:

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.	To Yokohama via Shanghai and Kobe.
COMPAGNIE ... 26th Feb.	ANDRE LEBON ... 26th Feb.
ANDRE LEBON ... 12th Mar.	PORTHOS ... 12th Mar.
G. METZINGER ... 26th Mar.	CHEVONCEAUX ... 26th Mar.
PORTHOS ... 9th Apr.	ATHOS II ... 9th Apr.
CHEVONCEAUX ... 23rd Apr.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 23rd Apr.
ATHOS II ... 7th May	SPHINX ... 7th May
D'ARTAGNAN ... 21st May	X ... 21st May
SPHINX ... 4th June	

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Straits Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port-Said, or Djibouti.

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[2]

ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	Hour from Hong Kong	23rd FEBRUARY, 1929				24th FEBRUARY, 1929			
		Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind	Barometer at Sea Level	Thermometer	Humidity	Wind
Wladivostok	12	30.17	766.2	15	N	30.49	774.4	00	N
Nemuro	11	29.70	754.5	...	E	29.57	751.0	...	NW
Hokodate	...	29.57	750.0	...	WSW	29.75	755.5	...	NW
Tokio	...	29.57	759.5	...	ESE	29.92	760.0	...	N
Kochi	...	29.58	765.0	...	WSW	30.16	766.0	...	N
Nagasaki	...	30.02	765.0	...	NW	30.20	765.0	...	NW
Kagoshima	...	29.98	761.5	...	NW	30.14	765.5	...	NNE
Oshima	...	30.00	762.0	...	NNE	30.06	763.5	...	E
Naha	...	30.00	762.0	...	S	29.98	761.5	...	N
Ishigakijima	...	29.94	761.5	...	W	30.00	762.0	...	N
Bonin Island	...	30.43	772.9	30	NE	30.54	775.7	30	NE
Cheloo	15	30.08	764.1	52	NE	30.44	773.1	41	NE
Shanghai	14	30.09	764.3	47	NE	30.43	772.9	40	NE
Gutzlaff	...	29.89	759.2	53	NE	30.11	764.8	54	NE
Sharp Peak	...	29.91	759.7	62	SSE	30.07	763.8	69	ENE
Amoy	...	29.97	761.1	75	...	30.01	762.2	59	N
Swatow	...	29.97	761.1	75	...	30.07	763.8	64	NE
Taichu	...	29.99	761.7	81	...	30.04	762.9	66	NNW
Tainan	...	29.99	761.7	81	SW	30.00	762.0	64	N
Koshun	...	29.95	760.8	82	...	29.97	761.1	64	...
Pescadore	...	29.99	761.7	78	...	30.02	762.6	68	...
Hong Kong	14	29.93	760.2	70	81	...	30.01	762.2	67
Gap Rock	...	29.94	760.5	...	E	29.97	761.2	66	100
Macao	...	29.91	759.6	68	91	...	30.07	763.8	64
Hoihow	...	29.96	761.0	74	91	...	30.00	762.0	70
Pratas Island	...	29.94	760.5	78	70	...	...	...	...
Phulien	15	29.87	758.7	73	91	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.85	758.1	77	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	...	29.86	758.4	79	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	14	29.83	759.0	82	77	...	...	...	...
Aparri	...	29.85	759.1	84	74	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	29.84	757.8	93	53	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.85	758.1	86	68	WSW	29.92	759.9	73
Manila	...	29.85	758.1	93	45	SE	29.95	760.8	72
Legaspi	...	29.87	758.7	82	81	NNE	29.97	761.1	75
Calbayog	...	29.86	758.4	81	85	SSE	29.95	760.8	70
Tacloban	...	29.82	757.5	86	58	NE	29.95	760.8	73
Iloilo	...	29.86	758.4	81	84	E	29.92	759.9	75
Cebu	...	29.86	758.4	81	84	E	29.97	758.7	74
Surigao	...	29.80	756.9	...	NE	4.22	29.87	758.7	75
Saipan	12.23	29.81	757.2	...	NNE	4.0	29.88	758.4	76
Guam	11.00	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	29.84	757.9	80
Yap	...	29.81	757.2	...	...	...	29.85	758.1	77
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.81	757.2	86	93	...	...	...	...

February 24d. 11h. 13m.—The depression has deepened and is passing into the Pacific.

A strong anticyclone now covers S.E. Mongolia and China.

Strong monsoon may be expected along the S.E. coast of China and freshening monsoon over the N. China Sea.

Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.01 inch. Total since January 1st, 0.97 inches, against an average of 2.33 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON THE 25th.

District.

Forecast.

- 1.—Formosa Channel. N.E. winds strong.
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamooke. N.E. winds, freshening; generally overcast, some light rain, colder.
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock.
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan.

T. F. CLAXTON, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, Feb. 24th.

Previous On Date On Date

at 2 p.m. at 2 p.m. at 2 p.m.

Barometer ... 29.93 30.01 30.02

Temperature ... 70 67 74

Humidity ... 81 92 75

Wind ... East Calm East

Force ... 0 0 0

Weather ... OM O MO

Rain ... 0.00 0.00 0.01

Highest open-air Temperature, 23rd: 70

Lowest open-air Temperature, 24th: 66

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning;

M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

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want to know what is

happening. Send an

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Press to be sent to you.

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Street, will do the rest.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From February 25th to March 3rd, 1929.

High Water. Low Water.

Days Week Date Month Hong Kong Standard Time.

Days Week Date Month Hong Kong Standard Time.

Mon. 25 Feb. 11 13 47 m 4 50 09

Tue. 26 Feb. 11 42 40 m 5 23 13

Wed. 27 Feb. 11 48 45 m 5 24 23

Thur. 28 Feb. 0 50 51 m 5 43 24

Fri. 1 Mar. 0 59 51 m 5 46 25

Sat. 2 Mar. 1 54 44 m 6 23 26

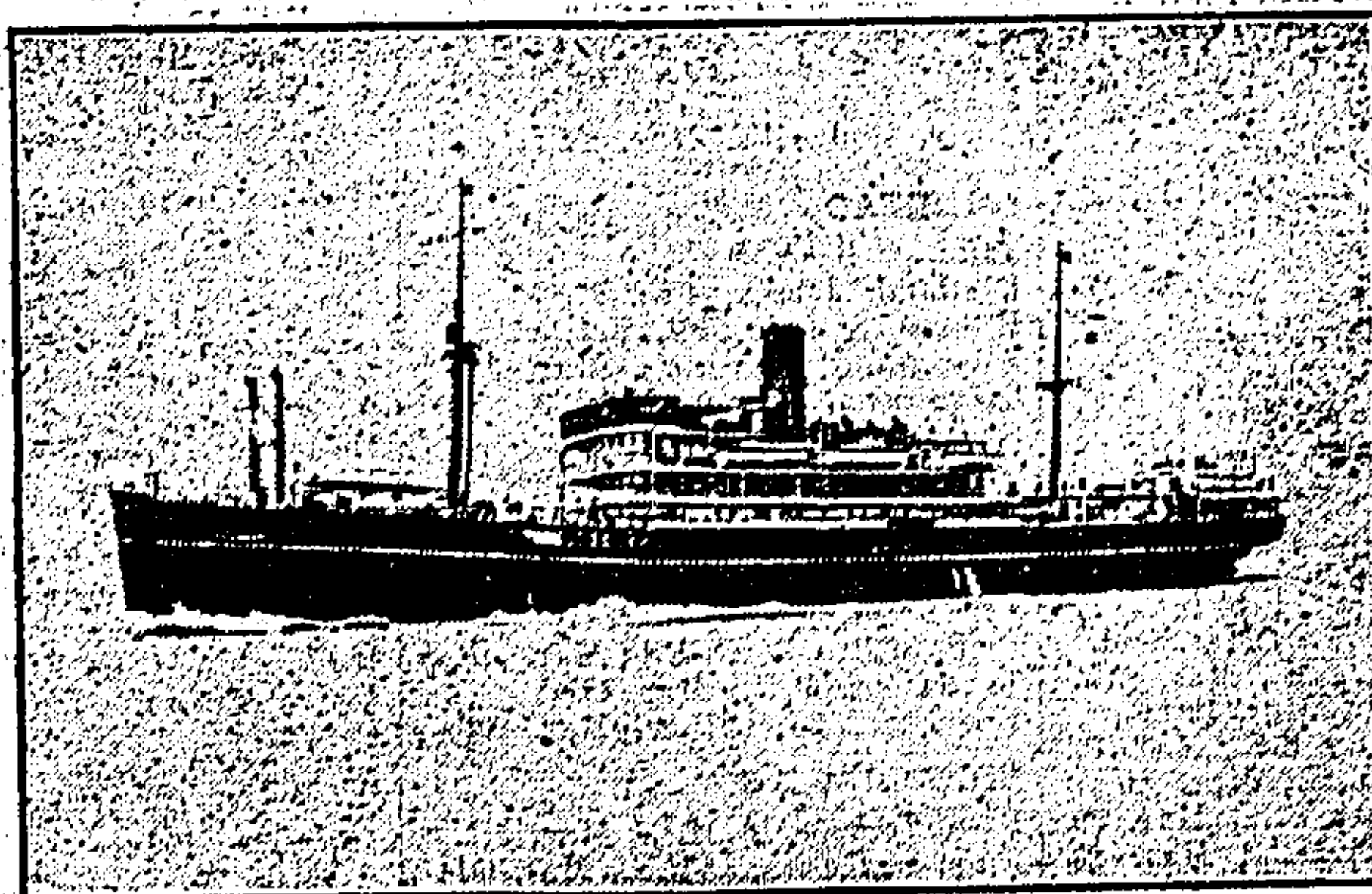
Sun. 3 Mar. 3 52 39 m 7 24 27

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R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.L.N.A., KOWLOON DOCK, HONG KONG.

INDO-CHINA STRAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU & SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"HANGSANG"	Tues. 26th Feb., at 7 a.m.
	"KWONGSANG"	Sun. 3rd Mar., at 7 a.m.
	"CHAKSANG"	Wed. 6th Mar., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via SHAL MOJI YOKOHAMA & KOBE	"KUTSANG"	Wed. 27th Feb., at 7 a.m.
KOBE via MOJI & YOKOHAMA	"SUISANG"	Fri. 8th Mar., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via MOJI & KOBE	"FOOKSANG"	Satur. 16th Mar., at 7 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"NAMSANG"	Thurs. 7th Mar., at 3 p.m.
	"HOSANG"	Satur. 16th Mar., at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"MAUSANG"	Satur. 9th Mar., at 3 p.m.
	"HYSANG"	Tues. 19th Mar., at 3 p.m.
CANTON	"KWANGSANG"	Mon. 25th Feb., at 5 p.m.

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Motor Vessel "GLENBARRY" ... 3rd April

Motor Vessel "GLENSTIEL" ... 1st May

Motor Vessel "GLENBEG" ... 29th May

To SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Motor Vessel "GLENAPP" ... 1st March

Motor Vessel "GLENSTIEL" ... 17th March

Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE" ... 1st April

Motor Vessel "GLENBEG" ... 18th April

Steamship "PENBROOKSHIRE" ... 29th April

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Freight S.S. "Lala" ... departure 23rd Feb./1st Mar.

Pass. S.S. "DERFFLINGER" ... departure 9th Mar.

Freight S.S. "Schlesien" ... departure 23rd Mar.

Pass. S.S. "SAARBUECKEN" ... departure 6th April

Freight S.S. "Dessau" ... departure 22nd April

Pass. S.S. "COBLENZ" ... departure 4th May

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11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver.

SAILINGS 1929.

Steamers	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Mar. 6	Mar. 9	Mar. 12	Mar. 14	Mar. 23
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Mar. 20	Mar. 23	Mar. 26	Mar. 28	Apr. 6
EMPEROR OF FRANCE	Apr. 10	Apr. 13	Apr. 16	Apr. 18	Apr. 27
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	May 1	May 4	May 7	May 9	May 18
EMPEROR OF ASIA	May 15	May 18	May 21	May 23	June 1
EMPEROR OF FRANCE	June 5	June 8	June 11	June 13	June 22
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	June 19	June 22	June 25	June 27	July 6
EMPEROR OF ASIA	July 13	July 16	July 19	July 21	July 30
EMPEROR OF FRANCE	July 27	July 30	Aug. 2	Aug. 4	Aug. 13
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 31	Sept. 3	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 17
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sept. 7	Sept. 10	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Sept. 24

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Mar. 8	Mar. 10	EMPEROR OF ASIA	Mar. 15
Mar. 29	Mar. 31	EMPEROR OF FRANCE	Apr. 5

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SIBERIA MARU Wednesday, 28th Mar.

TAIYO MARU Wednesday, 28th Mar.

TENYO MARU Wednesday, 28th Mar.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM,

via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

FUSHIMI MARU Saturday, 9th Mar.

HAKOZAKI MARU Saturday, 23rd Mar.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.

TANGO MARU Wednesday, 28th Mar.

AKI MARU Wednesday, 28th Mar.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

SEITO MARU Tuesday, 28th Feb.

AKITA MARU Tuesday, 5th Mar.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,

Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

BUKUYO MARU Saturday, 9th Mar.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape

Town & Ports.

KAWACHI MARU Monday, 4th Mar.

NEW YORK via PANAMA.

KAKO MARU Tuesday, 5th Mar.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa & Marseilles.

LYONS MARU Sunday, 17th Mar.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Hongkong.

PERANG MARU Saturday, 2nd Mar.

MURORAN MARU Friday, 8th Mar.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

LIMA MARU Thursday, 28th Feb.

GENOA MARU Saturday, 2nd Mar.

HARUNA MARU Monday, 4th Mar.

AWA MARU Thursday, 7th Mar.

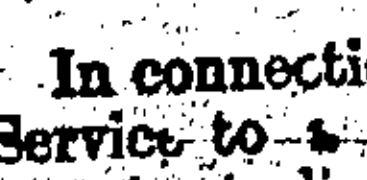
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Shipping News Week-End Statement: Waterfront News.

WEEK-END FREIGHT RETURNS.

IMPORTS 29,500 TONS.

THROUGH CARGO 30,433 TONS.

The general cargo returns for the week ending at 9 a.m. yesterday carried by incoming vessels were as follows:—

Saturday's Returns.

British	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports.
Telemachus	Saigon 2,000	—
Nanchang	Swatow	1,500
American	—	2,000—1,500
Iowa	U.S.A.	263
French	—	363—3,427
Limchow	Canton	—
Italian	—	170
Piave	Italy	113
Norwegian	—	113—3,242
Prosper	Saigon	2,380
Japanese	—	3,380—
Tohokoh Maru	Keelung	600
Korea Maru	Japan	3,423
Rangoon Maru	India	508
Suwa Maru	Japan	59
Chinese	—	4,583—8,965
Sun Kong	K.C. Wan	300
Wing Lee	Fort Bayard	300
Tak Hing	Macao	60
Total	—	9,901—18,304

Yesterday's Statement.

British	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports.
Tamaka	U.S.A.	8,703
Hydrangea	Swatow	189
Yingchow	Shanghai	350
Ninghai	Canton	—
Shantung	Shanghai	690
Antung	Amoy	—
Hang Sang	Canton	—
Wai Shing	Saigon	2,175
French	—	12,309—3,310
Paul Doumer	India	1,000
Norwegian	—	1,000—
Haukefjell	Chinwangtao	1,700
Huho	Bangkok	2,013
Japanese	—	3,713—2,000
Menado Maru	Hainan	27
Miyadano Maru	Calcutta	2,138
Nagato Maru	India	387
Chinese	—	2,572—6,829
Chin Hing	Macao	80
Total	—	19,874—12,139

(Continued on next Column).

DAILY WATERFRONT NEWS.

THE WRECK OF HSIN WAH.

A notice to Mariners states that the position of the wreck of the Hsin Wah, has now been fixed. It bears 337° from Waglan Lighthouse distant 4½ cables, last depth of water over wreck is 15 feet.

New Appointment to "Charles Hardouin."

We learn that the vacancy made by the appointment of Chief Officer A. W. Best of the s.s. Charles Hardouin as Master of the s.s. Sanning, vice Captain E. P. Smith, has been filled by Mr. Corbin who took over the duties as Chief Officer on that ship yesterday.

H.M.S. Moth Towed to Hong Kong.

The British river gunboat H.M.S. Moth was towed to Hong Kong from To Shing some 17 miles below Wuchow where she went aground. The vessel stopped overnight at Tai Hing.

Two New Arrivals.

There were two new arrivals to the port over the week-end. The Italian steamer Piave from Trieste and Singapore, and the s.s. Miyadono Maru (Japanese) from Calcutta. The s.s. Piave is owned by the Lloyd Trieste S.N. Company of Trieste, for whom Messrs. Dodwell

(Continued on next Column).

Arrivals and Departures.

The arrivals and departures during the week-end were as follows:—

DETAILS OF FREIGHTS.

Telemachus (British) arrived from Saigon with 2,000 tons of rice for Hong Kong.

Hang Sang (British) arrived from Tonkin and Swatow with 1,500 tons of cement for other ports.

Piave (Italian) arrived from Trieste and Singapore with 80,708 pieces of fire wood for Hong Kong and 3,342 pieces for other ports.

Prosper (Norwegian) arrived from Saigon with 2,380 tons of rice and meal for Hong Kong.

Tohokoh Maru (Japanese) arrived from New Westminster, Canada, and Keelung with 990 tons of salt berries.

Korea Maru (Japanese) arrived from Wakamatsu and Takaguisbi with 3,423 tons of coal for Hong Kong.

For Yesterday 9 a.m.

Tamaka (British) arrived from San Francisco with 8,703 tons of oil fuel for Hong Kong.

Ninghai (British) arrived from Canton with 100 tons of fruit for through ports.

Wai Shing (British) arrived from Saigon with 2,175 tons of meal for this port.

Paul Doumer (French) arrived from Saigon with 1,000 tons of rice for this port.

Haukefjell (Norwegian) arrived from Chinwangtao with 2,000 tons of coal and firebricks for other ports.

Miyadono Maru (Japanese) arrived from Calcutta with 2,138 tons of coal for Hong Kong.

BANK LINE LTD.

AGENTS FOR

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

"CITY OF PEKIN" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 8th March

"CITY OF KHARTOUM" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 9th April

"CITY OF DELHI" ... London, Rotterdam, Amsterdam & Hamburg ... 9th May

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE

"CITY OF DUNKIRK" 20th March

ALSO AGENTS FOR

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SERVICES TO

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"ELMBANK" via Suez Canal ... 1st March

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MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

"TINHOW" 15th April

Loading for Mauritius, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London, Algoa Bay (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Bora, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to—

Telephone: Central 4792.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

ARRIVALS.

(Continued from Page 11.)

February 24th.

Hang Sang, British str., 1,356 tons.

Capt. R. J. J. Sneddon, from Canton, lying at buoy No. B32.

Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Helios, Norwegian str., 1,112 tons.

Capt. O. S. Olsen, from Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C41—Thoresen & Co.

Kwang Sang, British str., 9,933 tons.

Capt. A. D. Kellman, from Tsingtao, Shanghai and Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at West Point Wharf—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Mirzapore, British str., 4,134 tons.

Capt. C. C. Dickenson, from Singapore, which port she left on February 17th, with 260 tons of general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf—MacKenzie & Co.

Ruth Alexander, American str., 4,983 tons.

Capt. W. O. Kohlmeier, from Shanghai, which port she left on February 20th, with 2,000 tons of general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf—Dollard S.S. Line.

Sanjin Maru, Japanese str., 1,507 tons.

Capt. Y. Andow, from Port Arthur, which port she left on February 17th, with a general cargo, lying at Yau-mat—M.B.E.

Tai Fook Sing, Chinese str., 1,408 tons.

Capt. H. Madsen, from Saigon, which port she left on February 20th, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C35—Hock Yuen Hong.

Wong Shek Kung, Chinese str., 1,044 tons.

Capt. N. Harrington, from Saigon, which port she left on February 19th, with 1,900 tons of rice, lying at buoy No. C39—Kung Chung Co.

Yunnan, British str., 1,806 tons.

Capt. R. R. from Swatow, with 900 tons of general cargo, lying at buoy No. B12—B. & S.

CLEARANCES.

February 23rd.

Anking, for Amoy.

Australian, for Shanghai.

Haukefjell, for Canton.

Hozan Maru, for Swatow.

Kronviken, for Saigon.

Kueichow, for Canton.

Kwangchow, for Swatow.

Limchow, for Hainan.

Iowa, for San Francisco.

Lushan Maru, for Swatow.

Nagato Maru, for Shanghai.

Ninghai, for Shanghai.

Piave, for Shanghai.

Sunland, for Canton.

Sunkong, for Kwang Chow Wan.

Suifu, for Shanghai.

Taima, for Amoy.

Tamaka, for San Pedro.

Tohokoh Maru, for Batu Pahat.

Wingchong, for Kwang Chow Wan.

Yatsing, for Swatow.

Yingchow, for Canton.

February 24th.

Kwang Sang, for Canton.

Co. and are the local agent. The vessel was built in 1921 at Trieste and has a net tonnage of 4,203 tons.

Captain Enrie is in command with a crew of 48. The vessel carried a heavy cargo of chemicals.

The s.s. Miyadono Maru, is a British built ship purchased by a Japanese firm. She was built in 1918 by Messrs. Craig Taylor & Co. of Stockton and is now owned by the Tatsunuma Kisen K.K. She was built as the "Argalia" and later she was renamed the "War Kestrel."

She was engaged to 517 N.H.P. by Messrs. Blair & Co., Ltd. of Stockton.

The local agents are the Osaka Shoen Kaisha—Captain T. Ishihara is in command with a Japanese crew. She carried a heavy cargo of coal from Calcutta.

P. & O., British India Apear and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FORSTRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.
PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL PORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	2nd Mar.	Marseilles and London
"KHIVA"	9,135	15th Mar.	Marseilles, London and Hull
"KHYBER"	9,114	23rd Mar.	Marseilles, London and Hull
"MALWA"	10,980	30th Mar.	Marseilles & London
"MIRZAPORE"	6,715	1st Apr.	Singapore, Colombo and Bombay
"NADDEBA"	16,088	13th Apr.	Singapore, Colombo and Bombay
"KARMALA"	9,128	20th Apr.	Marseilles and London
"MANTUA"	10,948	27th Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"NAGPORE"	8,253	4th May	Mars. L'don, A'werp, B'dm, H'bg
"KALYAN"	9,144	11th May	Marseilles, London and Hull
"MOBBA"	10,953	18th May	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"LAHORE"	8,252	1st June	Mars. L'don, A'werp, B'dm, H'bg
"KASHMIR"	8,252	8th June	Marseilles and London
"JEYPORE"	8,218	15th June	Mars. L'don, A'werp, B'dm, H'bg
"RAJPUTANA"	16,508	22nd June	Bombay, Marseilles & L'don
"KASHGAR"	9,005	6th July	Marseilles and London
"KARNATAKA"	16,601	20th July	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KHYBER"	9,114	27th Aug.	Marseilles and London
"MALWA"	10,980	17th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KARMALA"	9,128	24th Aug.	Marseilles and London
"MOBBA"	10,953	14th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"MANTUA"	10,948	21st Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"KASHMIR"	8,252	28th Oct.	Marseilles and London
"KALYAN"	9,144	8th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles and London
"MACEDONIA"	11,120	15th Nov.	Marseilles and London
"KASHGAR"	9,005	23rd Nov.	Marseilles and London

* Cargo only.

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Pireas, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"TAKADA"	6,948	27th Feb.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
"TALAMBA"	8,018	11th Mar.	do.
"TALMA"	10,000	18th Mar.	do.
"SANTHA"	7,754	11th Apr.	do.
"TILAWA"	10,008	20th Apr.	do.
"TAKLIWA"	7,938	28th Apr.	do.

B.I.—Apear Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN AND AUSTRAL

